

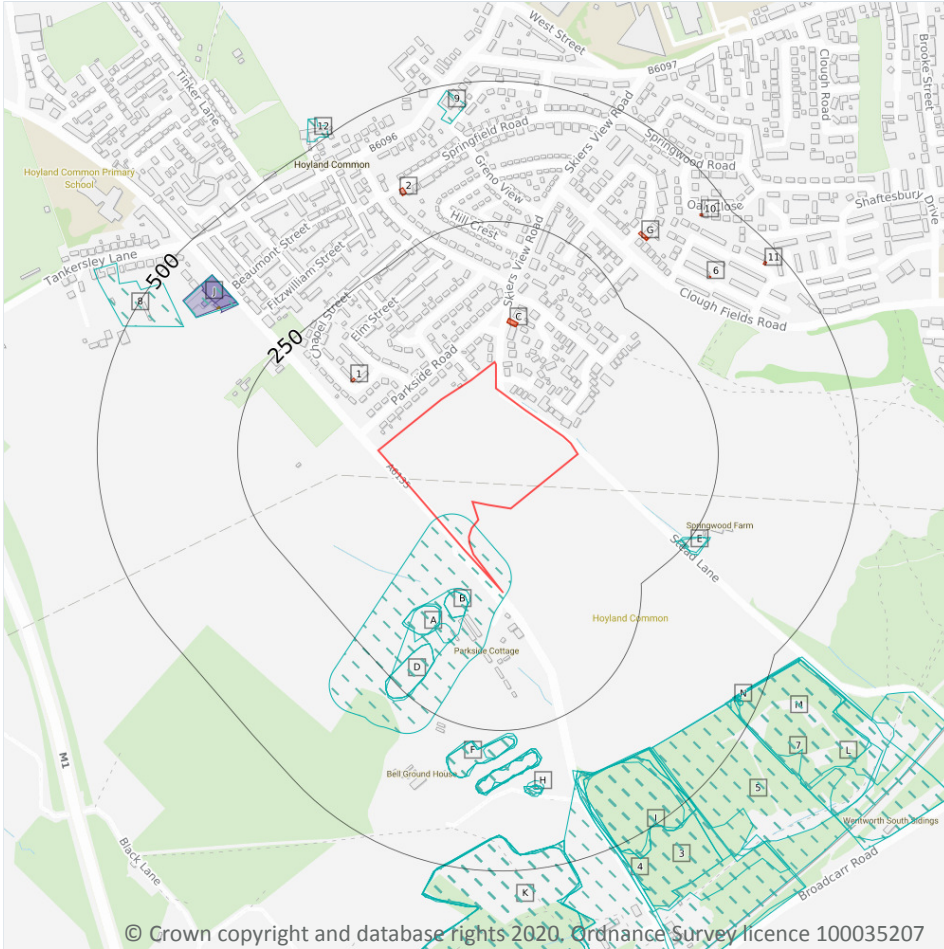
## OS MasterMap site plan



Site Area: 5.51ha



# 1 Past land use



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Historical industrial land uses
- Historical tanks
- Historical energy features
- Historical garages

## 1.1 Historical industrial land uses

**Records within 500m** **63**

Potentially contaminative land use features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at 1:10,000 and 1:10,560 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use map on **page 14**

ID	Location	Land use	Dates present	Group ID
A	On site	Opencast Mining	1951	1572172



ID	Location	Land use	Dates present	Group ID
A	46m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1948 - 1951	1691769
B	54m SW	Unspecified Heap	1891	1569089
B	54m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1903	1739481
B	54m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1938	1742910
A	100m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1938	1676592
A	104m SW	Unspecified Heap	1891	1569090
A	104m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1903	1617324
A	112m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1938	1630777
D	158m SW	Unspecified Heap	1891	1569088
D	158m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1938	1641336
D	158m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1903	1683358
E	233m SE	Unspecified Heap	1938	1666118
E	238m SE	Unspecified Heap	1948	1705348
F	255m S	Unspecified Heaps	1948 - 1951	1692598
F	260m S	Unspecified Heaps	1965 - 1991	1681494
F	261m S	Unspecified Heaps	1891	1658028
F	261m S	Unspecified Heaps	1903	1663676
F	261m S	Unspecified Heaps	1938	1729687
F	288m S	Unspecified Heaps	1951	1653247
F	288m S	Unspecified Heaps	1965 - 1991	1742259
F	288m S	Unspecified Heaps	1948	1623772
F	288m S	Unspecified Heaps	1948	1703318
F	294m S	Unspecified Heaps	1903	1670194
F	294m S	Unspecified Heaps	1891	1673767
F	294m S	Unspecified Heaps	1938	1732671
H	345m S	Unspecified Heap	1965 - 1991	1678147
3	346m S	Colliery	1891	1644531
4	350m SE	Colliery	1903	1715830



ID	Location	Land use	Dates present	Group ID
I	350m SE	Refuse Heap	1938	1651533
I	350m SE	Refuse Heap	1903	1719277
H	352m S	Unspecified Pit	1951	1609978
H	352m S	Unspecified Heap	1903	1648528
H	352m S	Unspecified Heap	1938	1744540
5	353m SE	Colliery	1965	1633319
H	353m S	Unspecified Heap	1948	1665641
I	360m SE	Refuse Heaps	1948	1696476
J	360m NW	Unspecified Depot	1977 - 1987	1504602
I	367m SE	Unspecified Heap	1980	1635561
I	367m SE	Unspecified Heap	1965	1641736
I	367m SE	Unspecified Heap	1991	1675927
I	369m SE	Unspecified Heap	1951	1723867
7	389m SE	Unspecified Disused Tip	1980 - 1991	1651482
8	410m NW	Nursery	1977 - 1987	2366457
9	431m N	Police Station	1977 - 1987	1476443
K	436m S	Refuse Heap	1903	1707261
K	436m S	Refuse Heap	1891	1736195
K	436m S	Unspecified Heaps	1938	1739270
K	438m S	Unspecified Heaps	1951	1706985
K	438m S	Unspecified Heaps	1965	1741090
K	440m S	Unspecified Heaps	1948	1727385
L	447m SE	Brick Works	1903	1620672
L	455m SE	Refuse Heap	1891	1732932
M	455m SE	Coal Pit	1938	1654278
N	459m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1938	1640751
N	459m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1903	1716457
N	462m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1951	1717464



ID	Location	Land use	Dates present	Group ID
N	463m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1948	1622446
N	463m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1948	1653466
M	465m SE	Coal Pit	1948	1704045
N	467m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1965	1658995
N	467m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1980	1717585
12	497m NW	Fire Engine Station	1951	1420985

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 1.2 Historical tanks

### Records within 500m

1

Tank features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original ungrouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use map on **page 14**

ID	Location	Land use	Dates present	Group ID
J	378m NW	Unspecified Tank	1976 - 1993	244662

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 1.3 Historical energy features

### Records within 500m

9

Energy features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original ungrouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use map on **page 14**

ID	Location	Land use	Dates present	Group ID
C	73m NE	Electricity Substation	1967 - 1996	303100



ID	Location	Land use	Dates present	Group ID
C	73m NE	Electricity Substation	1968 - 1970	136717
1	123m NW	Electricity Substation	1970 - 1993	151177
2	338m NW	Electricity Substation	1972 - 1993	138988
G	343m NE	Electricity Substation	1970	146793
G	346m NE	Electricity Substation	1996	139883
6	385m NE	Electricity Substation	1996	131146
10	448m NE	Electricity Substation	1996	131145
11	468m NE	Electricity Substation	1979 - 1995	139734

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 1.4 Historical petrol stations

<b>Records within 500m</b>	<b>0</b>
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Petrol stations digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original ungrouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 1.5 Historical garages

<b>Records within 500m</b>	<b>6</b>
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Garages digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original ungrouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use map on **page 14**

ID	Location	Land use	Dates present	Group ID
J	360m NW	Garage	1976 - 1993	46234
J	365m NW	Garage	1955	42740
J	365m NW	Garage	1972	42575

ID	Location	Land use	Dates present	Group ID
J	365m NW	Garage	1955	43739
J	377m NW	Garage	1986	43257
J	379m NW	Garage	1972	43103

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 1.6 Historical military land

**Records within 500m**

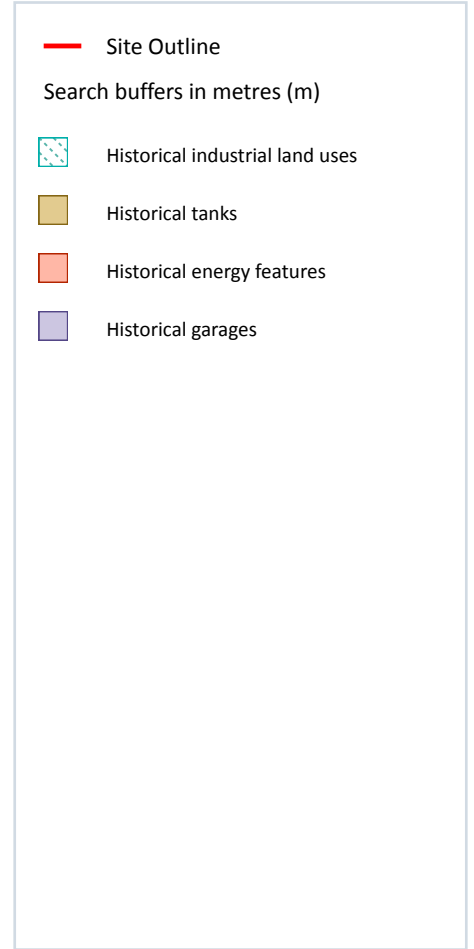
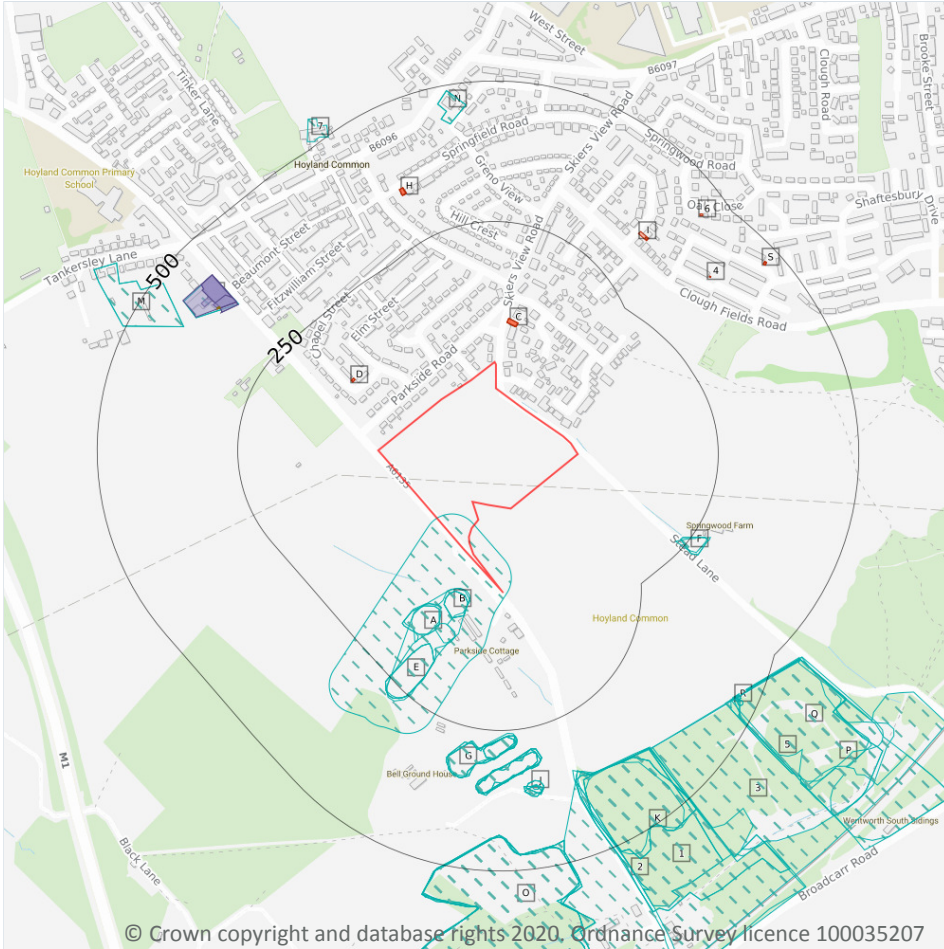
**0**

Areas of military land digitised from multiple sources including the National Archives, local records, MOD records and verified other sources, intelligently grouped into contiguous features.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure / other sources.*



## 2 Past land use - un-grouped



### 2.1 Historical industrial land uses

Records within 500m

81

Potentially contaminative land use features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at 1:10,000 and 10,560 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use - un-grouped map on **page 20**

ID	Location	Land Use	Date	Group ID
<b>A</b>	<b>On site</b>	<b>Opencast Mining</b>	<b>1951</b>	<b>1572172</b>
A	46m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1951	1691769
A	48m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1948	1691769

ID	Location	Land Use	Date	Group ID
B	54m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1938	1742910
B	54m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1903	1739481
B	54m SW	Unspecified Heap	1891	1569089
A	100m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1938	1676592
A	104m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1903	1617324
A	104m SW	Unspecified Heap	1891	1569090
A	112m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1938	1630777
E	158m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1938	1641336
E	158m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1903	1683358
E	158m SW	Unspecified Heap	1891	1569088
F	233m SE	Unspecified Heap	1938	1666118
F	238m SE	Unspecified Heap	1948	1705348
F	238m SE	Unspecified Heap	1948	1705348
G	255m S	Unspecified Heaps	1951	1692598
G	260m S	Unspecified Heaps	1948	1692598
G	260m S	Unspecified Heaps	1948	1692598
G	260m S	Unspecified Heaps	1991	1681494
G	260m S	Unspecified Heaps	1980	1681494
G	260m S	Unspecified Heaps	1965	1681494
G	261m S	Unspecified Heaps	1938	1729687
G	261m S	Unspecified Heaps	1903	1663676
G	261m S	Unspecified Heaps	1891	1658028
G	288m S	Unspecified Heaps	1991	1742259
G	288m S	Unspecified Heaps	1980	1742259
G	288m S	Unspecified Heaps	1965	1742259
G	288m S	Unspecified Heaps	1951	1653247
G	288m S	Unspecified Heaps	1948	1623772
G	288m S	Unspecified Heaps	1948	1703318



ID	Location	Land Use	Date	Group ID
G	294m S	Unspecified Heaps	1938	1732671
G	294m S	Unspecified Heaps	1903	1670194
G	294m S	Unspecified Heaps	1891	1673767
J	345m S	Unspecified Heap	1991	1678147
J	345m S	Unspecified Heap	1980	1678147
J	345m S	Unspecified Heap	1965	1678147
1	346m S	Colliery	1891	1644531
2	350m SE	Colliery	1903	1715830
K	350m SE	Refuse Heap	1938	1651533
K	350m SE	Refuse Heap	1903	1719277
J	352m S	Unspecified Pit	1951	1609978
J	352m S	Unspecified Heap	1938	1744540
J	352m S	Unspecified Heap	1903	1648528
3	353m SE	Colliery	1965	1633319
J	353m S	Unspecified Heap	1948	1665641
J	353m S	Unspecified Heap	1948	1665641
K	360m SE	Refuse Heaps	1948	1696476
K	360m SE	Refuse Heaps	1948	1696476
L	360m NW	Unspecified Depot	1977	1504602
L	360m NW	Unspecified Depot	1987	1504602
K	367m SE	Unspecified Heap	1991	1675927
K	367m SE	Unspecified Heap	1980	1635561
K	367m SE	Unspecified Heap	1965	1641736
K	369m SE	Unspecified Heap	1951	1723867
5	389m SE	Unspecified Disused Tip	1991	1651482
M	410m NW	Nursery	1977	2366457
M	410m NW	Nursery	1987	2366457
N	431m N	Police Station	1977	1476443



ID	Location	Land Use	Date	Group ID
N	431m N	Police Station	1987	1476443
O	436m S	Unspecified Heaps	1938	1739270
O	436m S	Refuse Heap	1903	1707261
O	436m S	Refuse Heap	1891	1736195
O	438m S	Unspecified Heaps	1965	1741090
O	438m S	Unspecified Heaps	1951	1706985
O	440m S	Unspecified Heaps	1948	1727385
O	440m S	Unspecified Heaps	1948	1727385
P	447m SE	Brick Works	1903	1620672
Q	453m SE	Unspecified Disused Tip	1980	1651482
P	455m SE	Refuse Heap	1891	1732932
Q	455m SE	Coal Pit	1938	1654278
R	459m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1938	1640751
R	459m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1903	1716457
R	462m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1951	1717464
R	463m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1948	1653466
R	463m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1948	1622446
Q	465m SE	Coal Pit	1948	1704045
Q	465m SE	Coal Pit	1948	1704045
R	467m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1980	1717585
R	467m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1965	1658995
7	497m NW	Fire Engine Station	1951	1420985

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 2.2 Historical tanks

### Records within 500m

**3**

Tank features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.



Features are displayed on the Past land use - un-grouped map on **page 20**

ID	Location	Land Use	Date	Group ID
L	378m NW	Unspecified Tank	1976	244662
L	378m NW	Unspecified Tank	1993	244662
L	379m NW	Unspecified Tank	1986	244662

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 2.3 Historical energy features

**Records within 500m**

**17**

Energy features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use - un-grouped map on **page 20**

ID	Location	Land Use	Date	Group ID
C	73m NE	Electricity Substation	1967	303100
C	73m NE	Electricity Substation	1996	303100
C	73m NE	Electricity Substation	1968	136717
C	73m NE	Electricity Substation	1970	136717
D	123m NW	Electricity Substation	1970	151177
D	123m NW	Electricity Substation	1993	151177
H	338m NW	Electricity Substation	1972	138988
H	339m NW	Electricity Substation	1976	138988
H	339m NW	Electricity Substation	1993	138988
H	339m NW	Electricity Substation	1986	138988
I	343m NE	Electricity Substation	1970	146793
I	346m NE	Electricity Substation	1996	139883
4	385m NE	Electricity Substation	1996	131146
6	448m NE	Electricity Substation	1996	131145
S	468m NE	Electricity Substation	1979	139734
S	468m NE	Electricity Substation	1995	139734



ID	Location	Land Use	Date	Group ID
S	468m NE	Electricity Substation	1995	139734

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 2.4 Historical petrol stations

<b>Records within 500m</b>	<b>0</b>
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Petrol stations digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 2.5 Historical garages

<b>Records within 500m</b>	<b>7</b>
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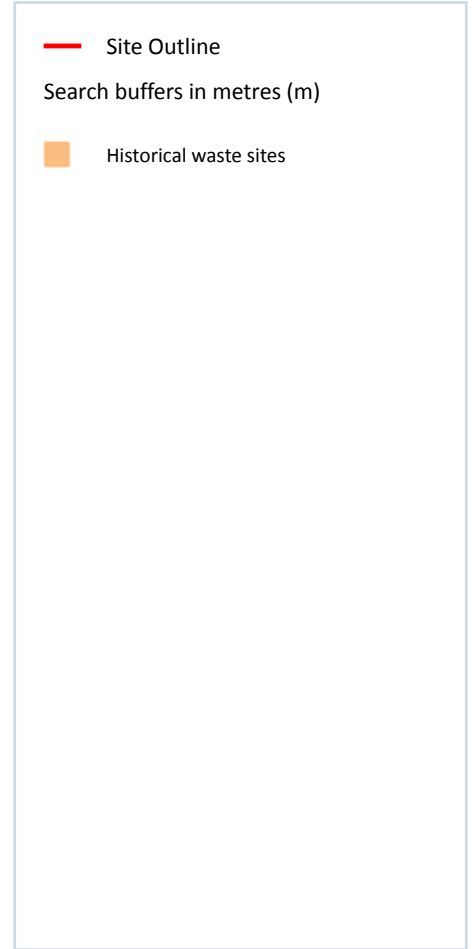
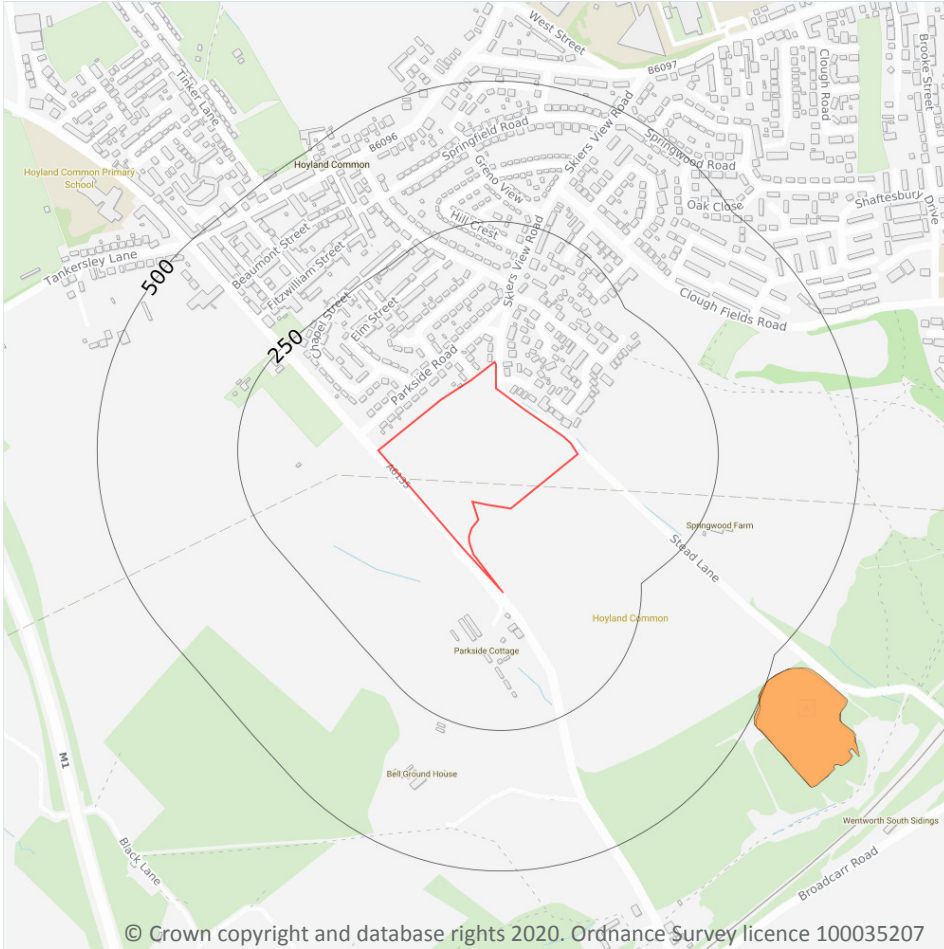
Garages digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use - un-grouped map on **page 20**

ID	Location	Land Use	Date	Group ID
L	360m NW	Garage	1976	46234
L	360m NW	Garage	1993	46234
L	365m NW	Garage	1955	42740
L	365m NW	Garage	1972	42575
L	365m NW	Garage	1955	43739
L	377m NW	Garage	1986	43257
L	379m NW	Garage	1972	43103

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 3 Waste and landfill



### 3.1 Active or recent landfill

Records within 500m

0

Active or recently closed landfill sites under Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales regulation.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

### 3.2 Historical landfill (BGS records)

Records within 500m

0

Landfill sites identified on a survey carried out on behalf of the DoE in 1973. These sites may have been closed or operational at this time.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

### 3.3 Historical landfill (LA/mapping records)

Records within 500m

0

Landfill sites identified from Local Authority records and high detail historical mapping.

*This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey/Groundsure and Local Authority records.*

### 3.4 Historical landfill (EA/NRW records)

Records within 500m

0

Known historical (closed) landfill sites (e.g. sites where there is no PPC permit or waste management licence currently in force). This includes sites that existed before the waste licensing regime and sites that have been licensed in the past but where a licence has been revoked, ceased to exist or surrendered and a certificate of completion has been issued.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

### 3.5 Historical waste sites

Records within 500m

3

Waste site records derived from Local Authority planning records and high detail historical mapping.

Features are displayed on the Waste and landfill map on **page 26**

ID	Location	Address	Further Details	Date
A	495m E	Site Address: N/A	Type of Site: Ground Workings and Refuse Heap Planning application reference: N/A Description: N/A Data source: Historic Mapping Data Type: Polygon	1978
A	495m E	Site Address: N/A	Type of Site: Ground Workings and Refuse Heap Planning application reference: N/A Description: N/A Data source: Historic Mapping Data Type: Polygon	1978
A	496m E	Site Address: N/A	Type of Site: Ground Workings and Refuse Heap Planning application reference: N/A Description: N/A Data source: Historic Mapping Data Type: Polygon	1956

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure and Local Authority records.*

### 3.6 Licensed waste sites

Records within 500m

0

Active or recently closed waste sites under Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales regulation.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

### 3.7 Waste exemptions

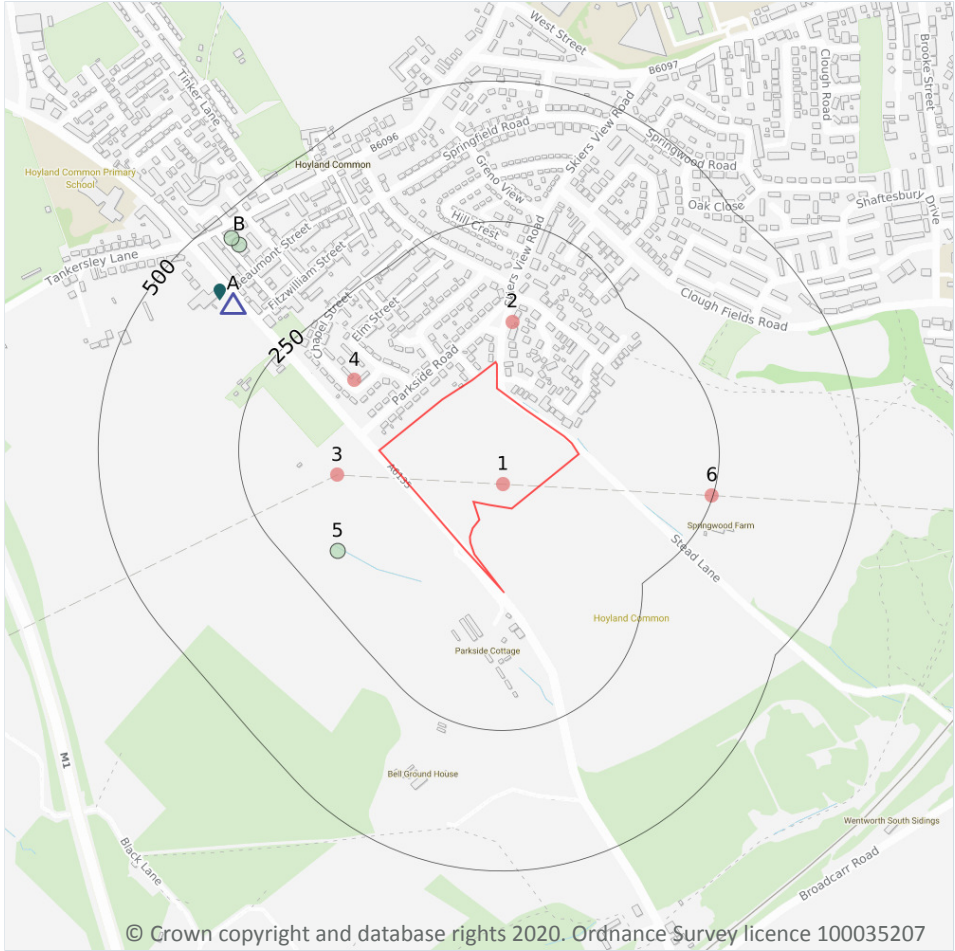
Records within 500m

0

Activities involving the storage, treatment, use or disposal of waste that are exempt from needing a permit. Exemptions have specific limits and conditions that must be adhered to.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 4 Current industrial land use



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Recent industrial land uses
- ▲ Current or recent petrol stations
- ◆ Licensed pollutant release (Part A(2)/B)
- Pollution Incidents (EA/NRW)

### 4.1 Recent industrial land uses

**Records within 250m** 5

Current potentially contaminative industrial sites.

Features are displayed on the Current industrial land use map on **page 29**

ID	Location	Company	Address	Activity	Category
1	On site	Pylon	South Yorkshire, S74	Electrical Features	Infrastructure and Facilities
2	78m N	Electricity Sub Station	South Yorkshire, S74	Electrical Features	Infrastructure and Facilities
3	87m SW	Pylon	South Yorkshire, S74	Electrical Features	Infrastructure and Facilities

ID	Location	Company	Address	Activity	Category
4	125m NW	Electricity Sub Station	South Yorkshire, S74	Electrical Features	Infrastructure and Facilities
6	248m E	Pylon	South Yorkshire, S74	Electrical Features	Infrastructure and Facilities

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey.*

## 4.2 Current or recent petrol stations

**Records within 500m**

**1**

Open, closed, under development and obsolete petrol stations.

Features are displayed on the Current industrial land use map on **page 29**

ID	Location	Company	Address	LPG	Status
A	369m NW	SHELL	Sheffield Road, Hoyland Common, Barnsley, South Yorkshire, S74 0DP	No	Open

*This data is sourced from Experian.*

## 4.3 Electricity cables

**Records within 500m**

**0**

High voltage underground electricity transmission cables.

*This data is sourced from National Grid.*

## 4.4 Gas pipelines

**Records within 500m**

**0**

High pressure underground gas transmission pipelines.

*This data is sourced from National Grid.*

## 4.5 Sites determined as Contaminated Land

**Records within 500m**

**0**

Contaminated Land Register of sites designated under Part 2a of the Environmental Protection Act 1990.

*This data is sourced from Local Authority records.*



## 4.6 Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH)

Records within 500m

0

Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH) sites. This data includes upper and lower tier sites, and includes a historical archive of COMAH sites and Notification of Installations Handling Hazardous Substances (NIHHS) records.

*This data is sourced from the Health and Safety Executive.*

## 4.7 Regulated explosive sites

Records within 500m

0

Sites registered and licensed by the Health and Safety Executive under the Manufacture and Storage of Explosives Regulations 2005 (MSER). The last update to this data was in April 2011.

*This data is sourced from the Health and Safety Executive.*

## 4.8 Hazardous substance storage/usage

Records within 500m

0

Consents granted for a site to hold certain quantities of hazardous substances at or above defined limits in accordance with the Planning (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2015.

*This data is sourced from Local Authority records.*

## 4.9 Historical licensed industrial activities (IPC)

Records within 500m

0

Integrated Pollution Control (IPC) records of substance releases to air, land and water. This data represents a historical archive as the IPC regime has been superseded.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 4.10 Licensed industrial activities (Part A(1))

Records within 500m

0

Records of Part A(1) installations regulated under the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 for the release of substances to the environment.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



#### 4.11 Licensed pollutant release (Part A(2)/B)

<b>Records within 500m</b>	<b>1</b>
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Records of Part A(2) and Part B installations regulated under the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 for the release of substances to the environment.

Features are displayed on the Current industrial land use map on **page 29**

ID	Location	Address	Details	
A	401m NW	Mr A Mitha Hoyland Common SS, Sheffield Road, Hoyland Common, Barnsley, S74 0DP	Process: Unloading of Petrol into Storage at Service Stations Status: Current Permit Permit Type: Part B	Enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Date of enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Comment: No Enforcement Notified

*This data is sourced from Local Authority records.*

#### 4.12 Radioactive Substance Authorisations

<b>Records within 500m</b>	<b>0</b>
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Records of the storage, use, accumulation and disposal of radioactive substances regulated under the Radioactive Substances Act 1993.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

#### 4.13 Licensed Discharges to controlled waters

<b>Records within 500m</b>	<b>0</b>
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Discharges of treated or untreated effluent to controlled waters under the Water Resources Act 1991.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

#### 4.14 Pollutant release to surface waters (Red List)

<b>Records within 500m</b>	<b>0</b>
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Discharges of specified substances under the Environmental Protection (Prescribed Processes and Substances) Regulations 1991.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

#### 4.15 Pollutant release to public sewer

**Records within 500m** **0**

Discharges of Special Category Effluents to the public sewer.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

#### 4.16 List 1 Dangerous Substances

**Records within 500m** **0**

Discharges of substances identified on List I of European Directive E 2006/11/EC, and regulated under the Environmental Damage (Prevention and Remediation) Regulations 2015.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

#### 4.17 List 2 Dangerous Substances

**Records within 500m** **0**

Discharges of substances identified on List II of European Directive E 2006/11/EC, and regulated under the Environmental Damage (Prevention and Remediation) Regulations 2015.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

#### 4.18 Pollution Incidents (EA/NRW)

**Records within 500m** **3**

Records of substantiated pollution incidents. Since 2006 this data has only included category 1 (major) and 2 (significant) pollution incidents.

Features are displayed on the Current industrial land use map on **page 29**

ID	Location	Details	
5	173m SW	Incident Date: 07/07/2003 Incident Identification: 171550 Pollutant: Oils and Fuel Pollutant Description: Unidentified Oil	Water Impact: Category 3 (Minor) Land Impact: Category 3 (Minor) Air Impact: Category 4 (No Impact)
B	441m NW	Incident Date: 20/01/2003 Incident Identification: 132102 Pollutant: Specific Waste Materials Pollutant Description: Household Waste	Water Impact: Category 4 (No Impact) Land Impact: Category 3 (Minor) Air Impact: Category 4 (No Impact)

ID	Location	Details	
B	459m NW	Incident Date: 09/09/2003 Incident Identification: 188758 Pollutant: Specific Waste Materials Pollutant Description: Asbestos	Water Impact: Category 4 (No Impact) Land Impact: Category 3 (Minor) Air Impact: Category 4 (No Impact)

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

#### 4.19 Pollution inventory substances

<b>Records within 500m</b>	<b>0</b>
----------------------------	----------

The pollution inventory (substances) includes reporting on annual emissions of certain regulated substances to air, controlled waters and land. A reporting threshold for each substance is also included. Where emissions fall below the reporting threshold, no value will be given. The data is given for the most recent complete year available.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency.*

#### 4.20 Pollution inventory waste transfers

<b>Records within 500m</b>	<b>0</b>
----------------------------	----------

The pollution inventory (waste transfers) includes reporting on annual transfers and recovery/disposal of controlled wastes from a site. A reporting threshold for each waste type is also included. Where releases fall below the reporting threshold, no value will be given. The data is given for the most recent complete year available.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency.*

#### 4.21 Pollution inventory radioactive waste

<b>Records within 500m</b>	<b>0</b>
----------------------------	----------

The pollution inventory (radioactive wastes) includes reporting on annual releases of radioactive substances from a site, including the means of release. Where releases fall below the reporting threshold, no value will be given. The data is given for the most recent complete year available.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency.*

## 5 Hydrogeology - Superficial aquifer

### 5.1 Superficial aquifer

Records within 500m

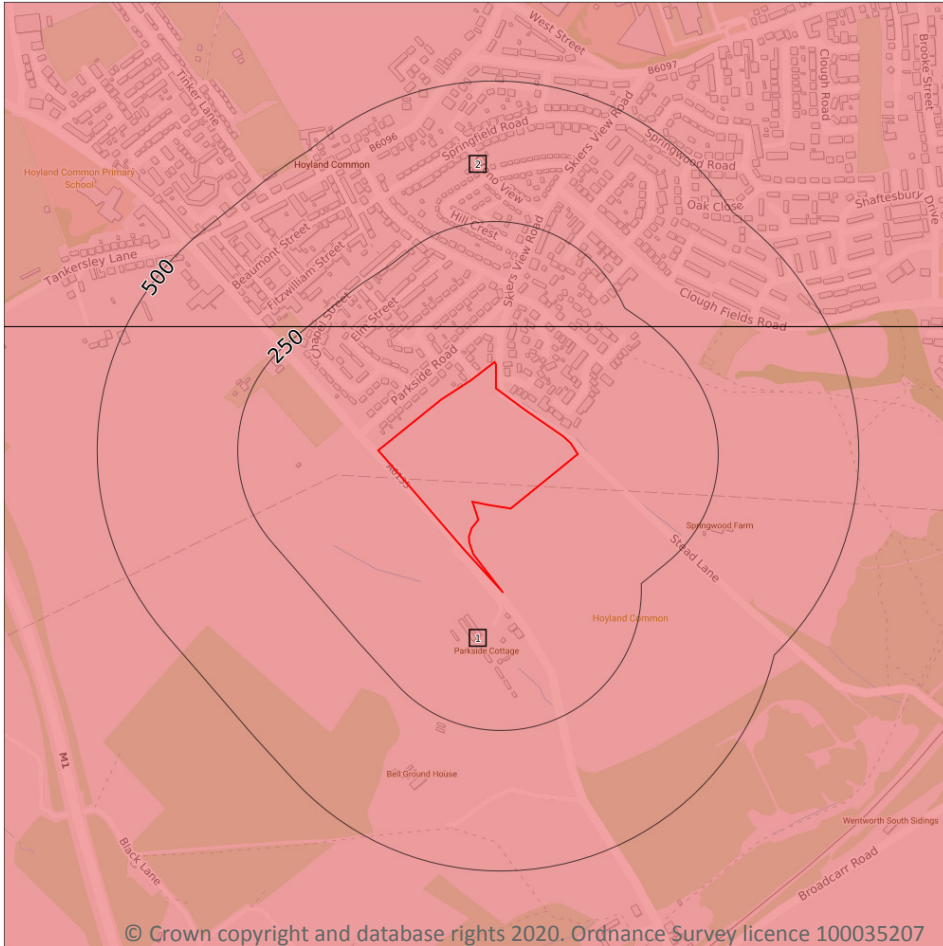
0

Aquifer status of groundwater held within superficial geology.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey, the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## Bedrock aquifer



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Principal
- Secondary A
- Secondary B
- Secondary Undifferentiated
- Unproductive

### 5.2 Bedrock aquifer

Records within 500m

2

Aquifer status of groundwater held within bedrock geology.

Features are displayed on the Bedrock aquifer map on **page 36**

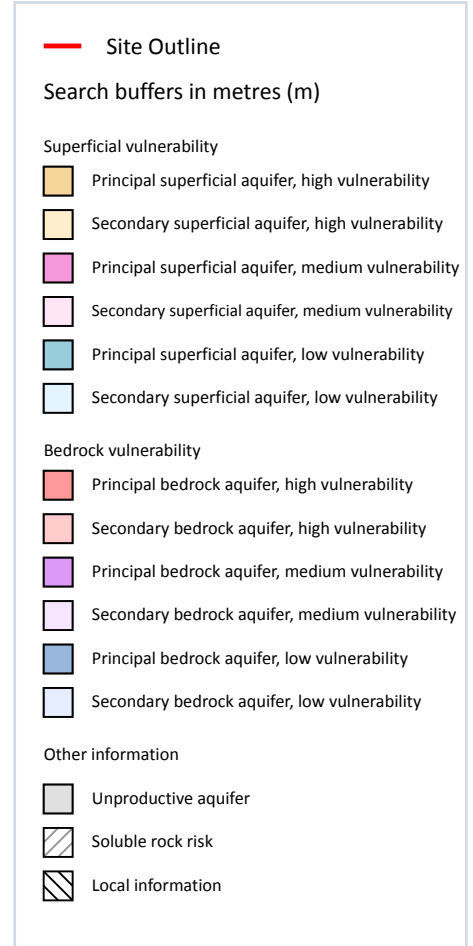
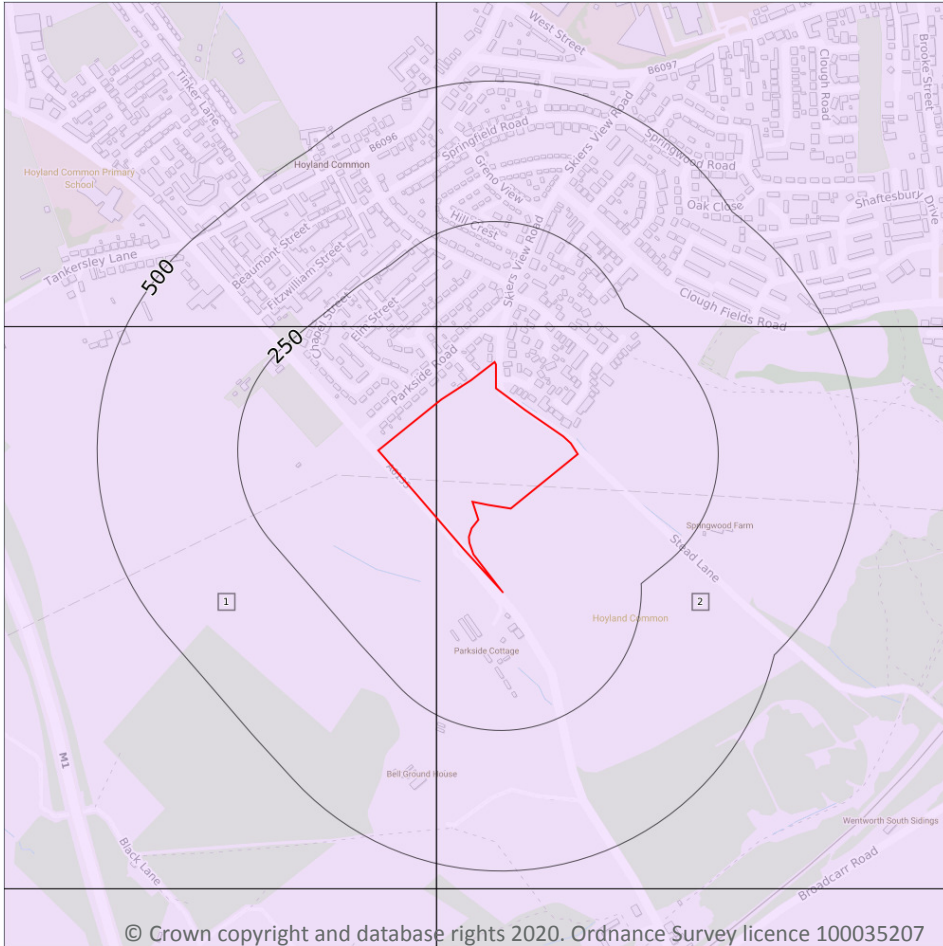
ID	Location	Designation	Description
1	On site	Secondary A	<b>Permeable layers capable of supporting water supplies at a local rather than strategic scale, and in some cases forming an important source of base flow to rivers. These are generally aquifers formerly classified as minor aquifers</b>
2	63m N	Secondary A	Permeable layers capable of supporting water supplies at a local rather than strategic scale, and in some cases forming an important source of base flow to rivers. These are generally aquifers formerly classified as minor aquifers



*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey, the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## Groundwater vulnerability



### 5.3 Groundwater vulnerability

Records within 50m

2

An assessment of the vulnerability of groundwater to a pollutant discharged at ground level based on the hydrological, geological, hydrogeological and soil properties within a one kilometre square grid. Groundwater vulnerability is described as High, Medium or Low as follows:

- High - Areas able to easily transmit pollution to groundwater. They are likely to be characterised by high leaching soils and the absence of low permeability superficial deposits.
- Medium - Intermediate between high and low vulnerability.
- Low - Areas that provide the greatest protection from pollution. They are likely to be characterised by low leaching soils and/or the presence of superficial deposits characterised by a low permeability.

Features are displayed on the Groundwater vulnerability map on **page 38**

ID	Location	Summary	Soil / surface	Superficial geology	Bedrock geology
1	On site	<b>Summary Classification:</b> Secondary bedrock aquifer - Medium Vulnerability <b>Combined classification:</b> Productive Bedrock Aquifer, No Superficial Aquifer	<b>Leaching class:</b> Low <b>Infiltration value:</b> <40% <b>Dilution value:</b> 300- 550mm/year	<b>Vulnerability:</b> - <b>Aquifer type:</b> - <b>Thickness:</b> <3m <b>Patchiness value:</b> <90% <b>Recharge potential:</b> No Data	<b>Vulnerability:</b> Medium <b>Aquifer type:</b> Secondary <b>Flow mechanism:</b> Well connected fractures
2	On site	<b>Summary Classification:</b> Secondary bedrock aquifer - Medium Vulnerability <b>Combined classification:</b> Productive Bedrock Aquifer, No Superficial Aquifer	<b>Leaching class:</b> Low <b>Infiltration value:</b> <40% <b>Dilution value:</b> 300- 550mm/year	<b>Vulnerability:</b> - <b>Aquifer type:</b> - <b>Thickness:</b> <3m <b>Patchiness value:</b> <90% <b>Recharge potential:</b> No Data	<b>Vulnerability:</b> Medium <b>Aquifer type:</b> Secondary <b>Flow mechanism:</b> Well connected fractures

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey, the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 5.4 Groundwater vulnerability- soluble rock risk

Records on site

0

This dataset identifies areas where solution features that enable rapid movement of a pollutant may be present within a 1km grid square.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and the Environment Agency.*

## 5.5 Groundwater vulnerability- local information

Records on site

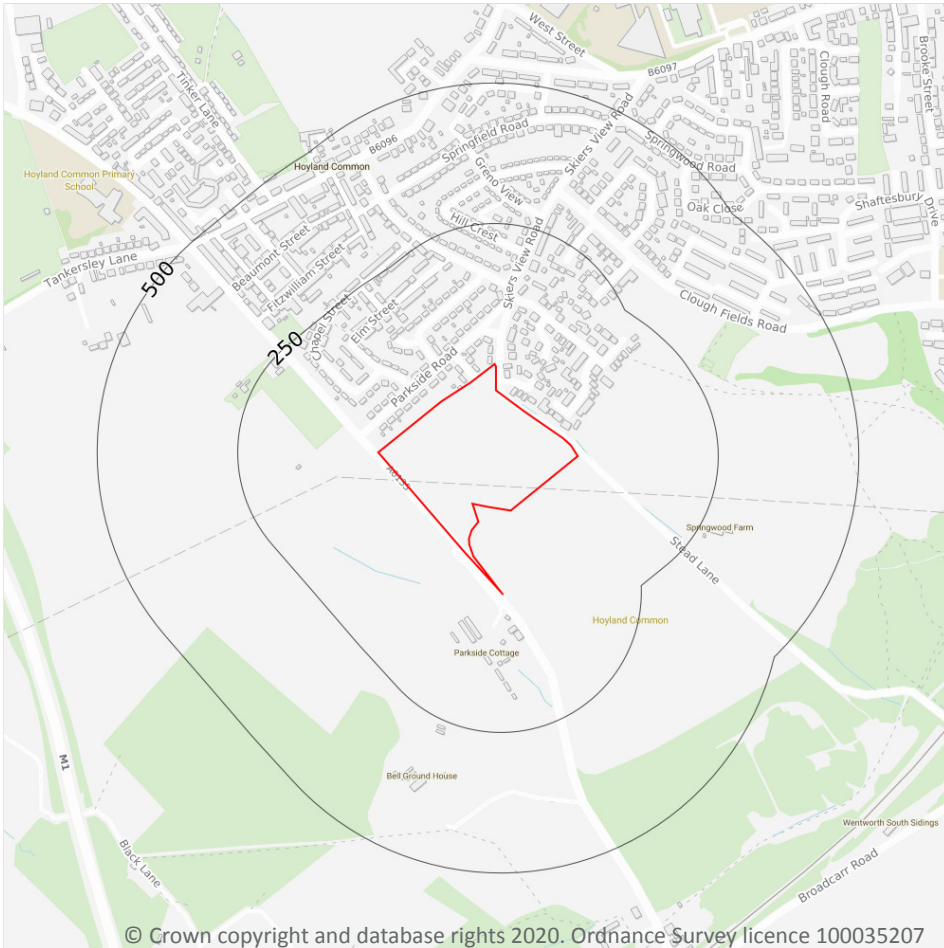
0

This dataset identifies areas where additional local information affecting vulnerability is held by the Environment Agency. Further information can be obtained by contacting the Environment Agency local Area groundwater team through the Environment Agency National Customer Call Centre on 03798 506 506 or by email on enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and the Environment Agency.*



## Abstractions and Source Protection Zones



### 5.6 Groundwater abstractions

Records within 2000m

4

Licensed groundwater abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, between two points (line data) or a larger area.

Features are displayed on the Abstractions and Source Protection Zones map on **page 40**

ID	Location	Details	
-	929m SW	Status: Historical Licence No: 2/27/06/043 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: GROUNDWATERS Point: BOREHOLE - SHAFT - COAL MEASURES - HIGH GREEN SHEFFIELD Data Type: Point Name: TANKERSLEY PARK GOLF CLUB Easting: 435700 Northing: 398700	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): - Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 17/03/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 101 Version Start Date: 24/10/2000 Version End Date: -
-	929m SW	Status: Historical Licence No: 2/27/06/043 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: GROUNDWATERS Point: BOREHOLE-SHAFT-COAL MEASURES-HIGH GREEN-SHEFFIELD Data Type: Point Name: TANKERSLEY PARK GOLF CLUB Easting: 435700 Northing: 398700	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 8200 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 226 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 17/03/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 102 Version Start Date: 09/02/2004 Version End Date: -
-	1006m SW	Status: Active Licence No: 2/27/06/043 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: GROUNDWATERS Point: BOREHOLE-SHAFT COAL MEASURES-HIGH GREEN Data Type: Point Name: TANKERSLEY PARK GOLF CLUB Easting: 435576 Northing: 398681	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 8,200 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 216.91 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 17/03/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 103 Version Start Date: 01/04/2017 Version End Date: -
-	1010m SW	Status: Historical Licence No: 2/27/06/043 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: GROUNDWATERS Point: BOREHOLE-SHAFT COAL MEASURES-HIGH GREEN Data Type: Point Name: TANKERSLEY PARK GOLF CLUB Easting: 435570 Northing: 398680	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 8200 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 226 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 17/03/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 102 Version Start Date: 09/02/2004 Version End Date: -

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## 5.7 Surface water abstractions

<b>Records within 2000m</b>	<b>0</b>
-----------------------------	----------

Licensed surface water abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, a stretch of watercourse or a larger area.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 5.8 Potable abstractions

<b>Records within 2000m</b>	<b>0</b>
-----------------------------	----------

Licensed potable water abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, a stretch of watercourse or a larger area.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 5.9 Source Protection Zones

<b>Records within 500m</b>	<b>0</b>
----------------------------	----------

Source Protection Zones define the sensitivity of an area around a potable abstraction site to contamination.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

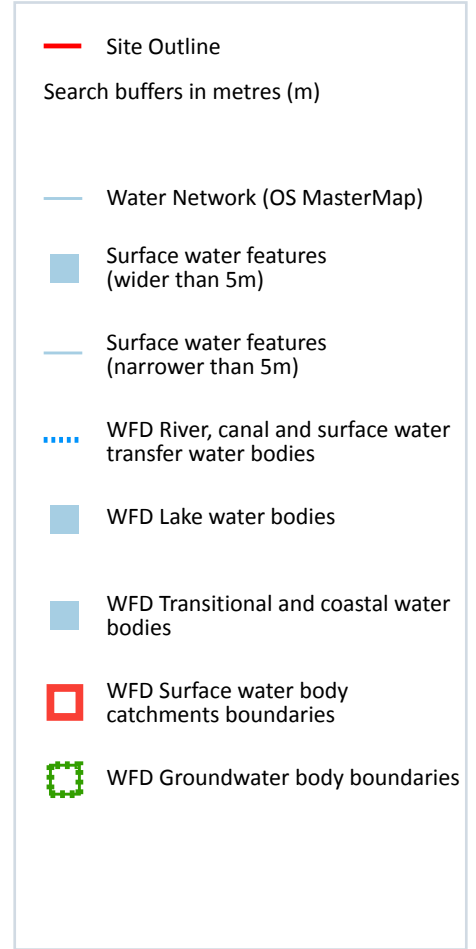
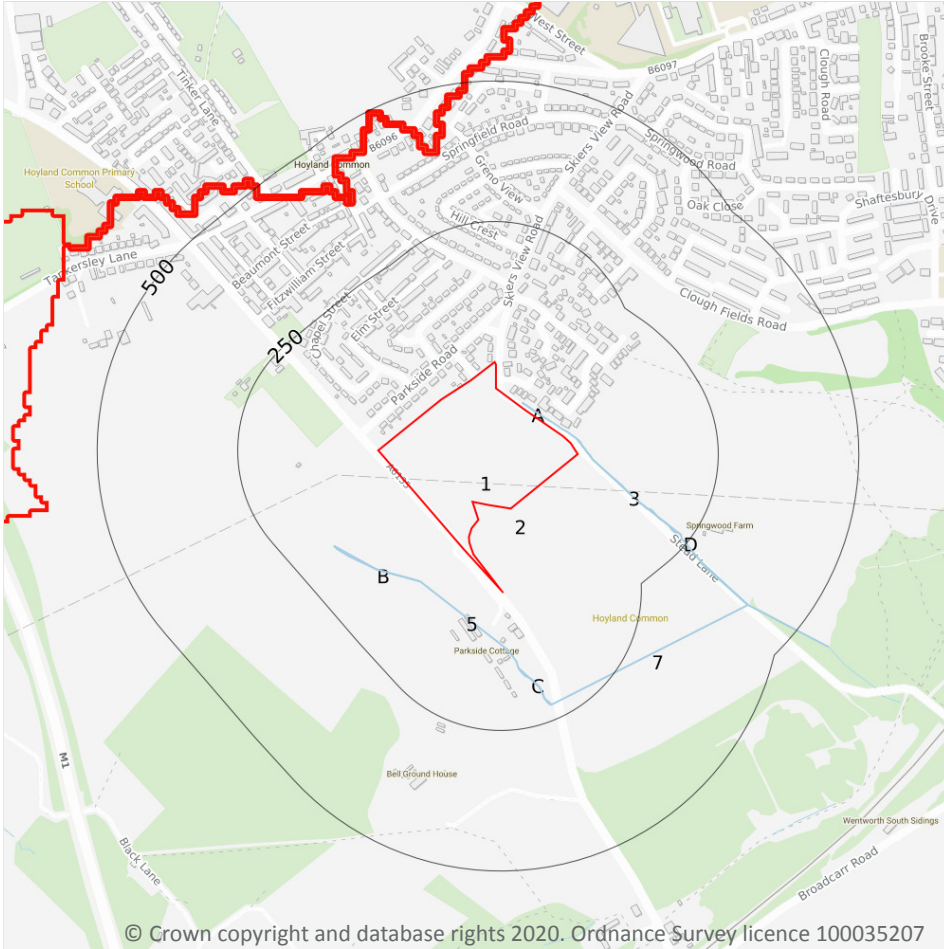
## 5.10 Source Protection Zones (confined aquifer)

<b>Records within 500m</b>	<b>0</b>
----------------------------	----------

Source Protection Zones in the confined aquifer define the sensitivity around a deep groundwater abstraction to contamination. A confined aquifer would normally be protected from contamination by overlying geology and is only considered a sensitive resource if deep excavation/drilling is taking place.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 6 Hydrology



### 6.1 Water Network (OS MasterMap)

Records within 250m

11

Detailed water network of Great Britain showing the flow and precise central course of every river, stream, lake and canal.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on **page 43**

ID	Location	Type of water feature	Ground level	Permanence	Name
A	7m NE	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-

ID	Location	Type of water feature	Ground level	Permanence	Name
A	8m NE	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	Underground	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
A	9m NE	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
A	9m NE	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	Underground	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
3	13m NE	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
5	76m SW	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	Not provided	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
B	96m SW	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
C	107m S	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
7	222m SE	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
D	233m SE	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	Underground	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
D	238m SE	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	Not provided	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-

*This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.*

## 6.2 Surface water features

**Records within 250m**

**5**

Covering rivers, streams and lakes (some overlap with OS MasterMap Water Network data in previous section) but additionally covers smaller features such as ponds. Rivers and streams narrower than 5m are represented as a single line. Lakes, ponds and rivers or streams wider than 5m are represented as polygons.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on **page 43**



This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.

### 6.3 WFD Surface water body catchments

**Records on site**

**1**

The Water Framework Directive is an EU-led framework for the protection of inland surface waters, estuaries, coastal waters and groundwater through river basin-level management planning. In terms of surface water, these basins are broken down into smaller units known as management, operational and water body catchments.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on **page 43**

ID	Location	Type	Water body catchment	Water body ID	Operational catchment	Management catchment
2	On site	River WB catchment	Knoll Beck from Source to River Dearne	GB104027057470	Dearne	Don and Rother

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

### 6.4 WFD Surface water bodies

**Records identified**

**1**

Surface water bodies under the Directive may be rivers, lakes, estuary or coastal. To achieve the purpose of the Directive, environmental objectives have been set and are reported on for each water body. The progress towards delivery of the objectives is then reported on by the relevant competent authorities at the end of each six-year cycle. The river water body directly associated with the catchment listed in the previous section is detailed below, along with any lake, canal, coastal or artificial water body within 250m of the site. Click on the water body ID in the table to visit the EA Catchment Explorer to find out more about each water body listed.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on **page 43**

ID	Location	Type	Name	Water body ID	Overall rating	Chemical rating	Ecological rating	Year
-	2109m E	River	Knoll Beck from Source to River Dearne	<a href="#">GB104027057470</a>	Moderate	Good	Moderate	2016

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



## 6.5 WFD Groundwater bodies

<b>Records on site</b>	<b>1</b>
------------------------	----------

Groundwater bodies are also covered by the Directive and the same regime of objectives and reporting detailed in the previous section is in place. Click on the water body ID in the table to visit the EA Catchment Explorer to find out more about each groundwater body listed.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on **page 43**

ID	Location	Name	Water body ID	Overall rating	Chemical rating	Quantitative	Year
1	On site	Don & Rother Millstone grit & Coal Measures	<a href="#"><u>GB40402G992300</u></a>	Poor	Poor	Good	2015

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 7 River and coastal flooding

### 7.1 Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea (RoFRaS)

Records within 50m

0

The chance of flooding from rivers and/or the sea in any given year, based on cells of 50m. Each cell is allocated one of four flood risk categories, taking into account flood defences and their condition; Very low (less than 1 in 1000 chance in any given year), Low (less than 1 in 100 but greater than or equal to 1 in 1000 chance), Medium (less than 1 in 30 but greater than or equal to 1 in 100 chance) or High (greater than or equal to 1 in 30 chance).

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

### 7.2 Historical Flood Events

Records within 250m

0

Records of historic flooding from rivers, the sea, groundwater and surface water. Records began in 1946 when predecessor bodies started collecting detailed information about flooding incidents, although limited details may be included on flooding incidents prior to this date. Takes into account the presence of defences, structures, and other infrastructure where they existed at the time of flooding, and includes flood extents that may have been affected by overtopping, breaches or blockages.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

### 7.3 Flood Defences

Records within 250m

0

Records of flood defences owned, managed or inspected by the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales. Flood defences can be structures, buildings or parts of buildings. Typically these are earth banks, stone and concrete walls, or sheet-piling that is used to prevent or control the extent of flooding.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

### 7.4 Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences

Records within 250m

0

Areas that would benefit from the presence of flood defences in a 1 in 100 (1%) chance of flooding each year from rivers or 1 in 200 (0.5%) chance of flooding each year from the sea.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## 7.5 Flood Storage Areas

Records within 250m

0

Areas that act as a balancing reservoir, storage basin or balancing pond to attenuate an incoming flood peak to a flow level that can be accepted by the downstream channel or to delay the timing of a flood peak so that its volume is discharged over a longer period.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## River and coastal flooding - Flood Zones

### 7.6 Flood Zone 2

Records within 50m

0

Areas of land at risk of flooding, when the presence of flood defences are ignored. Covering land between Flood Zone 3 (see next section) and the extent of the flooding from rivers or the sea with a 1 in 1000 (0.1%) chance of flooding each year.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

### 7.7 Flood Zone 3

Records within 50m

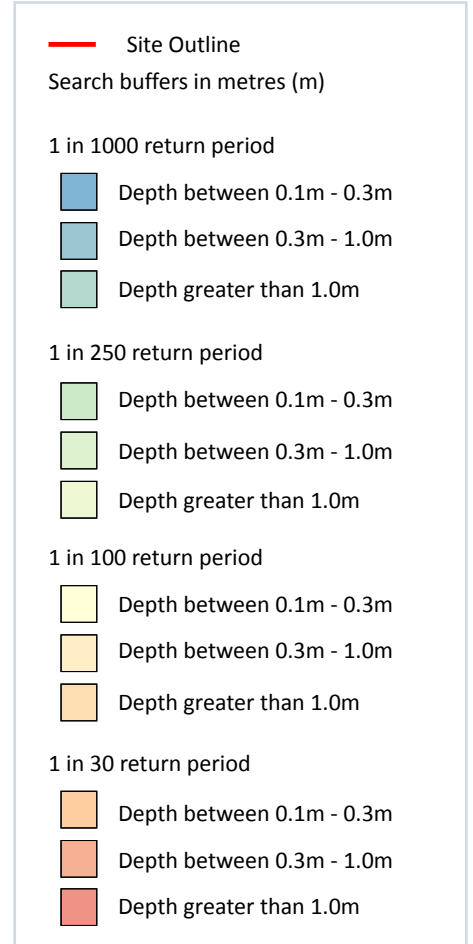
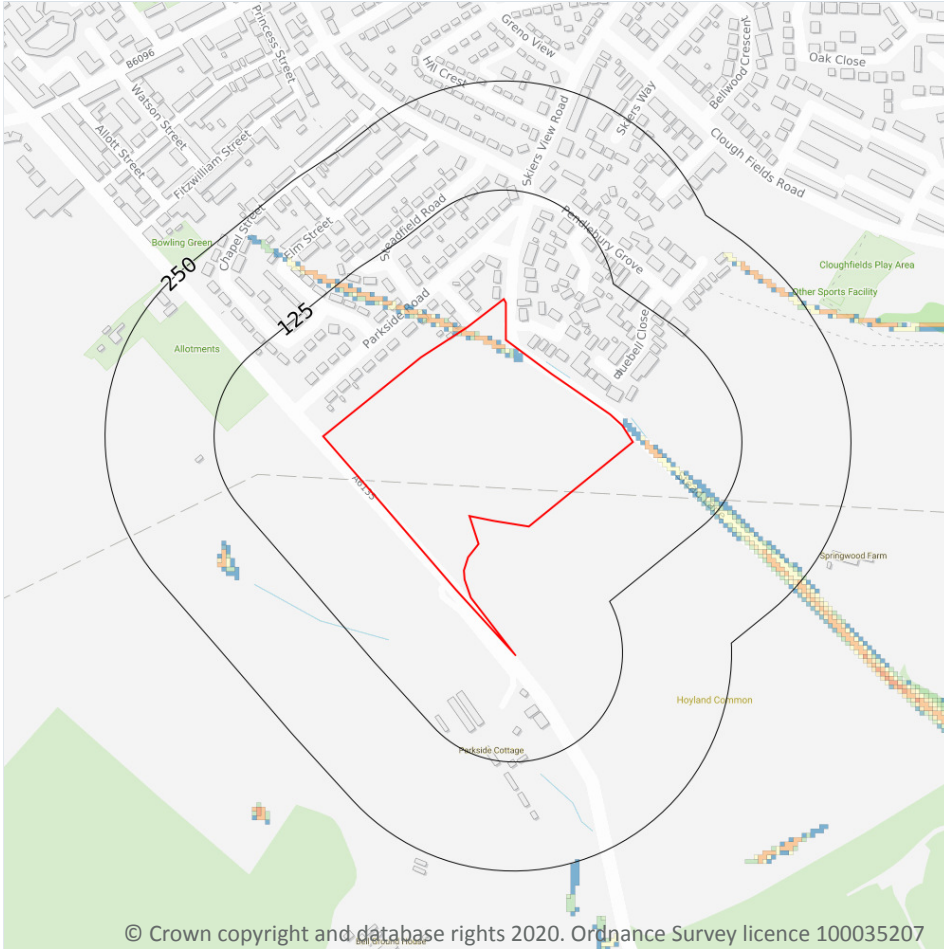
0

Areas of land at risk of flooding, when the presence of flood defences are ignored. Covering land with a 1 in 100 (1%) or greater chance of flooding each year from rivers or a 1 in 200 (0.5%) or greater chance of flooding each year from the sea.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## 8 Surface water flooding



### 8.1 Surface water flooding

**Highest risk on site**

**1 in 30 year, 0.1m - 0.3m**

**Highest risk within 50m**

**1 in 30 year, 0.1m - 0.3m**

Ambiental Risk Analytics surface water (pluvial) FloodMap identifies areas likely to flood as a result of extreme rainfall events, i.e. land naturally vulnerable to surface water ponding or flooding. This data set was produced by simulating 1 in 30 year, 1 in 100 year, 1 in 250 year and 1 in 1,000 year rainfall events. Modern urban drainage systems are typically built to cope with rainfall events between 1 in 20 and 1 in 30 years, though some older ones may flood in a 1 in 5 year rainfall event.

Features are displayed on the Surface water flooding map on **page 50**

The data shown on the map and in the table above shows the highest likelihood of flood events happening at the site. Lower likelihood events may have greater flood depths and hence a greater potential impact on a site.

The table below shows the maximum flood depths for a range of return periods for the site.

Return period	Maximum modelled depth
1 in 1000 year	Between 0.3m and 1.0m
1 in 250 year	Between 0.3m and 1.0m
1 in 100 year	Between 0.1m and 0.3m
1 in 30 year	Between 0.1m and 0.3m

*This data is sourced from Ambiental Risk Analytics.*

## 9 Groundwater flooding



### 9.1 Groundwater flooding

**Highest risk on site**

**Negligible**

**Highest risk within 50m**

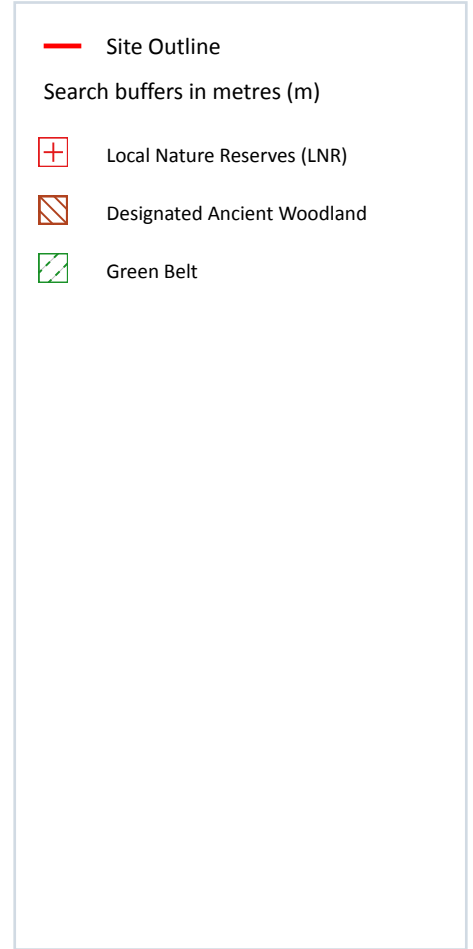
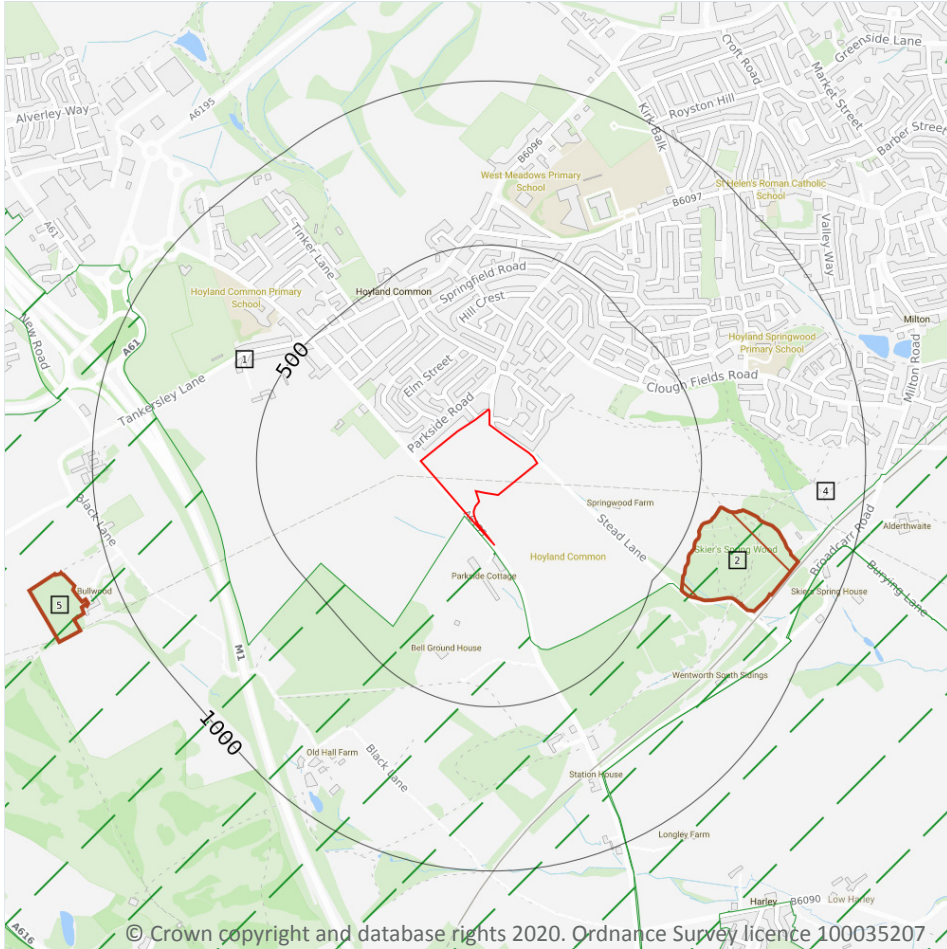
**Negligible**

Groundwater flooding is caused by unusually high groundwater levels. It occurs when the water table rises above the ground surface or within underground structures such as basements or cellars. Groundwater flooding tends to exhibit a longer duration than surface water flooding, possibly lasting for weeks or months, and as a result it can cause significant damage to property. This risk assessment is based on a 1 in 100 year return period and a 5m Digital Terrain Model (DTM).

Features are displayed on the Groundwater flooding map on **page 52**

*This data is sourced from Ambiental Risk Analytics.*

## 10 Environmental designations



### 10.1 Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)

Records within 2000m

0

Sites providing statutory protection for the best examples of UK flora, fauna, or geological or physiographical features. Originally notified under the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949, SSSIs were re-notified under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981. Improved provisions for the protection and management of SSSIs were introduced by the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 (in England and Wales) and (in Scotland) by the Nature Conservation (Scotland) Act 2004 and the Wildlife and Natural Environment (Scotland) Act 2010.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 10.2 Conserved wetland sites (Ramsar sites)

Records within 2000m

0

Ramsar sites are designated under the Convention on Wetlands of International Importance, agreed in Ramsar, Iran, in 1971. They cover all aspects of wetland conservation and wise use, recognizing wetlands as ecosystems that are extremely important for biodiversity conservation in general and for the well-being of human communities. These sites cover a broad definition of wetland; marsh, fen, peatland or water, whether natural or artificial, permanent or temporary, with water that is static or flowing, fresh, brackish or salt, and even some marine areas.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 10.3 Special Areas of Conservation (SAC)

Records within 2000m

0

Areas which have been identified as best representing the range and variety within the European Union of habitats and (non-bird) species listed on Annexes I and II to the Directive. SACs are designated under the EC Habitats Directive.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 10.4 Special Protection Areas (SPA)

Records within 2000m

0

Sites classified by the UK Government under the EC Birds Directive, SPAs are areas of the most important habitat for rare (listed on Annex I to the Directive) and migratory birds within the European Union.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 10.5 National Nature Reserves (NNR)

Records within 2000m

0

Sites containing examples of some of the most important natural and semi-natural terrestrial and coastal ecosystems in Great Britain. They are managed to conserve their habitats, provide special opportunities for scientific study or to provide public recreation compatible with natural heritage interests.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*



## 10.6 Local Nature Reserves (LNR)

Records within 2000m

2

Sites managed for nature conservation, and to provide opportunities for research and education, or simply enjoying and having contact with nature. They are declared by local authorities under the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 after consultation with the relevant statutory nature conservation agency.

Features are displayed on the Environmental designations map on **page 53**

ID	Location	Name	Data source
-	1533m W	Potter Holes Plantation	Natural England
-	1697m E	Elsecar Reservoir	Natural England

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 10.7 Designated Ancient Woodland

Records within 2000m

5

Ancient woodlands are classified as areas which have been wooded continuously since at least 1600 AD. This includes semi-natural woodland and plantations on ancient woodland sites. 'Wooded continuously' does not mean there is or has previously been continuous tree cover across the whole site, and not all trees within the woodland have to be old.

Features are displayed on the Environmental designations map on **page 53**

ID	Location	Name	Woodland Type
2	534m SE	SKIERS SPRING WOOD	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland
5	1101m SW	BULL WOOD	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland
-	1632m NW	SHORT WOOD	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland
-	1815m SW	THORNCLIFFE WOOD	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland
-	1850m S	BARLEY HOLE SPRINGS E.	Ancient Replanted Woodland

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 10.8 Biosphere Reserves

Records within 2000m

0

Biosphere Reserves are internationally recognised by UNESCO as sites of excellence to balance conservation and socioeconomic development between nature and people. They are recognised under the Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme with the aim of promoting sustainable development founded on the work of the



local community.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 10.9 Forest Parks

**Records within 2000m**

**0**

These are areas managed by the Forestry Commission designated on the basis of recreational, conservation or scenic interest.

*This data is sourced from the Forestry Commission.*

## 10.10 Marine Conservation Zones

**Records within 2000m**

**0**

A type of marine nature reserve in UK waters established under the Marine and Coastal Access Act (2009). They are designated with the aim to protect nationally important, rare or threatened habitats and species.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 10.11 Green Belt

**Records within 2000m**

**8**

Areas designated to prevent urban sprawl by keeping land permanently open.

Features are displayed on the Environmental designations map on **page 53**

ID	Location	Name	Local Authority name
1	9m SW	South and West Yorkshire	Barnsley
3	761m SE	South and West Yorkshire	Rotherham
4	882m E	South and West Yorkshire	Barnsley
6	1529m S	South and West Yorkshire	Sheffield
-	1703m W	South and West Yorkshire	Barnsley
-	1703m W	South and West Yorkshire	Barnsley
-	1703m W	South and West Yorkshire	Barnsley
-	1704m W	South and West Yorkshire	Barnsley

*This data is sourced from the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government.*



## 10.12 Proposed Ramsar sites

Records within 2000m

0

Ramsar sites are areas listed as a Wetland of International Importance under the Convention on Wetlands of International Importance especially as Waterfowl Habitat (the Ramsar Convention) 1971. The sites here supplied have a status of 'Proposed' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

## 10.13 Possible Special Areas of Conservation (pSAC)

Records within 2000m

0

Special Areas of Conservation are areas which have been identified as best representing the range and variety within the European Union of habitats and (non-bird) species listed on Annexes I and II to the Directive. SACs are designated under the EC Habitats Directive. Those sites supplied here are those with a status of 'Possible' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

*This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 10.14 Potential Special Protection Areas (pSPA)

Records within 2000m

0

Special Protection Areas (SPAs) are areas designated (or 'classified') under the European Union Wild Birds Directive for the protection of nationally and internationally important populations of wild birds. Those sites supplied here are those with a status of 'Potential' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

## 10.15 Nitrate Sensitive Areas

Records within 2000m

0

Areas where nitrate concentrations in drinking water sources exceeded or was at risk of exceeding the limit of 50 mg/l set by the 1980 EC Drinking Water Directive. Voluntary agricultural measures as a means of reducing the levels of nitrate were introduced by DEFRA as MAFF, with payments being made to farmers who complied. The scheme was started as a pilot in 1990 in ten areas, later implemented within 32 areas. The scheme was closed to further new entrants in 1998, although existing agreements continued for their full term. All Nitrate Sensitive Areas fell within the areas designated as Nitrate Vulnerable Zones (NVZs) in 1996 under the EC Nitrate Directive (91/676/EEC).

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*



## 10.16 Nitrate Vulnerable Zones

**Records within 2000m****4**

Areas at risk from agricultural nitrate pollution designated under the EC Nitrate Directive (91/676/EEC). These are areas of land that drain into waters polluted by nitrates. Farmers operating within these areas have to follow mandatory rules to tackle nitrate loss from agriculture.

Location	Name	Type	NVZ ID	Status
<b>On site</b>	<b>River Dearne NVZ</b>	<b>Surface Water</b>	<b>S278</b>	<b>Existing</b>
1488m S	Blackburn Brook from Source to River Don NVZ	Surface Water	S261	Existing
1804m NW	River Dearne NVZ	Surface Water	S278	Existing
1910m SW	Blackburn Brook from Source to River Don NVZ	Surface Water	S261	Existing

*This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.*



## SSSI Impact Zones and Units

### 10.17 SSSI Impact Risk Zones

Records on site

0

Developed to allow rapid initial assessment of the potential risks to SSSIs posed by development proposals. They define zones around each SSSI which reflect the particular sensitivities of the features for which it is notified and indicate the types of development proposal which could potentially have adverse impacts.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

### 10.18 SSSI Units

Records within 2000m

0

Divisions of SSSIs used to record management and condition details. Units are the smallest areas for which Natural England gives a condition assessment, however, the size of units varies greatly depending on the types of management and the conservation interest.

*This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 11 Visual and cultural designations

### 11.1 World Heritage Sites

Records within 250m

0

Sites designated for their globally important cultural or natural interest requiring appropriate management and protection measures. World Heritage Sites are designated to meet the UK's commitments under the World Heritage Convention.

*This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.*

### 11.2 Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty

Records within 250m

0

Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) are conservation areas, chosen because they represent 18% of the finest countryside. Each AONB has been designated for special attention because of the quality of their flora, fauna, historical and cultural associations, and/or scenic views. The National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act of 1949 created AONBs and the Countryside and Rights of Way Act, 2000 added further regulation and protection. There are likely to be restrictions to some developments within these areas.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

### 11.3 National Parks

Records within 250m

0

In England and Wales, the purpose of National Parks is to conserve and enhance landscapes within the countryside whilst promoting public enjoyment of them and having regard for the social and economic well-being of those living within them. In Scotland National Parks have the additional purpose of promoting the sustainable use of the natural resources of the area and the sustainable social and economic development of its communities. The National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 established the National Park designation in England and Wales, and The National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 in Scotland.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and the Scottish Government.*

### 11.4 Listed Buildings

Records within 250m

0

Buildings listed for their special architectural or historical interest. Building control in the form of 'listed building consent' is required in order to make any changes to that building which might affect its special interest. Listed buildings are graded to indicate their relative importance, however building controls apply to all buildings equally, irrespective of their grade, and apply to the interior and exterior of the building in its entirety, together with any curtilage structures.



*This data is sourced from English Heritage, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.*

## 11.5 Conservation Areas

**Records within 250m**

**0**

Local planning authorities are obliged to designate as conservation areas any parts of their own area that are of special architectural or historic interest, the character and appearance of which it is desirable to preserve or enhance. Designation of a conservation area gives broader protection than the listing of individual buildings. All the features within the area, listed or otherwise, are recognised as part of its character. Conservation area designation is the means of recognising the importance of all factors and of ensuring that planning decisions address the quality of the landscape in its broadest sense.

*This data is sourced from English Heritage, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.*

## 11.6 Scheduled Ancient Monuments

**Records within 250m**

**0**

A scheduled monument is an historic building or site that is included in the Schedule of Monuments kept by the Secretary of State for Digital, Culture, Media and Sport. The regime is set out in the Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Areas Act 1979. The Schedule of Monuments has c.20,000 entries and includes sites such as Roman remains, burial mounds, castles, bridges, earthworks, the remains of deserted villages and industrial sites. Monuments are not graded, but all are, by definition, considered to be of national importance.

*This data is sourced from English Heritage, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.*

## 11.7 Registered Parks and Gardens

**Records within 250m**

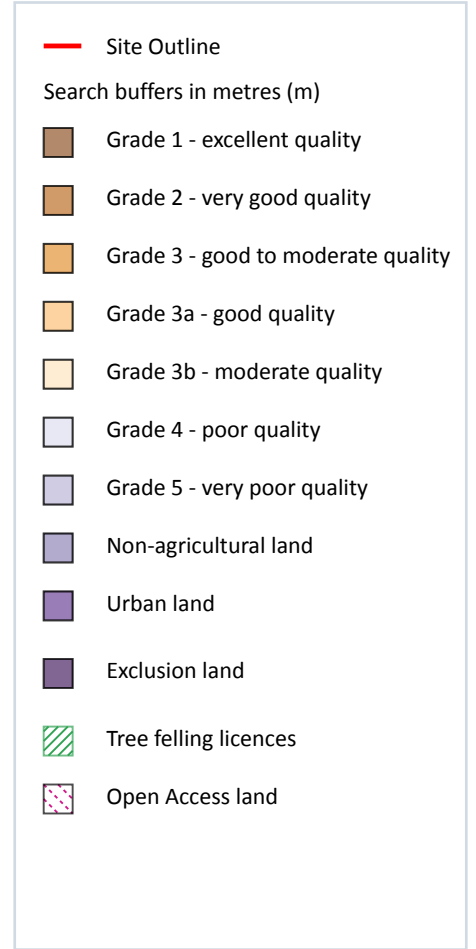
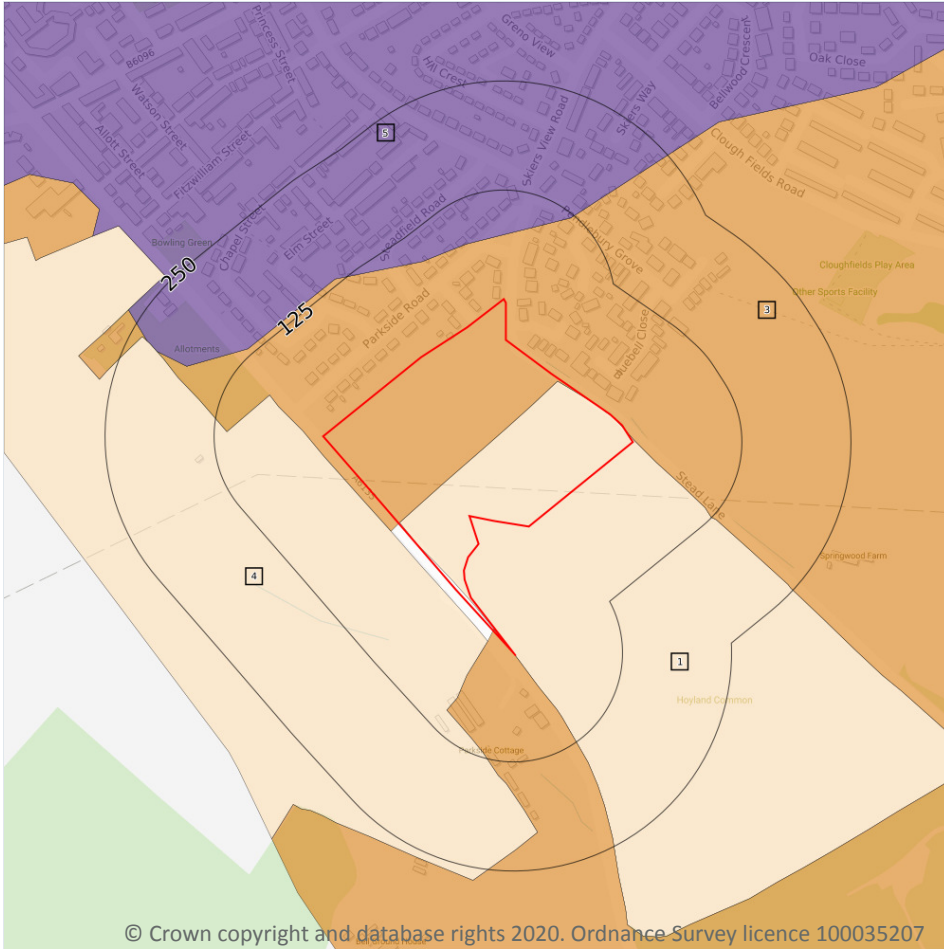
**0**

Parks and gardens assessed to be of particular interest and of special historic interest. The emphasis being on 'designed' landscapes, rather than on planting or botanical importance. Registration is a 'material consideration' in the planning process, meaning that planning authorities must consider the impact of any proposed development on the special character of the landscape.

*This data is sourced from English Heritage, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.*



## 12 Agricultural designations



### 12.1 Agricultural Land Classification

Records within 250m

4

Classification of the quality of agricultural land taking into consideration multiple factors including climate, physical geography and soil properties. It should be noted that the categories for the grading of agricultural land are not consistent across England, Wales and Scotland.

Features are displayed on the Agricultural designations map on **page 62**

ID	Location	Classification	Description
1	On site	Grade 3b	Moderate quality agricultural land. Land capable of producing moderate yields of a narrow range of crops, principally cereals and grass or lower yields of a wider range of crops or high yields of grass which can be grazed or harvested over most of the year.

ID	Location	Classification	Description
3	On site	Grade 3	<b>Good to moderate quality agricultural land. Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops, timing and type of cultivation, harvesting or the level of yield. Where more demanding crops are grown yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2.</b>
4	11m SW	Grade 3b	Moderate quality agricultural land. Land capable of producing moderate yields of a narrow range of crops, principally cereals and grass or lower yields of a wider range of crops or high yields of grass which can be grazed or harvested over most of the year.
5	72m N	Urban	-

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

## 12.2 Open Access Land

**Records within 250m**

**0**

The Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 (CROW Act) gives a public right of access to land without having to use paths. Access land includes mountains, moors, heaths and downs that are privately owned. It also includes common land registered with the local council and some land around the England Coast Path. Generally permitted activities on access land are walking, running, watching wildlife and climbing.

*This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 12.3 Tree Felling Licences

**Records within 250m**

**0**

Felling Licence Application (FLA) areas approved by Forestry Commission England. Anyone wishing to fell trees must ensure that a licence or permission under a grant scheme has been issued by the Forestry Commission before any felling is carried out or that one of the exceptions apply.

*This data is sourced from the Forestry Commission.*

## 12.4 Environmental Stewardship Schemes

**Records within 250m**

**2**

Environmental Stewardship covers a range of schemes that provide financial incentives to farmers, foresters and land managers to look after and improve the environment.

Location	Reference	Scheme	Start Date	End date
88m W	AG00329213	Entry Level plus Higher Level Stewardship	01/07/2011	30/06/2021
133m S	AG00329213	Entry Level plus Higher Level Stewardship	01/07/2011	30/06/2021

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*



## 12.5 Countryside Stewardship Schemes

Records within 250m

0

Countryside Stewardship covers a range of schemes that provide financial incentives to farmers, foresters and land managers to look after and improve the environment. Main objectives are to improve the farmed environment for wildlife and to reduce diffuse water pollution.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*



## 13 Habitat designations

### 13.1 Priority Habitat Inventory

Records within 250m

0

Habitats of principal importance as named under Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act (2006) Section 41.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

### 13.2 Habitat Networks

Records within 250m

0

Habitat networks for 18 priority habitat networks (based primarily, but not exclusively, on the priority habitat inventory) and areas suitable for the expansion of networks through restoration and habitat creation.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

### 13.3 Open Mosaic Habitat

Records within 250m

0

Sites verified as Open Mosaic Habitat. Mosaic habitats are brownfield sites that are identified under the UK Biodiversity Action Plan as a priority habitat due to the habitat variation within a single site, supporting an array of invertebrates.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

### 13.4 Limestone Pavement Orders

Records within 250m

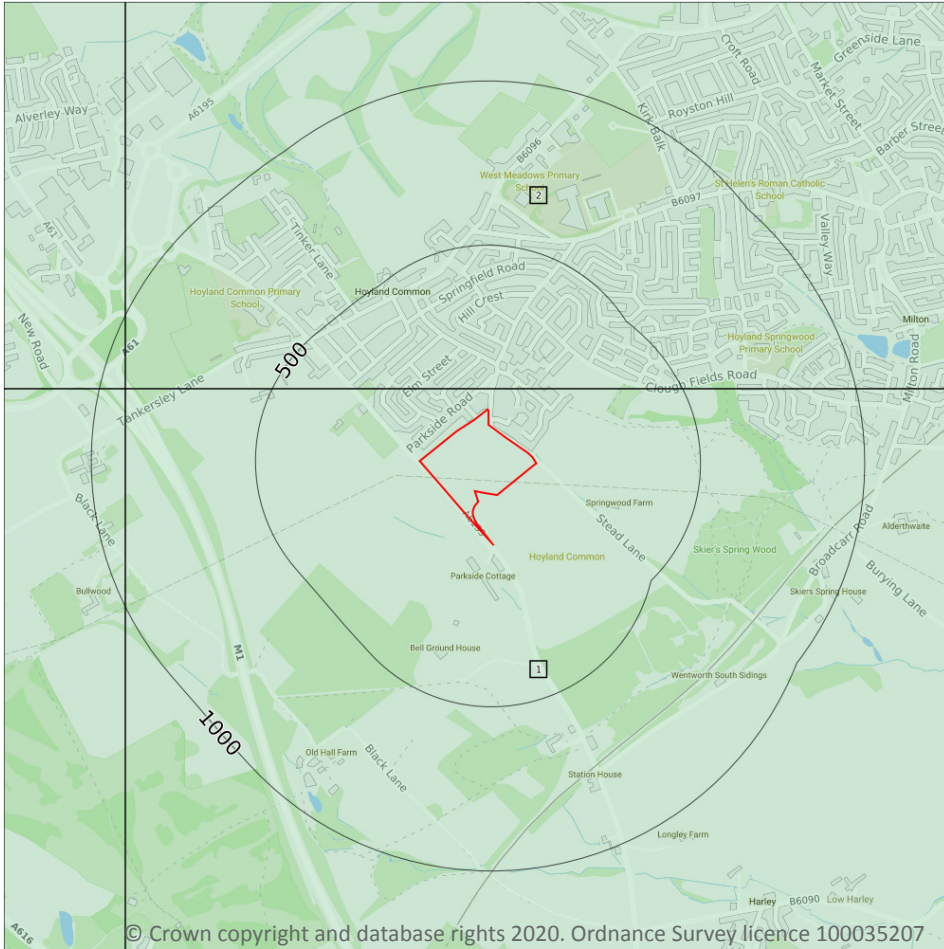
0

Limestone pavements are outcrops of limestone where the surface has been worn away by natural means over millennia. These rocks have the appearance of paving blocks, hence their name. Not only do they have geological interest, they also provide valuable habitats for wildlife. These habitats are threatened due to their removal for use in gardens and water features. Many limestone pavements have been designated as SSSIs which affords them some protection. In addition, Section 34 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 gave them additional protection via the creation of Limestone Pavement Orders, which made it a criminal offence to remove any part of the outcrop. The associated Limestone Pavement Priority Habitat is part of the UK Biodiversity Action Plan priority habitat in England.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*



## 14 Geology 1:10,000 scale - Availability



— Site Outline  
 Search buffers in metres (m)

- Full coverage
- Partial coverage
- No coverage

### 14.1 10k Availability

Records within 500m

2

An indication on the coverage of 1:10,000 scale geology data for the site, the most detailed dataset provided by the British Geological Survey. Either 'Full', 'Partial' or 'No coverage' for each geological theme.

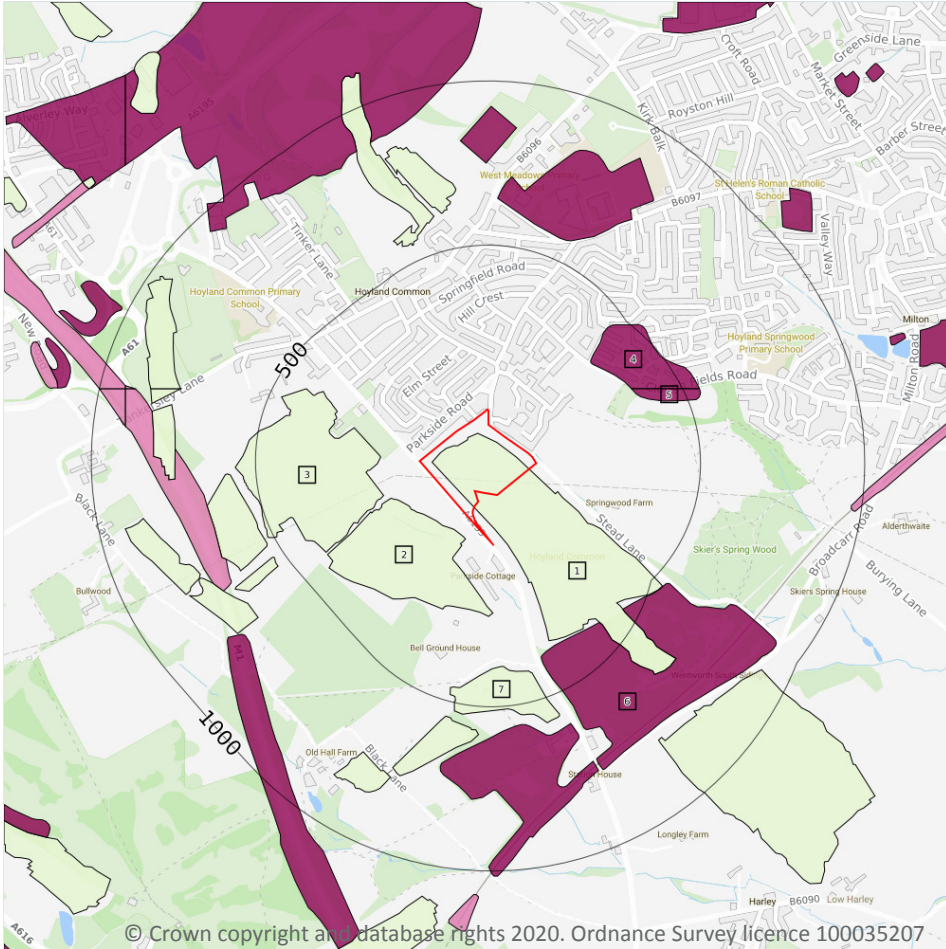
Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Availability map on **page 66**

ID	Location	Artificial	Superficial	Bedrock	Mass movement	Sheet No.
1	On site	Full	Full	Full	Full	SK39NE
2	63m N	Full	Full	Full	Full	SE30SE

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



## Geology 1:10,000 scale - Artificial and made ground



### 14.2 Artificial and made ground (10k)

**Records within 500m** **7**

Details of made, worked, infilled, disturbed and landscaped ground at 1:10,000 scale. Artificial ground can be associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and instability.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Artificial and made ground map on **page 67**

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
1	On site	WMGR-ARTDP	Infilled Ground	Artificial Deposit
2	51m SW	WMGR-ARTDP	Infilled Ground	Artificial Deposit
3	119m W	WMGR-ARTDP	Infilled Ground	Artificial Deposit
4	334m NE	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit



ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
5	367m NE	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
6	368m SE	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
7	379m S	WMGR-ARTDP	Infilled Ground	Artificial Deposit

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## Geology 1:10,000 scale - Superficial

### 14.3 Superficial geology (10k)

Records within 500m

0

Superficial geological deposits at 1:10,000 scale. Also known as 'drift', these are the youngest geological deposits, formed during the Quaternary. They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as bedrock.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

### 14.4 Landslip (10k)

Records within 500m

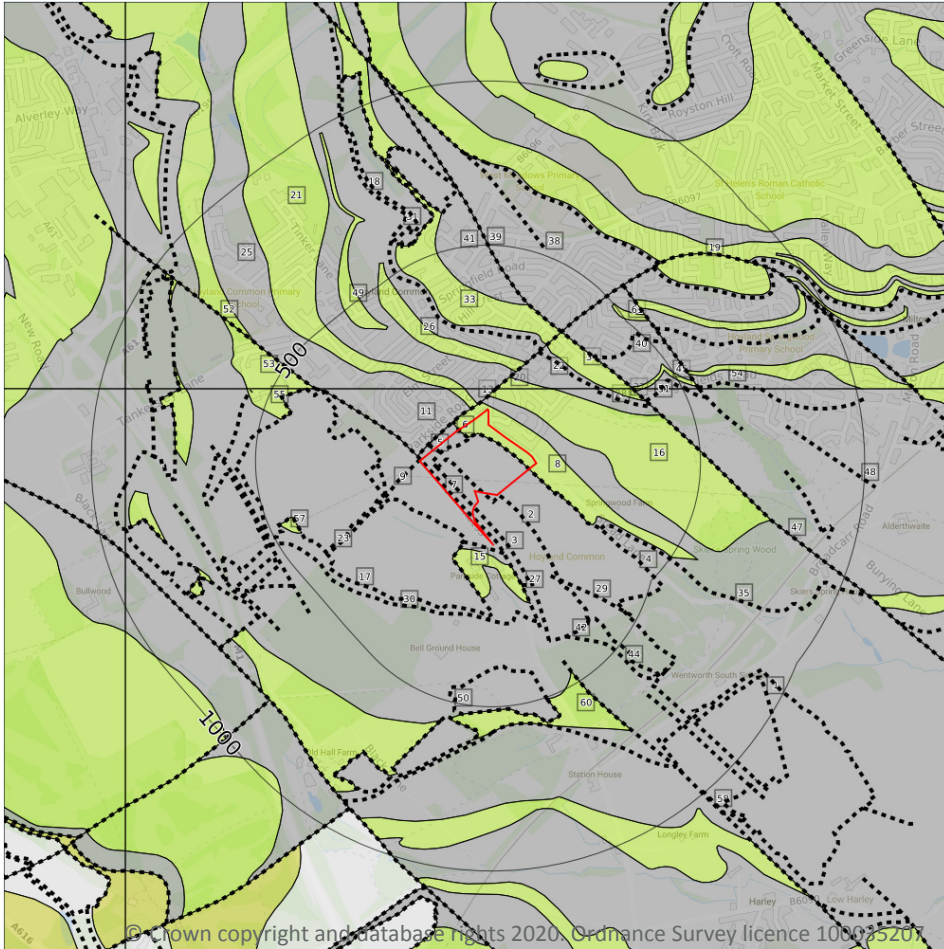
0

Mass movement deposits on BGS geological maps at 1:10,000 scale. Primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## Geology 1:10,000 scale - Bedrock



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- ..... Bedrock faults and other linear features (10k)
- Bedrock geology (10k)  
Please see table for more details.

### 14.5 Bedrock geology (10k)

Records within 500m

30

Bedrock geology at 1:10,000 scale. The main mass of rocks forming the Earth and present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Bedrock map on **page 70**

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock age
1	On site	PMCM-MDSS	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Bolsovia Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
8	On site	PMCM-SDST	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Sandstone	Bolsovia Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock age
11	16m NW	PMCM-MDSS	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Bolsovia Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
13	30m NW	PMCM-MDSS	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Bolsovia Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
14	31m NW	PMCM-SDST	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Sandstone	Bolsovia Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
15	37m S	PMCM-SDST	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Sandstone	Bolsovia Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
16	41m N	PMCM-SDST	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Sandstone	Bolsovia Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
18	63m N	PMCM-MDSS	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Bolsovia Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
20	68m N	PMCM-SDST	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Sandstone	Bolsovia Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
21	92m NW	PMCM-SDST	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Sandstone	Bolsovia Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
22	119m NE	PMCM-MDSS	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Bolsovia Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
25	124m NW	PMCM-MDSS	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Bolsovia Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
26	142m NE	PMCM-SDST	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Sandstone	Bolsovia Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
28	204m NE	PMCM-MDSS	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Bolsovia Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
33	252m N	BNR-SDST	Barnsley Rock - Sandstone	Duckmantian Sub-age
34	259m NE	BNR-SDST	Barnsley Rock - Sandstone	Duckmantian Sub-age
37	310m NE	BNR-SDST	Barnsley Rock - Sandstone	Duckmantian Sub-age
38	324m NE	PMCM-MDSS	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Bolsovia Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
40	326m NE	PMCM-MDSS	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Bolsovia Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
41	332m N	PMCM-MDSS	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Bolsovia Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
45	369m NE	PMCM-SDST	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Sandstone	Bolsovia Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age



ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock age
46	371m NE	PMCM-SDST	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Sandstone	Bolsoviaian Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
48	372m NE	PMCM-MDSS	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Bolsoviaian Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
49	377m NW	PMCM-SDST	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Sandstone	Bolsoviaian Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
53	387m NW	PMCM-SDST	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Sandstone	Bolsoviaian Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
54	396m NE	PMCM-MDSS	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Bolsoviaian Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
55	410m NW	PMCM-SDST	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Sandstone	Bolsoviaian Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
57	421m SW	PMCM-SDST	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Sandstone	Bolsoviaian Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
60	461m SE	PMCM-SDST	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Sandstone	Bolsoviaian Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
61	490m NE	PMCM-SDST	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Sandstone	Bolsoviaian Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 14.6 Bedrock faults and other linear features (10k)

**Records within 500m**

**31**

Linear features at the ground or bedrock surface at 1:10,000 scale of six main types; rock, fault, fold axis, mineral vein, alteration area or landform. Features are either observed or inferred, and relate primarily to bedrock.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Bedrock map on **page 70**

ID	Location	Category	Description
2	On site	ROCK	Coal seam, observed
3	On site	ROCK	Coal seam, observed
4	On site	ROCK	Coal seam, observed
5	On site	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
6	On site	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
7	On site	FAULT	Normal fault, inferred

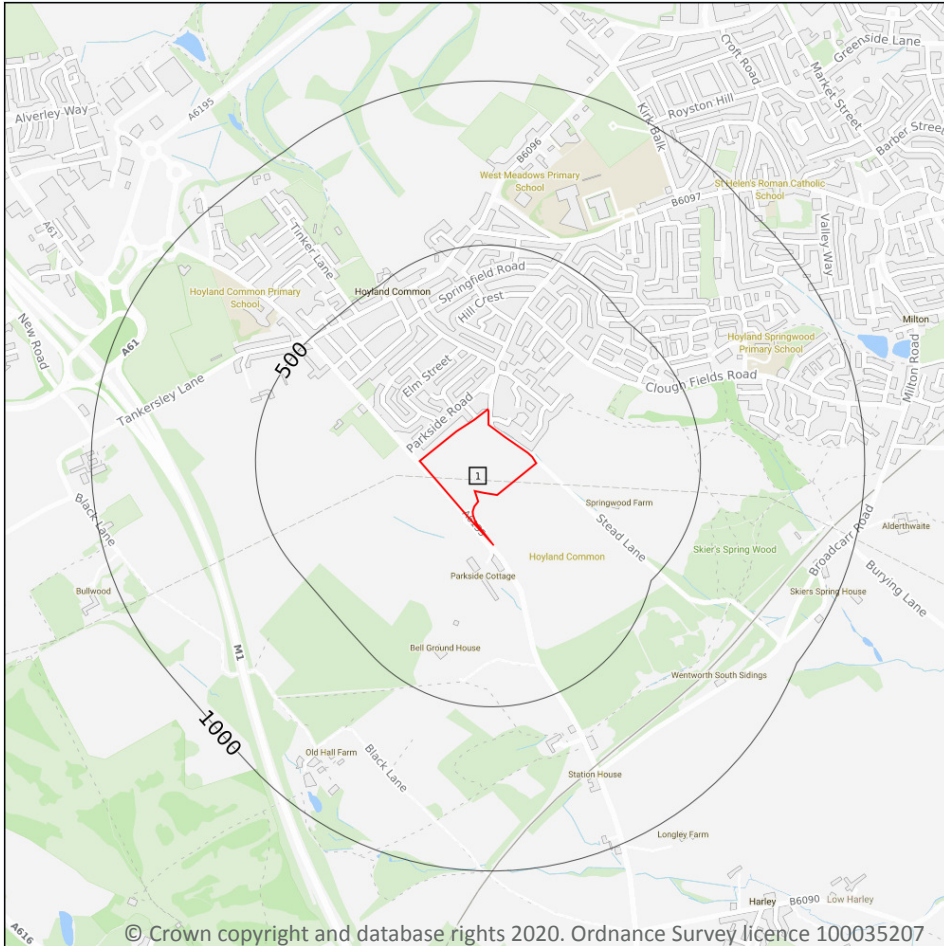


ID	Location	Category	Description
9	3m NW	FAULT	Normal fault, inferred
10	16m NW	FAULT	Normal fault, inferred
12	20m S	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
17	51m SW	ROCK	Coal seam, observed
19	68m N	FAULT	Normal fault, inferred
23	119m W	ROCK	Coal seam, observed
24	123m W	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
27	159m SE	ROCK	Coal seam, observed
29	207m SE	FAULT	Normal fault, inferred
30	224m S	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
31	230m N	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
32	233m NE	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
35	280m SE	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
36	281m NE	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
39	324m NE	FAULT	Normal fault, inferred
42	346m SE	ROCK	Coal seam, observed
43	354m NE	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
44	365m SE	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
47	371m NE	FAULT	Normal fault, inferred
50	379m S	ROCK	Coal seam, observed
51	384m NE	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
52	387m NW	FAULT	Normal fault, inferred
56	410m NW	ROCK	Coal seam, observed
58	421m SE	FAULT	Normal fault, inferred
59	440m NE	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## 15 Geology 1:50,000 scale - Availability



— Site Outline  
 Search buffers in metres (m)

□ Geological map tile

### 15.1 50k Availability

Records within 500m

1

An indication on the coverage of 1:50,000 scale geology data for the site. Either 'Full' or 'No coverage' for each geological theme.

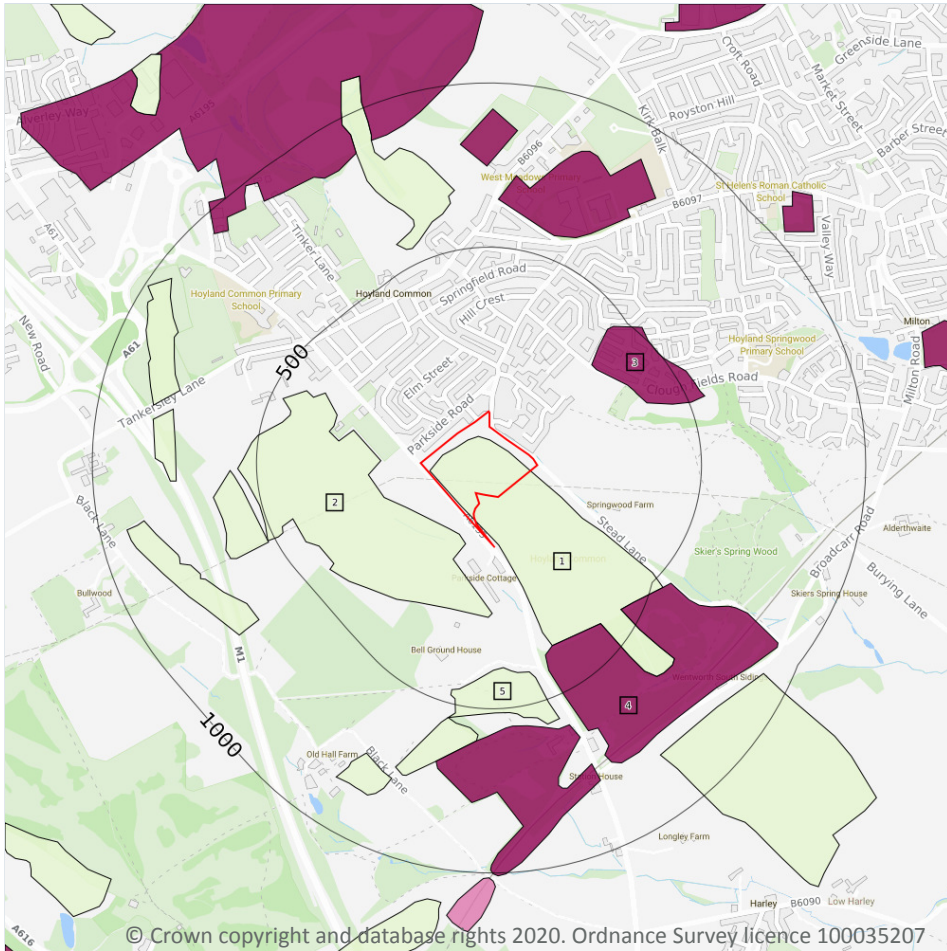
Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Availability map on **page 74**

ID	Location	Artificial	Superficial	Bedrock	Mass movement	Sheet No.
1	On site	No coverage	Full	Full	Full	EW087_barnsley_v4

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## Geology 1:50,000 scale - Artificial and made ground



### 15.2 Artificial and made ground (50k)

Records within 500m

5

Details of made, worked, infilled, disturbed and landscaped ground at 1:50,000 scale. Artificial ground can be associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and instability.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Artificial and made ground map on **page 75**

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
1	On site	WMGR-ARTDP	INFILLED GROUND	ARTIFICIAL DEPOSIT
2	53m SW	WMGR-ARTDP	INFILLED GROUND	ARTIFICIAL DEPOSIT
3	332m NE	MGR-ARTDP	MADE GROUND (UNDIVIDED)	ARTIFICIAL DEPOSIT
4	358m SE	MGR-ARTDP	MADE GROUND (UNDIVIDED)	ARTIFICIAL DEPOSIT



ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
5	376m S	WMGR-ARTDP	INFILLED GROUND	ARTIFICIAL DEPOSIT

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

### 15.3 Artificial ground permeability (50k)

<b>Records within 50m</b>	<b>1</b>
---------------------------	----------

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any artificial deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

Location	Flow type	Maximum permeability	Minimum permeability
<b>On site</b>	<b>Mixed</b>	<b>Very High</b>	<b>Low</b>

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## Geology 1:50,000 scale - Superficial

### 15.4 Superficial geology (50k)

Records within 500m

0

Superficial geological deposits at 1:50,000 scale. Also known as 'drift', these are the youngest geological deposits, formed during the Quaternary. They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as bedrock.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

### 15.5 Superficial permeability (50k)

Records within 50m

0

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any superficial deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

### 15.6 Landslip (50k)

Records within 500m

0

Mass movement deposits on BGS geological maps at 1:50,000 scale. Primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

### 15.7 Landslip permeability (50k)

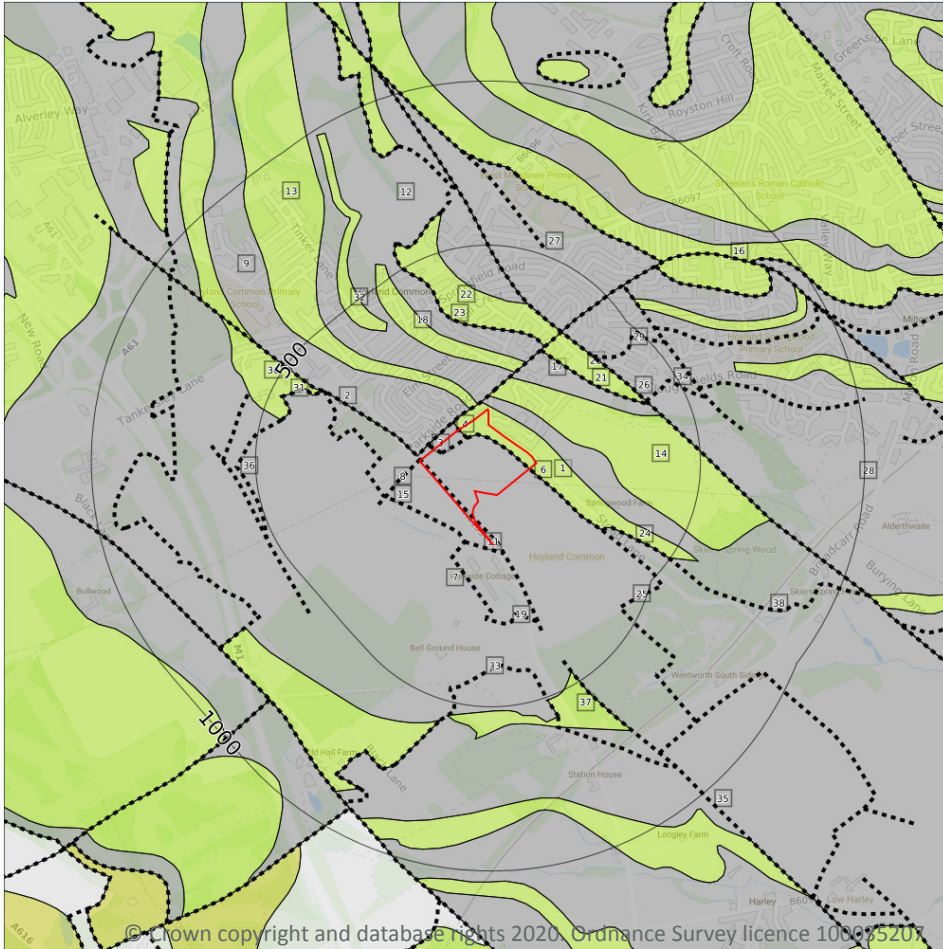
Records within 50m

0

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any landslip deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Bedrock faults and other linear features (50k)
- Bedrock geology (50k)  
Please see table for more details.

### 15.8 Bedrock geology (50k)

Records within 500m

15

Bedrock geology at 1:50,000 scale. The main mass of rocks forming the Earth and present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock map on **page 78**

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock age
1	On site	PMCM-SDST	PENNINE MIDDLE COAL MEASURES FORMATION - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
7	On site	PMCM-MDSS	PENNINE MIDDLE COAL MEASURES FORMATION - MUDSTONE, SILTSTONE AND SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock age
9	16m NW	PMCM-MDSS	PENNINE MIDDLE COAL MEASURES FORMATION - MUDSTONE, SILTSTONE AND SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
12	30m NW	PMCM-MDSS	PENNINE MIDDLE COAL MEASURES FORMATION - MUDSTONE, SILTSTONE AND SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
13	30m NW	PMCM-SDST	PENNINE MIDDLE COAL MEASURES FORMATION - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
14	41m N	PMCM-SDST	PENNINE MIDDLE COAL MEASURES FORMATION - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
17	119m NE	PMCM-MDSS	PENNINE MIDDLE COAL MEASURES FORMATION - MUDSTONE, SILTSTONE AND SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
18	135m N	PMCM-SDST	PENNINE MIDDLE COAL MEASURES FORMATION - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
20	243m NE	BNR-SDST	BARNSLEY ROCK - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
22	246m N	BNR-SDST	BARNSLEY ROCK - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
27	324m NE	PMCM-MDSS	PENNINE MIDDLE COAL MEASURES FORMATION - MUDSTONE, SILTSTONE AND SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
28	326m NE	PMCM-MDSS	PENNINE MIDDLE COAL MEASURES FORMATION - MUDSTONE, SILTSTONE AND SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
30	360m NW	PMCM-SDST	PENNINE MIDDLE COAL MEASURES FORMATION - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
32	373m NW	PMCM-SDST	PENNINE MIDDLE COAL MEASURES FORMATION - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
37	462m SE	PMCM-SDST	PENNINE MIDDLE COAL MEASURES FORMATION - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 15.9 Bedrock permeability (50k)

**Records within 50m**

**3**

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of bedrock (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

Location	Flow type	Maximum permeability	Minimum permeability
<b>On site</b>	<b>Fracture</b>	<b>High</b>	<b>Moderate</b>
<b>On site</b>	<b>Fracture</b>	<b>Moderate</b>	<b>Low</b>



Location	Flow type	Maximum permeability	Minimum permeability
41m E	Fracture	High	Moderate

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 15.10 Bedrock faults and other linear features (50k)

<b>Records within 500m</b>	<b>23</b>
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Linear features at the ground or bedrock surface at 1:50,000 scale of six main types; rock, fault, fold axis, mineral vein, alteration area or landform. Features are either observed or inferred, and relate primarily to bedrock.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock map on **page 78**

ID	Location	Category	Description
2	On site	FAULT	Fault, inferred
3	On site	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
4	On site	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
5	On site	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
6	On site	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
8	3m NW	FAULT	Fault, inferred
10	16m NW	FAULT	Fault, inferred
11	21m S	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
15	53m SW	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
16	58m N	FAULT	Fault, inferred
19	222m S	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
21	243m NE	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
23	246m N	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
24	286m SE	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
25	286m SE	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
26	324m NE	FAULT	Fault, inferred
29	354m NE	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
31	360m NW	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
33	376m S	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred

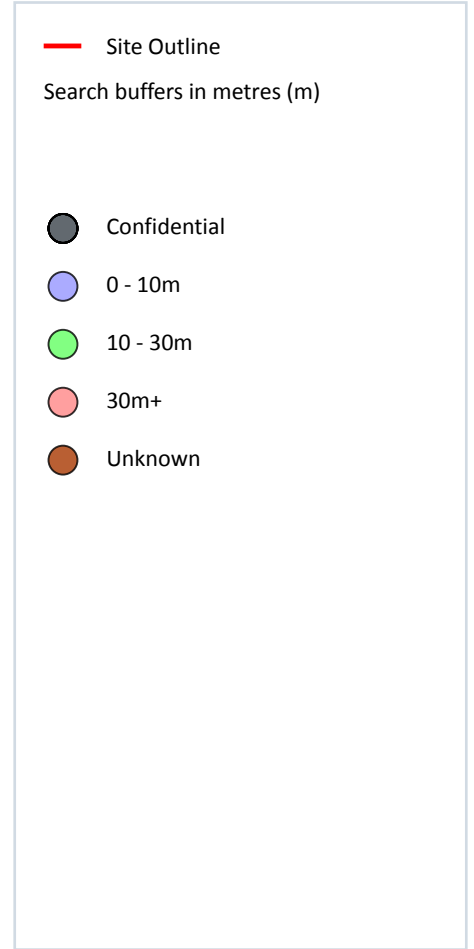
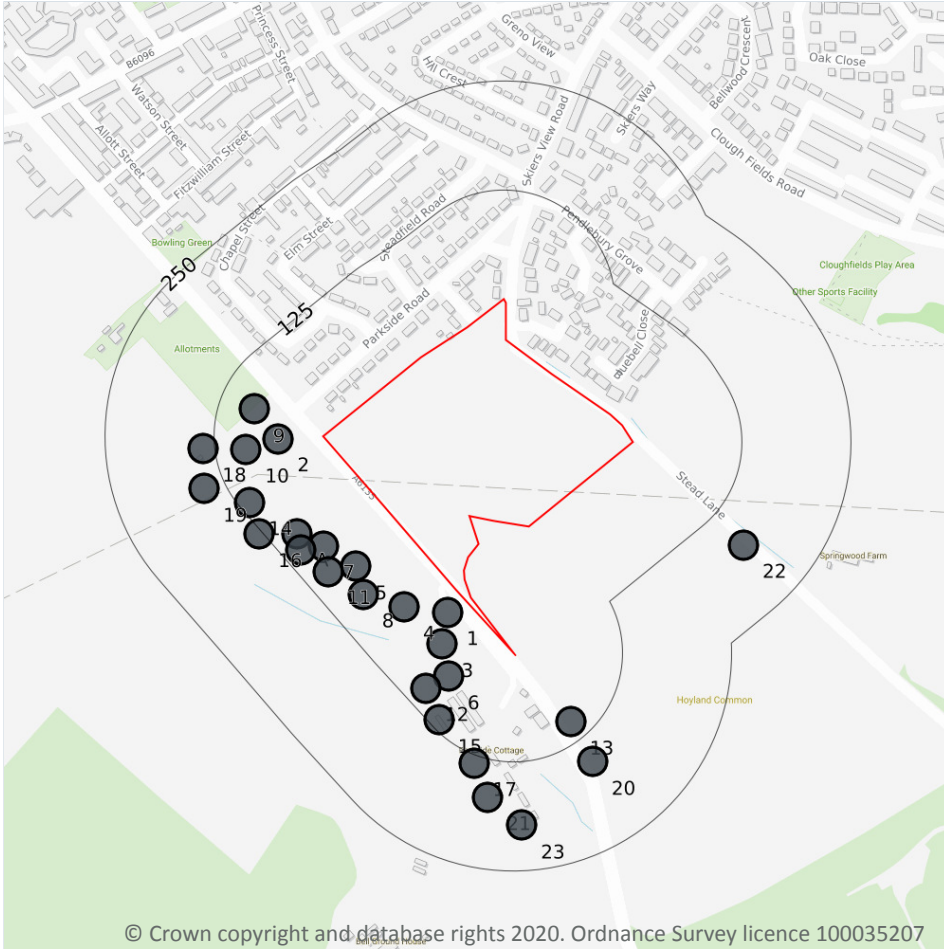


ID	Location	Category	Description
34	384m NE	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
35	421m SE	FAULT	Fault, inferred
36	439m W	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
38	495m SE	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## 16 Boreholes



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### 16.1 BGS Boreholes

Records within 250m

25

The Single Onshore Boreholes Index (SOBI); an index of over one million records of boreholes, shafts and wells from all forms of drilling and site investigation work held by the British Geological Survey. Covering onshore and nearshore boreholes dating back to at least 1790 and ranging from one to several thousand metres deep.

Features are displayed on the Boreholes map on **page 82**

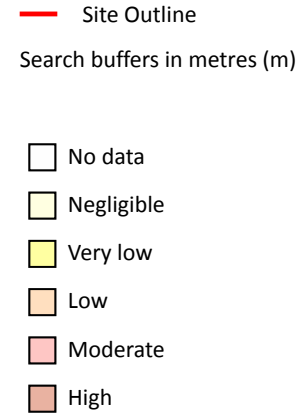
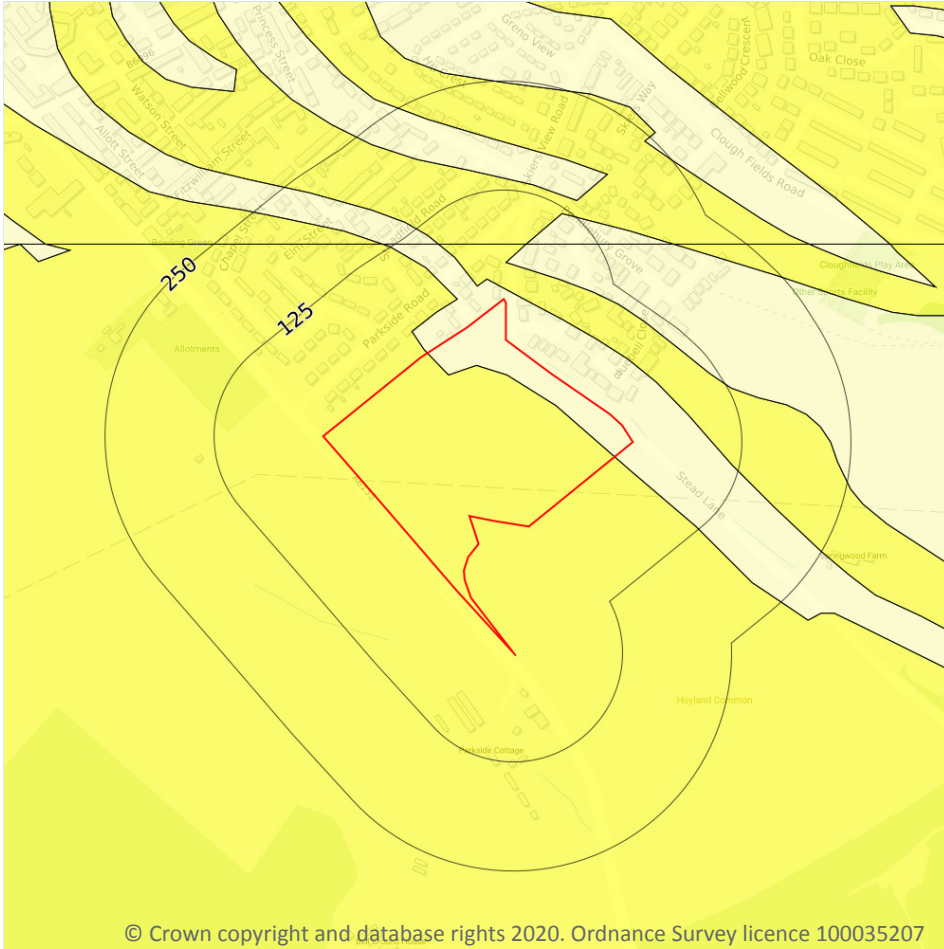
ID	Location	Grid reference	Name	Length	Confidential	Web link
1	25m SW	436039 399578	HOYLAND COMMON BARNSELY BH0-8	-	Y	N/A
2	51m W	435845 399777	HOYLAND COMMON BARNSELY BH0-18	-	Y	N/A
3	53m SW	436033 399542	HOYLAND COMMON BARNSELY BH0-7	-	Y	N/A

ID	Location	Grid reference	Name	Length	Confidential	Web link
4	58m SW	435989 399584	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-9	-	Y	N/A
5	69m SW	435934 399631	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-11	-	Y	N/A
6	73m SW	436040 399505	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-6	-	Y	N/A
7	82m SW	435897 399654	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-13	-	Y	N/A
8	84m SW	435942 399599	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-10	-	Y	N/A
9	85m W	435817 399811	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-21	-	Y	N/A
10	90m W	435808 399765	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-19	-	Y	N/A
A	96m SW	435866 399668	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-15	-	Y	N/A
11	97m SW	435902 399625	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-12	-	Y	N/A
12	102m SW	436014 399491	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-5	-	Y	N/A
13	102m SE	436180 399453	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-54	-	Y	N/A
A	104m SW	435871 399650	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-14	-	Y	N/A
14	113m SW	435812 399704	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-17	-	Y	N/A
15	115m SW	436029 399455	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-4	-	Y	N/A
16	129m SW	435823 399668	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-16	-	Y	N/A
17	135m S	436069 399405	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-3	-	Y	N/A
18	138m W	435759 399766	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-21A	-	Y	N/A
19	149m SW	435760 399720	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-20	-	Y	N/A
20	154m SE	436205 399407	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-55	-	Y	N/A
21	168m S	436085 399366	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-2	-	Y	N/A
22	173m SE	436378 399655	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-62	-	Y	N/A
23	198m S	436124 399334	HOYLAND COMMON BARNESLEY BH0-1	-	Y	N/A

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## 17 Natural ground subsidence - Shrink swell clays



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### 17.1 Shrink swell clays

Records within 50m

3

The potential hazard presented by soils that absorb water when wet (making them swell), and lose water as they dry (making them shrink). This shrink-swell behaviour is controlled by the type and amount of clay in the soil, and by seasonal changes in the soil moisture content (related to rainfall and local drainage).

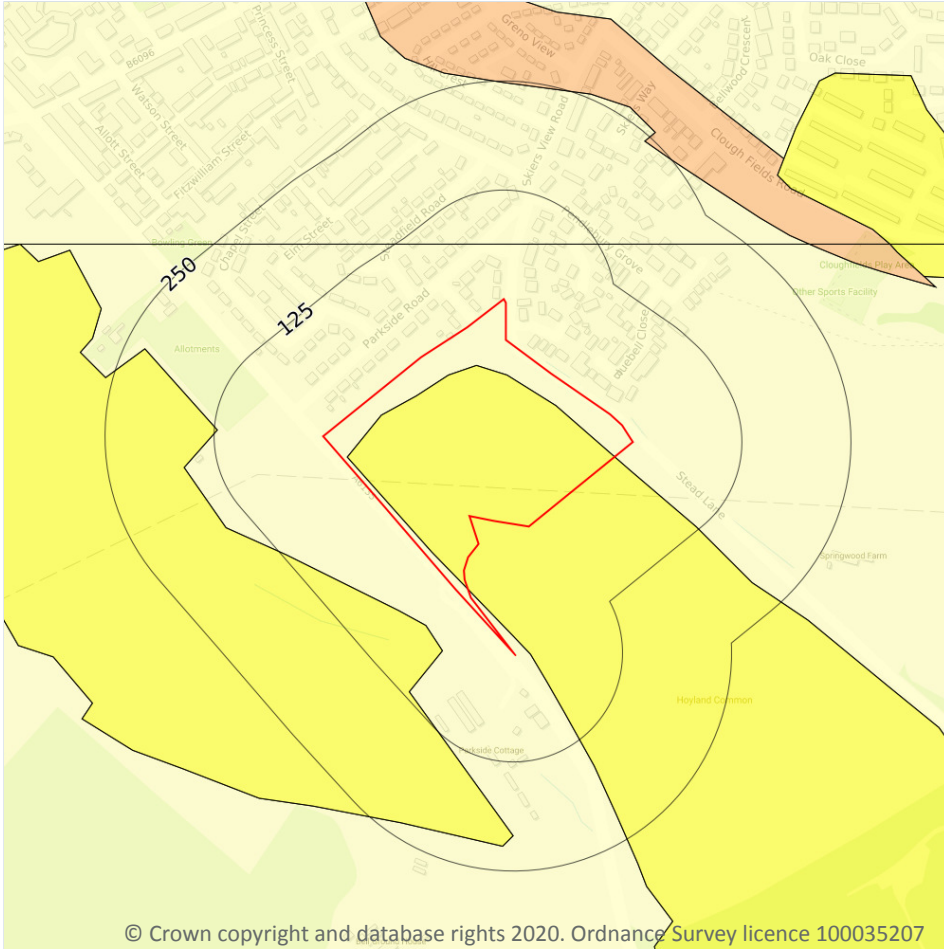
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Shrink swell clays map on **page 84**

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Negligible	Ground conditions predominantly non-plastic.
On site	Very low	Ground conditions predominantly low plasticity.
41m N	Negligible	Ground conditions predominantly non-plastic.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## Natural ground subsidence - Running sands



— Site Outline  
Search buffers in metres (m)

- No data
- Negligible
- Very low
- Low
- Moderate
- High

### 17.2 Running sands

Records within 50m

2

The potential hazard presented by rocks that can contain loosely-packed sandy layers that can become fluidised by water flowing through them. Such sands can 'run', removing support from overlying buildings and causing potential damage.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Running sands map on **page 86**

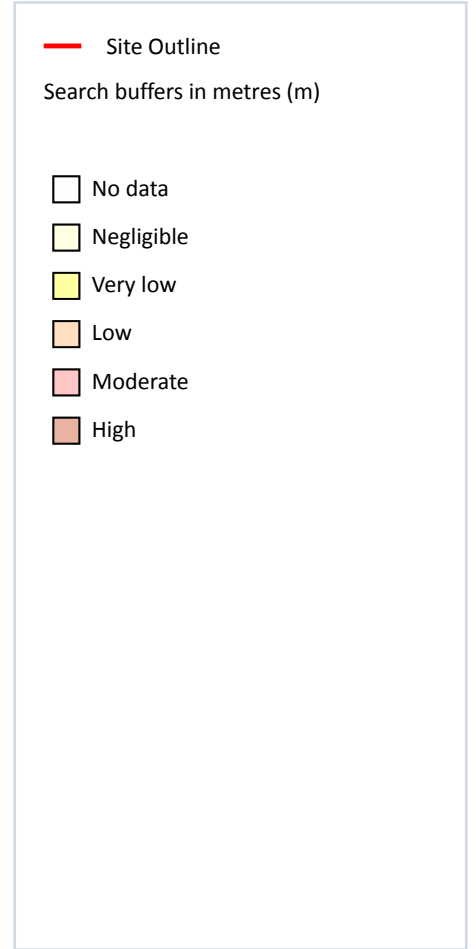
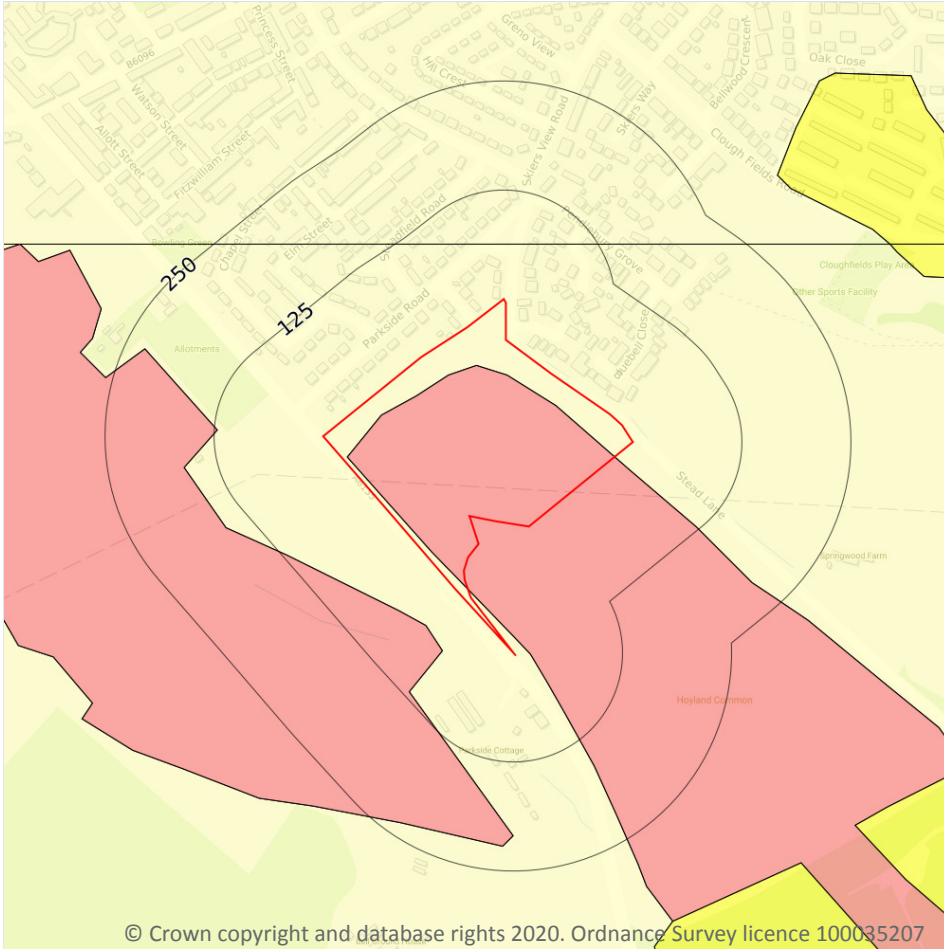
Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Negligible	Running sand conditions are not thought to occur whatever the position of the water table. No identified constraints on lands use due to running conditions.

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Very low	Running sand conditions are unlikely. No identified constraints on land use due to running conditions unless water table rises rapidly.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## Natural ground subsidence - Compressible deposits



### 17.3 Compressible deposits

Records within 50m

2

The potential hazard presented by types of ground that may contain layers of very soft materials like clay or peat and may compress if loaded by overlying structures, or if the groundwater level changes, potentially resulting in depression of the ground and disturbance of foundations.

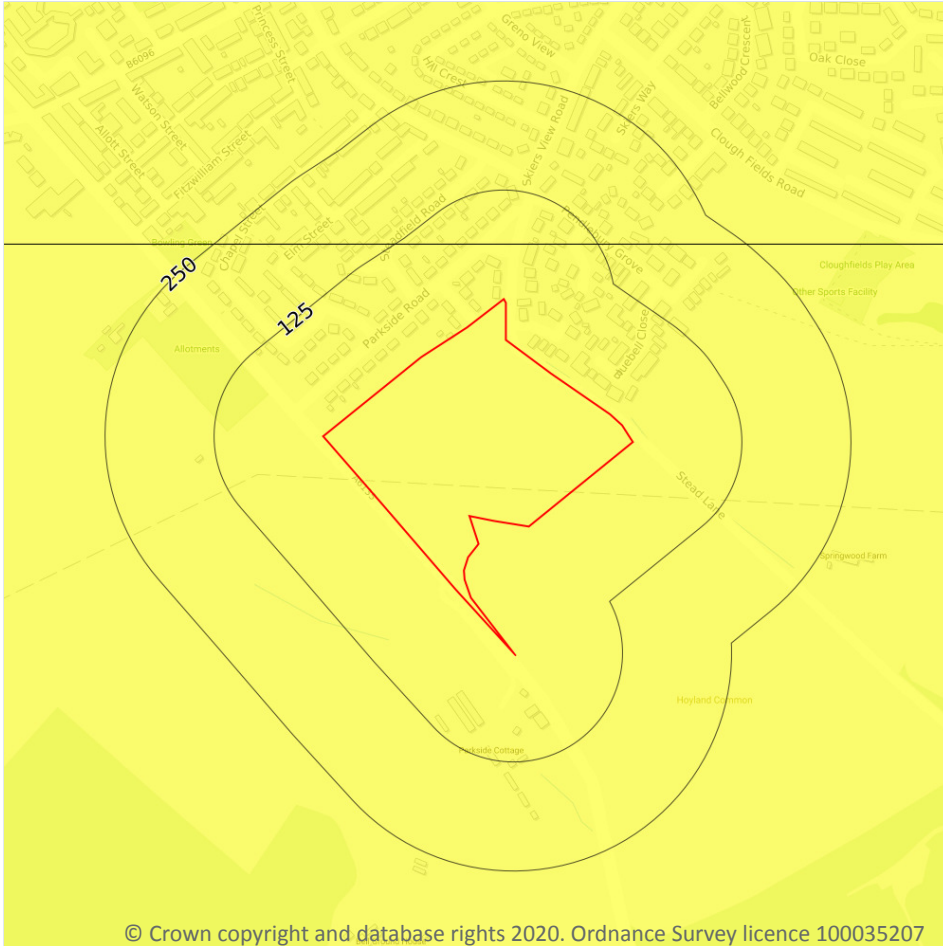
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Compressible deposits map on **page 88**

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Negligible	Compressible strata are not thought to occur.
On site	Moderate	Compressibility and uneven settlement hazards are probably present. Land use should consider specifically the compressibility and variability of the site.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## Natural ground subsidence - Collapsible deposits



### 17.4 Collapsible deposits

Records within 50m

1

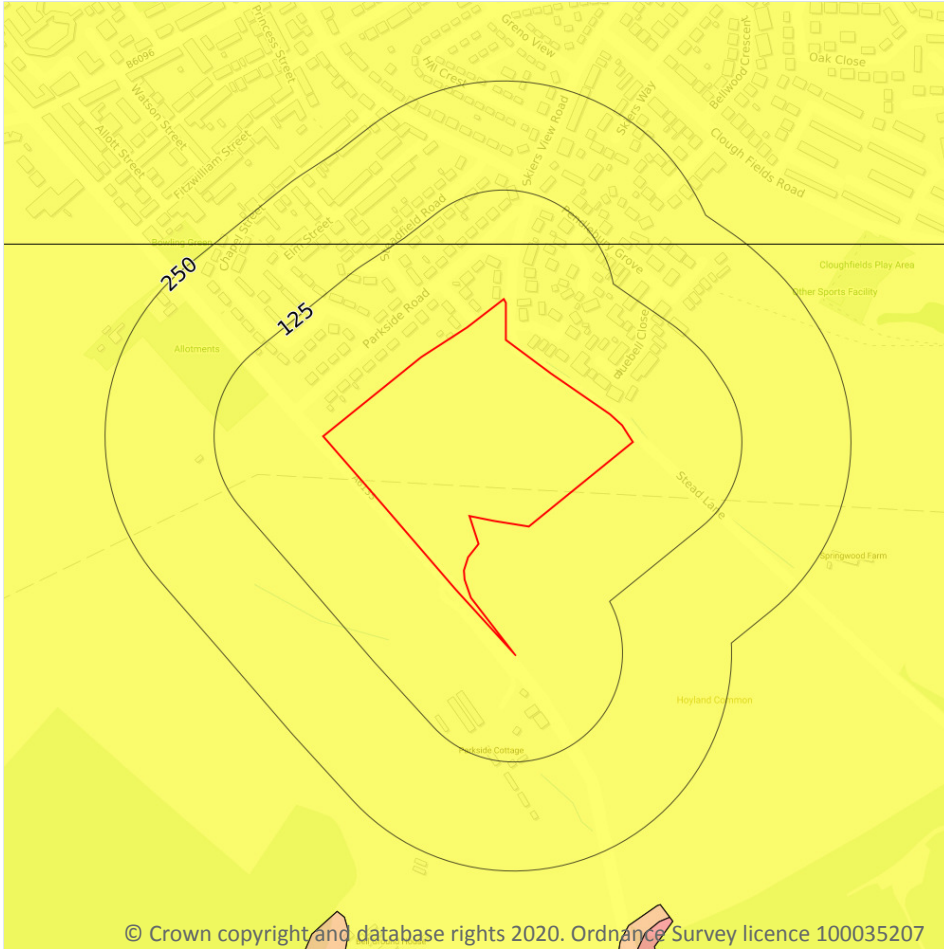
The potential hazard presented by natural deposits that could collapse when a load (such as a building) is placed on them or they become saturated with water.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Collapsible deposits map on **page 90**

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Very low	Deposits with potential to collapse when loaded and saturated are unlikely to be present.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## Natural ground subsidence - Landslides



— Site Outline  
Search buffers in metres (m)

- No data
- Negligible
- Very low
- Low
- Moderate
- High

### 17.5 Landslides

Records within 50m

1

The potential for landsliding (slope instability) to be a hazard assessed using 1:50,000 scale digital maps of superficial and bedrock deposits, combined with information from the BGS National Landslide Database and scientific and engineering reports.

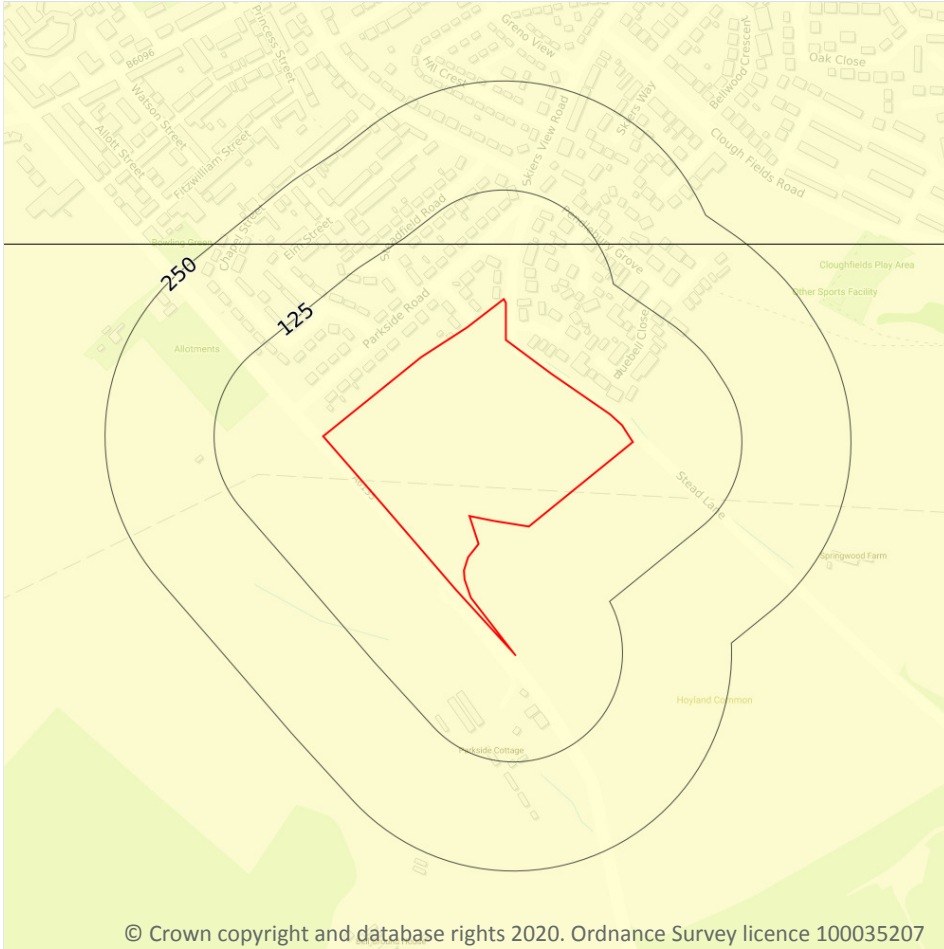
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Landslides map on **page 91**

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Very low	Slope instability problems are not likely to occur but consideration to potential problems of adjacent areas impacting on the site should always be considered.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## Natural ground subsidence - Ground dissolution of soluble rocks



### 17.6 Ground dissolution of soluble rocks

Records within 50m

1

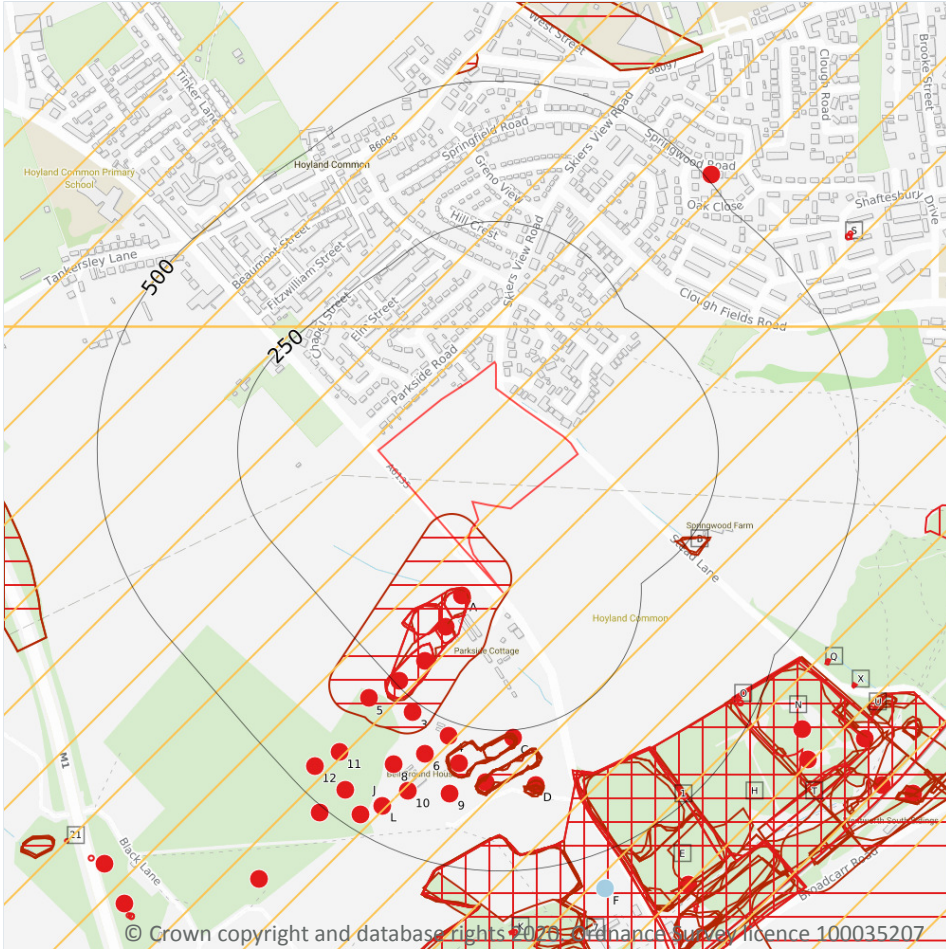
The potential hazard presented by ground dissolution, which occurs when water passing through soluble rocks produces underground cavities and cave systems. These cavities reduce support to the ground above and can cause localised collapse of the overlying rocks and deposits.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Ground dissolution of soluble rocks map on **page 92**

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Negligible	Soluble rocks are either not thought to be present within the ground, or not prone to dissolution. Dissolution features are unlikely to be present.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 18 Mining, ground workings and natural cavities



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Natural cavities (Area)
- Natural cavities (Point)
- BritPits
- Surface ground workings
- Underground workings
- Historical Mineral Planning Areas
- Mining Cavities
- Non Coal Mining
- Sporadic underground mining of restricted extent possible
- Localised small scale underground mining possible
- Small scale mining possible
- Underground mining known or likely within or in close proximity
- Underground mining known within or in very close proximity

### 18.1 Natural cavities

Records within 500m

0

Industry recognised national database of natural cavities. Sinkholes and caves are formed by the dissolution of soluble rock, such as chalk and limestone, gulls and fissures by cambering. Ground instability can result from movement of loose material contained within these cavities, often triggered by water.

*This data is sourced from Peter Brett Associates (PBA).*

## 18.2 BritPits

Records within 500m

24

BritPits (an abbreviation of British Pits) is a database maintained by the British Geological Survey of currently active and closed surface and underground mineral workings. Details of major mineral handling sites, such as wharfs and rail depots are also held in the database.

Features are displayed on the Mining, ground workings and natural cavities map on **page 93**

ID	Location	Details	Description
A	57m SW	Name: Swallow Wood Mine Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
A	116m SW	Name: Swallow Wood Mine Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
A	124m SW	Name: Swallow Wood Mine Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
A	184m SW	Name: Swallow Wood Mine Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
A	242m SW	Name: Swallow Wood Mine Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority



ID	Location	Details	Description
C	263m S	Name: Bell Ground Ironstone Pits Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
3	268m SW	Name: Swallow Wood Mine Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
4	275m S	Name: Swallow Wood Mine Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
C	275m S	Name: Bell Ground Ironstone Pits Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
C	300m S	Name: Bell Ground Ironstone Pits Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
5	303m SW	Name: Swallow Wood Mine Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority

ID	Location	Details	Description
C	316m S	Name: Bell Ground Ironstone Pits Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
6	321m SW	Name: Swallow Wood Mine Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
C	342m S	Name: Bell Ground Ironstone Pits Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
D	353m S	Name: Bell Ground Ironstone Pits Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
8	364m SW	Name: Swallow Wood Mine Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
9	372m S	Name: Bell Ground Ironstone Pits Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority



ID	Location	Details	Description
10	394m SW	Name: Bell Ground Ironstone Pits Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
11	407m SW	Name: Swallow Wood Mine Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
J	409m SW	Name: Swallow Wood Mine Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
L	437m SW	Name: Bell Ground Ironstone Pits Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
J	451m SW	Name: Bell Ground Ironstone Pits Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
12	456m SW	Name: Bell Ground Ironstone Pits Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority



ID	Location	Details	Description
L	470m SW	Name: Bell Ground Ironstone Pits Address: HOYLAND, South Yorkshire Commodity: Ironstone Status: Working is wholly underground, access by shaft, adit or drift. Working may be termed Colliery, Mine, Drift Mine, Slant, Level, Adit or Ingoing Eye (Ingaun Ee - Scots)	Type: Ceased Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

### 18.3 Surface ground workings

<b>Records within 250m</b>	<b>16</b>
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Historical land uses identified from Ordnance Survey mapping that involved ground excavation at the surface. These features may or may not have been subsequently backfilled.

Features are displayed on the Mining, ground workings and natural cavities map on **page 93**

ID	Location	Land Use	Year of mapping	Mapping scale
<b>A</b>	<b>On site</b>	<b>Opencast Mining</b>	<b>1951</b>	<b>1:10560</b>
A	46m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1951	1:10560
A	48m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1948	1:10560
A	54m SW	Unspecified Heap	1891	1:10560
A	54m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1938	1:10560
A	54m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1903	1:10560
A	100m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1938	1:10560
A	104m SW	Unspecified Heap	1891	1:10560
A	104m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1903	1:10560
A	112m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1938	1:10560
A	158m SW	Unspecified Heap	1891	1:10560
A	158m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1938	1:10560
A	158m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1903	1:10560
B	233m SE	Unspecified Heap	1938	1:10560
B	238m SE	Unspecified Heap	1948	1:10560
B	238m SE	Unspecified Heap	1948	1:10560



This is data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.

## 18.4 Underground workings

Records within 1000m

87

Historical land uses identified from Ordnance Survey mapping that indicate the presence of underground workings e.g. mine shafts.

Features are displayed on the Mining, ground workings and natural cavities map on **page 93**

ID	Location	Land Use	Year of mapping	Mapping scale
A	46m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1951	1:10560
A	54m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1938	1:10560
A	54m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1903	1:10560
A	100m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1938	1:10560
A	104m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1903	1:10560
A	112m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1938	1:10560
A	158m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1938	1:10560
A	158m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1903	1:10560
E	346m S	Colliery	1891	1:10560
7	350m SE	Colliery	1903	1:10560
H	353m SE	Colliery	1965	1:10560
N	455m SE	Coal Pit	1938	1:10560
O	459m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1938	1:10560
O	459m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1903	1:10560
O	462m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1951	1:10560
O	467m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1980	1:10000
O	467m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1965	1:10560
Q	575m SE	Unspecified Shafts	1938	1:10560
Q	575m SE	Unspecified Shafts	1903	1:10560
Q	575m SE	Unspecified Shafts	1951	1:10560
K	605m S	Disused Air Shaft	1991	1:10000
K	605m S	Disused Air Shaft	1980	1:10000



ID	Location	Land Use	Year of mapping	Mapping scale
K	605m S	Disused Air Shaft	1965	1:10560
K	606m S	Air Shaft	1938	1:10560
K	606m S	Air Shaft	1903	1:10560
K	606m S	Air Shaft	1951	1:10560
S	611m NE	Air Shaft	1903	1:10560
S	611m NE	Air Shaft	1938	1:10560
E	613m SE	Unspecified Old Shaft	1938	1:10560
E	614m SE	Unspecified Disused Shaft	1991	1:10000
E	614m SE	Unspecified Disused Shaft	1980	1:10000
E	614m SE	Unspecified Disused Shaft	1965	1:10560
E	614m SE	Unspecified Old Shaft	1951	1:10560
S	618m NE	Air Shaft	1951	1:10560
T	629m SE	Coal Pit	1951	1:10560
V	631m E	Coal Pit	1951	1:10560
X	638m SE	Unspecified Shafts	1951	1:10560
X	639m SE	Unspecified Shafts	1938	1:10560
X	639m SE	Unspecified Shafts	1903	1:10560
E	657m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1951	1:10560
E	664m SE	Unspecified Shaft	1938	1:10560
-	687m S	Disused Air Shaft	1991	1:10000
-	687m S	Disused Air Shaft	1980	1:10000
-	687m S	Disused Air Shaft	1965	1:10560
U	687m SE	Unspecified Shafts	1951	1:10560
-	731m E	Drift	1938	1:10560
-	734m S	Disused Air Shaft	1991	1:10000
-	734m S	Disused Air Shaft	1980	1:10000
-	734m S	Disused Air Shaft	1965	1:10560
-	734m E	Drift	1951	1:10560



ID	Location	Land Use	Year of mapping	Mapping scale
-	734m S	Air Shaft	1951	1:10560
-	735m S	Air Shaft	1938	1:10560
-	735m S	Air Shaft	1903	1:10560
-	807m S	Unspecified Old Shafts	1938	1:10560
-	814m S	Old Ironstone Pits	1938	1:10560
-	827m E	Coal Pit	1938	1:10560
-	831m S	Unspecified Disused Shaft	1991	1:10000
-	831m S	Unspecified Disused Shaft	1980	1:10000
-	831m S	Unspecified Disused Shaft	1965	1:10560
-	832m S	Unspecified Old Shaft	1951	1:10560
-	833m S	Unspecified Old Shaft	1938	1:10560
-	836m S	Unspecified Old Shaft	1903	1:10560
AE	844m SW	Air Shaft	1965	1:10560
AE	856m SW	Air Shaft	1938	1:10560
21	871m SW	Air Shaft	1951	1:10560
AF	872m SW	Unspecified Disused Shaft	1991	1:10000
AF	872m SW	Unspecified Disused Shaft	1980	1:10000
AF	872m SW	Unspecified Disused Shaft	1965	1:10560
AF	875m SW	Unspecified Old Shaft	1938	1:10560
-	890m S	Old Ironstone Pits	1938	1:10560
-	891m S	Old Ironstone Pits	1903	1:10560
-	921m SW	Unspecified Disused Shaft	1991	1:10000
-	923m SW	Unspecified Old Shafts	1938	1:10560
-	923m SW	Unspecified Old Shafts	1903	1:10560
-	923m SW	Unspecified Disused Shaft	1980	1:10000
-	923m SW	Unspecified Disused Shaft	1965	1:10560
-	957m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1903	1:10560
-	957m SW	Unspecified Old Shafts	1951	1:10560



ID	Location	Land Use	Year of mapping	Mapping scale
-	960m SW	Unspecified Old Shafts	1938	1:10560
-	960m SW	Unspecified Old Shafts	1903	1:10560
-	973m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1903	1:10560
-	973m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1903	1:10560
-	985m SW	Old Ironstone Pits	1903	1:10560
-	986m E	Air Shaft	1938	1:10560
-	986m E	Air Shaft	1903	1:10560
-	989m E	Air Shaft	1951	1:10560
-	990m E	Air Shaft	1965	1:10560

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.*

## 18.5 Historical Mineral Planning Areas

**Records within 500m**

**0**

Boundaries of mineral planning permissions for England and Wales. This data was collated between the 1940s (and retrospectively to the 1930s) and the mid 1980s. The data includes permitted, withdrawn and refused permissions.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 18.6 Non-coal mining

**Records within 1000m**

**5**

The potential for historical non-coal mining to have affected an area. The assessment is drawn from expert knowledge and literature in addition to the digital geological map of Britain. Mineral commodities may be divided into seven general categories - vein minerals, chalk, oil shale, building stone, bedded ores, evaporites and 'other' commodities (including ball clay, jet, black marble, graphite and chert).

Features are displayed on the Mining, ground workings and natural cavities map on **page 93**

ID	Location	Name	Commodity	Class	Likelihood
1	On site	Not available	Iron Ore (Bedded)	B	Localised small scale underground mining may have occurred. Potential for difficult ground conditions are unlikely or localised and are at a level where they need not be considered



ID	Location	Name	Commodity	Class	Likelihood
2	63m N	Not available	Iron Ore (Bedded)	B	Localised small scale underground mining may have occurred. Potential for difficult ground conditions are unlikely or localised and are at a level where they need not be considered
-	896m W	Not available	Iron Ore (Bedded)	B	Localised small scale underground mining may have occurred. Potential for difficult ground conditions are unlikely or localised and are at a level where they need not be considered
-	908m SW	Sheffield Area	Vein Mineral/Iron ore	B	Localised small scale underground mining may have occurred. Potential for difficult ground conditions are unlikely or localised and are at a level where they need not be considered
-	923m W	Not available	Iron Ore (Bedded)	B	Localised small scale underground mining may have occurred. Potential for difficult ground conditions are unlikely or localised and are at a level where they need not be considered

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 18.7 Mining cavities

### Records within 1000m

**1**

Industry recognised national database of mining cavities. Degraded mines may result in hazardous subsidence (crown holes). Climatic conditions and water escape can also trigger subsidence over mine entrances and workings.

Features are displayed on the Mining, ground workings and natural cavities map on **page 93**

ID	Location	Mine Address	Mineral	Data source	Publisher
F	563m S	Skiers Spring, Hoyland, South Yorkshire	Magnetite, Marcasite, Siderite, Ironstone	LISTING OF NEW MINERAL RECORDS OFFICE CATALOGUE.	UNPUBLISHED/D RAFT

*This data is sourced from Peter Brett Associates (PBA).*

## 18.8 JPB mining areas

### Records on site

**0**

Areas which could be affected by former coal mining. This data includes some mine plans unavailable to the Coal Authority.

*This data is sourced from Johnson Poole and Bloomer.*



## 18.9 Coal mining

Records on site **1**

Areas which could be affected by past, current or future coal mining.

Location	Details
On site	The site is located within a coal mining area as defined by the Coal Authority. A Consultants Coal Mining Report is recommended to further assess coal mining issues at the site. This can be ordered directly through Groundsure or your preferred search provider.

*This data is sourced from the Coal Authority.*

## 18.10 Brine areas

Records on site **0**

The Cheshire Brine Compensation District indicates areas that may be affected by salt and brine extraction in Cheshire and where compensation would be available where damage from this mining has occurred. Damage from salt and brine mining can still occur outside this district, but no compensation will be available.

*This data is sourced from the Cheshire Brine Subsidence Compensation Board.*

## 18.11 Gypsum areas

Records on site **0**

Generalised areas that may be affected by gypsum extraction.

*This data is sourced from British Gypsum.*

## 18.12 Tin mining

Records on site **0**

Generalised areas that may be affected by historical tin mining.

*This data is sourced from Mining Searches UK.*

## 18.13 Clay mining

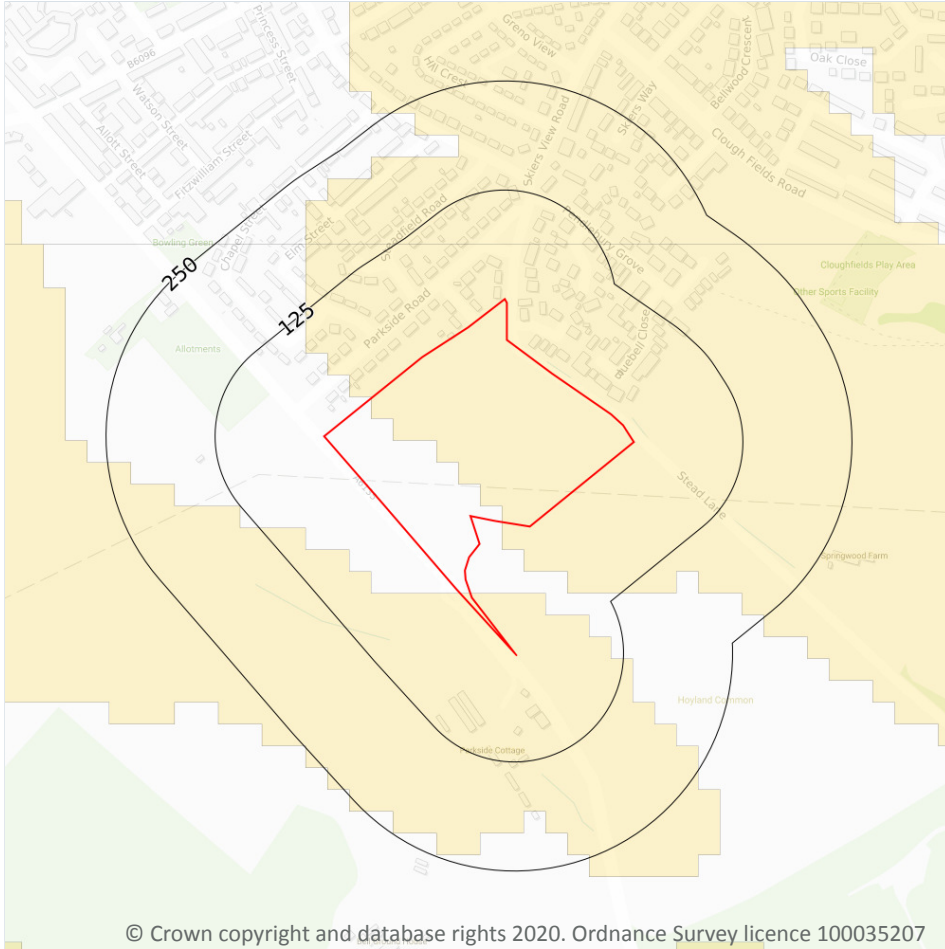
Records on site **0**

Generalised areas that may be affected by kaolin and ball clay extraction.

*This data is sourced from the Kaolin and Ball Clay Association (UK).*



## 19 Radon



— Site Outline  
 Search buffers in metres (m)

- Greater than 30%
- Between 10% and 30%
- Between 5% and 10%
- Between 3% and 5%
- Between 1% and 3%
- Less than 1%

### 19.1 Radon

#### Records on site

2

Estimated percentage of dwellings exceeding the Radon Action Level. This data is the highest resolution radon dataset available for the UK and is produced to a 75m level of accuracy to allow for geological data accuracy and a 'residential property' buffer. The findings of this section should supersede any estimations derived from the Indicative Atlas of Radon in Great Britain. The data was derived from both geological assessments and long term measurements of radon in more than 479,000 households.

Features are displayed on the Radon map on **page 105**

Location	Estimated properties affected	Radon Protection Measures required
On site	Between 1% and 3%	None
On site	Less than 1%	None**



*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and Public Health England.*



## 20 Soil chemistry

### 20.1 BGS Estimated Background Soil Chemistry

Records within 50m

14

The estimated values provide the likely background concentration of the potentially harmful elements Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Lead and Nickel in topsoil. The values are estimated primarily from rural topsoil data collected at a sample density of approximately 1 per 2 km<sup>2</sup>. In areas where rural soil samples are not available, estimation is based on stream sediment data collected from small streams at a sampling density of 1 per 2.5 km<sup>2</sup>; this is the case for most of Scotland, Wales and southern England. The stream sediment data are converted to soil-equivalent concentrations prior to the estimation.

Location	Arsenic	Bioaccessible Arsenic	Lead	Bioaccessible Lead	Cadmium	Chromium	Nickel
On site	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
On site	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
On site	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
On site	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
On site	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
On site	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
On site	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
On site	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
1m NW	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
1m NW	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
8m S	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
32m S	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg



Location	Arsenic	Bioaccessible Arsenic	Lead	Bioaccessible Lead	Cadmium	Chromium	Nickel
36m NE	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
48m S	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 20.2 BGS Estimated Urban Soil Chemistry

**Records within 50m**

**0**

Estimated topsoil chemistry of Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Nickel, Lead, Tin and Zinc and bioaccessible Arsenic and Lead in 23 urban centres across Great Britain. These estimates are derived from interpolation of the measured urban topsoil data referred to above and provide information across each city between the measured sample locations (4 per km<sup>2</sup>).

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 20.3 BGS Measured Urban Soil Chemistry

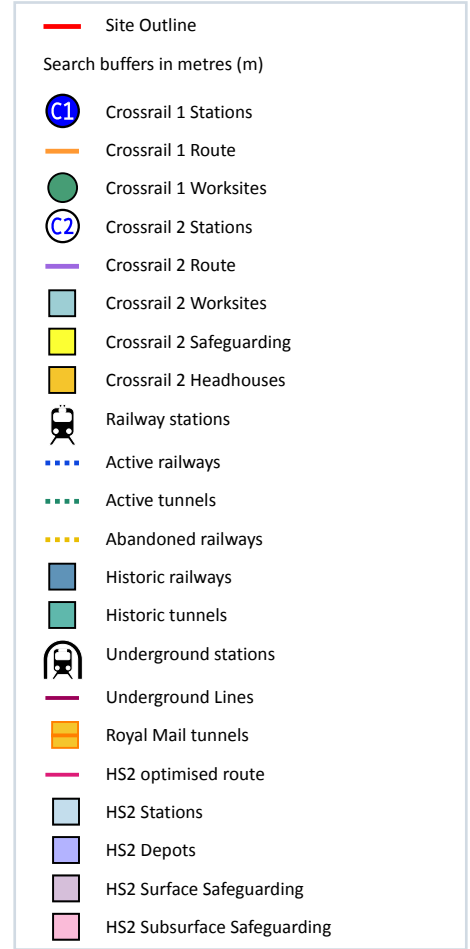
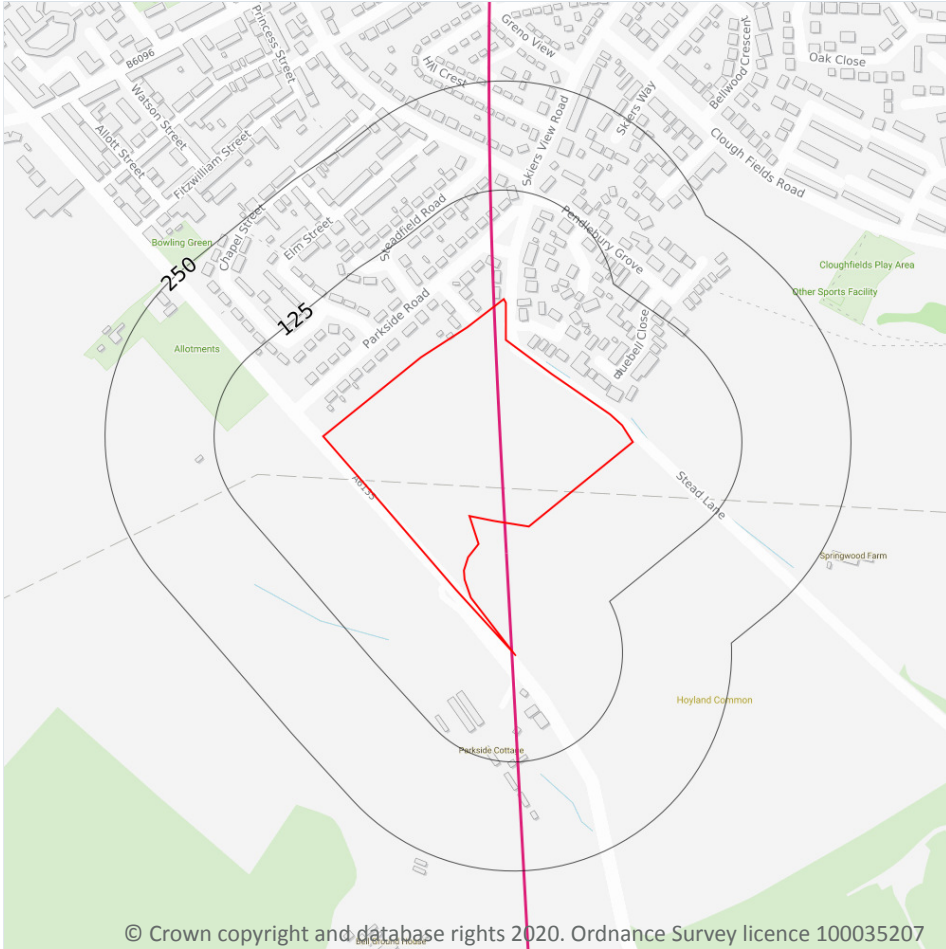
**Records within 50m**

**0**

The locations and measured total concentrations (mg/kg) of Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Nickel, Lead, Tin and Zinc in urban topsoil samples from 23 urban centres across Great Britain. These are collected at a sample density of 4 per km<sup>2</sup>.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 21 Railway infrastructure and projects



### 21.1 Underground railways (London)

Records within 250m

0

Details of all active London Underground lines, including approximate tunnel roof depth and operational hours.

*This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.*

### 21.2 Underground railways (Non-London)

Records within 250m

0

Details of the Merseyrail system, the Tyne and Wear Metro and the Glasgow Subway. Not all parts of all systems are located underground. The data contains location information only and does not include a depth assessment.

*This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.*

### 21.3 Railway tunnels

**Records within 250m**

**0**

Railway tunnels taken from contemporary Ordnance Survey mapping.

*This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.*

### 21.4 Historical railway and tunnel features

**Records within 250m**

**0**

Railways and tunnels digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping as scales of 1:1,250, 1:2,500, 1:10,000 and 1:10,560.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.*

### 21.5 Royal Mail tunnels

**Records within 250m**

**0**

The Post Office Railway, otherwise known as the Mail Rail, is an underground railway running through Central London from Paddington Head District Sorting Office to Whitechapel Eastern Head Sorting Office. The line is 10.5km long. The data includes details of the full extent of the tunnels, the depth of the tunnel, and the depth to track level.

*This data is sourced from Groundsure/the Postal Museum.*

### 21.6 Historical railways

**Records within 250m**

**0**

Former railway lines, including dismantled lines, abandoned lines, disused lines, historic railways and razed lines.

*This data is sourced from OpenStreetMap.*

### 21.7 Railways

**Records within 250m**

**0**

Currently existing railway lines, including standard railways, narrow gauge, funicular, trams and light railways.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey and OpenStreetMap.*



## 21.8 Crossrail 1

Records within 500m

0

The Crossrail railway project links 41 stations over 100 kilometres from Reading and Heathrow in the west, through underground sections in central London, to Shenfield and Abbey Wood in the east.

*This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.*

## 21.9 Crossrail 2

Records within 500m

0

Crossrail 2 is a proposed railway linking the national rail networks in Surrey and Hertfordshire via an underground tunnel through London.

*This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.*

## 21.10 HS2

Records within 500m

3

HS2 is a proposed high speed rail network running from London to Manchester and Leeds via Birmingham. Main civils construction on Phase 1 (London to Birmingham) of the project began in 2019, and it is currently anticipated that this phase will be fully operational by 2026. Construction on Phase 2a (Birmingham to Crewe) is anticipated to commence in 2021, with the service fully operational by 2027. Construction on Phase 2b (Crewe to Manchester and Birmingham to Leeds) is scheduled to begin in 2023 and be operational by 2033.

Features are displayed on the Railway infrastructure and projects map on **page 109**

Location	Track Type	Speed (mph)	Speed (km/h)	Status
On site	Surface Running Track	224mph	360kph	Original consultation route
On site	Tunnel	224mph	360kph	Original consultation route
436m S	Surface Running Track	224mph	360kph	Original consultation route

*This data is sourced from HS2 Ltd.*

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## Data providers

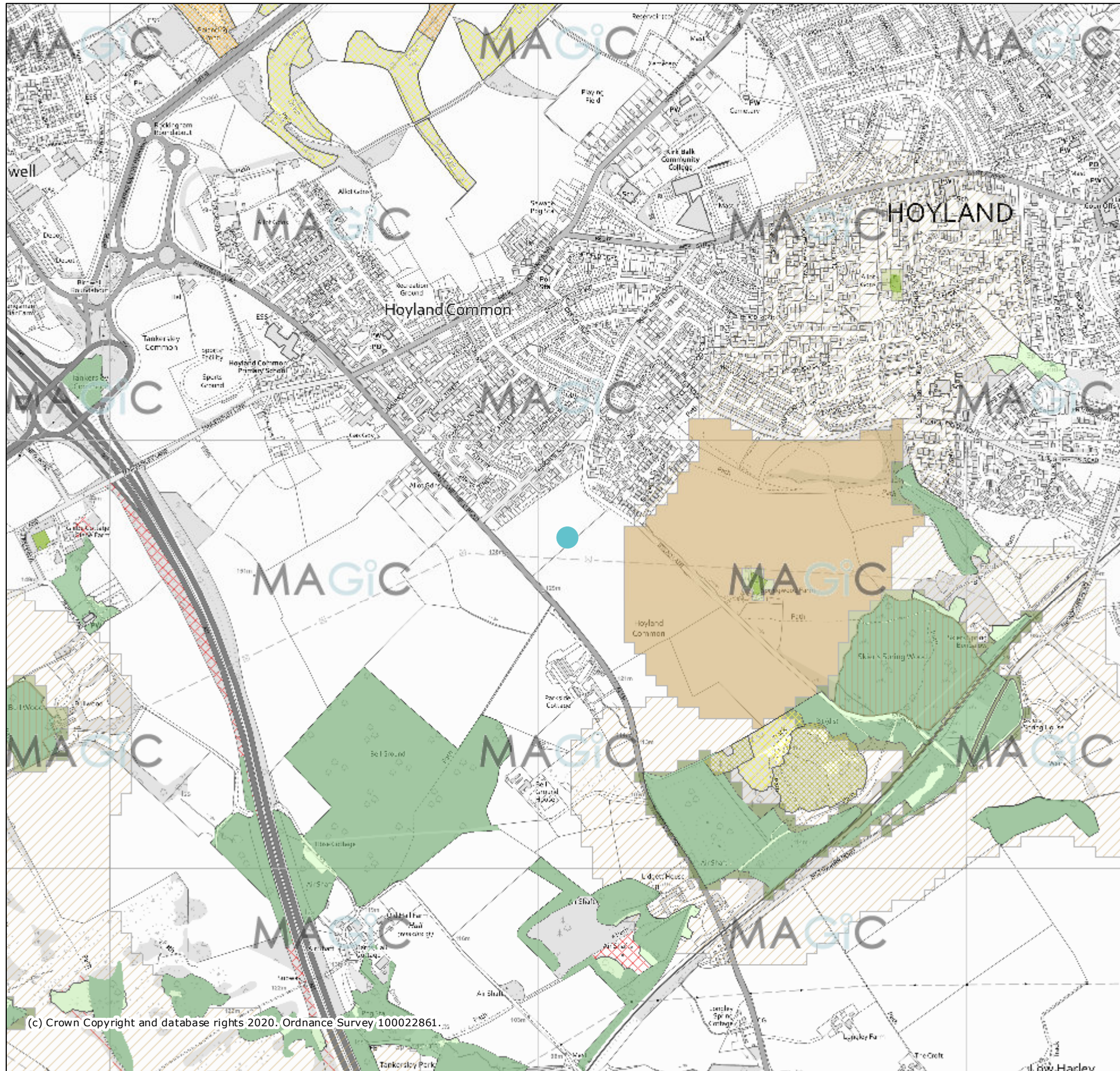
Groundsure works with respected data providers to bring you the most relevant and accurate information. To find out who they are and their areas of expertise see <https://www.groundsure.com/sources-reference>.

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## Terms and conditions

Groundsure's Terms and Conditions can be accessed at this link: <https://www.groundsure.com/terms-and-conditions-jan-2020/>.



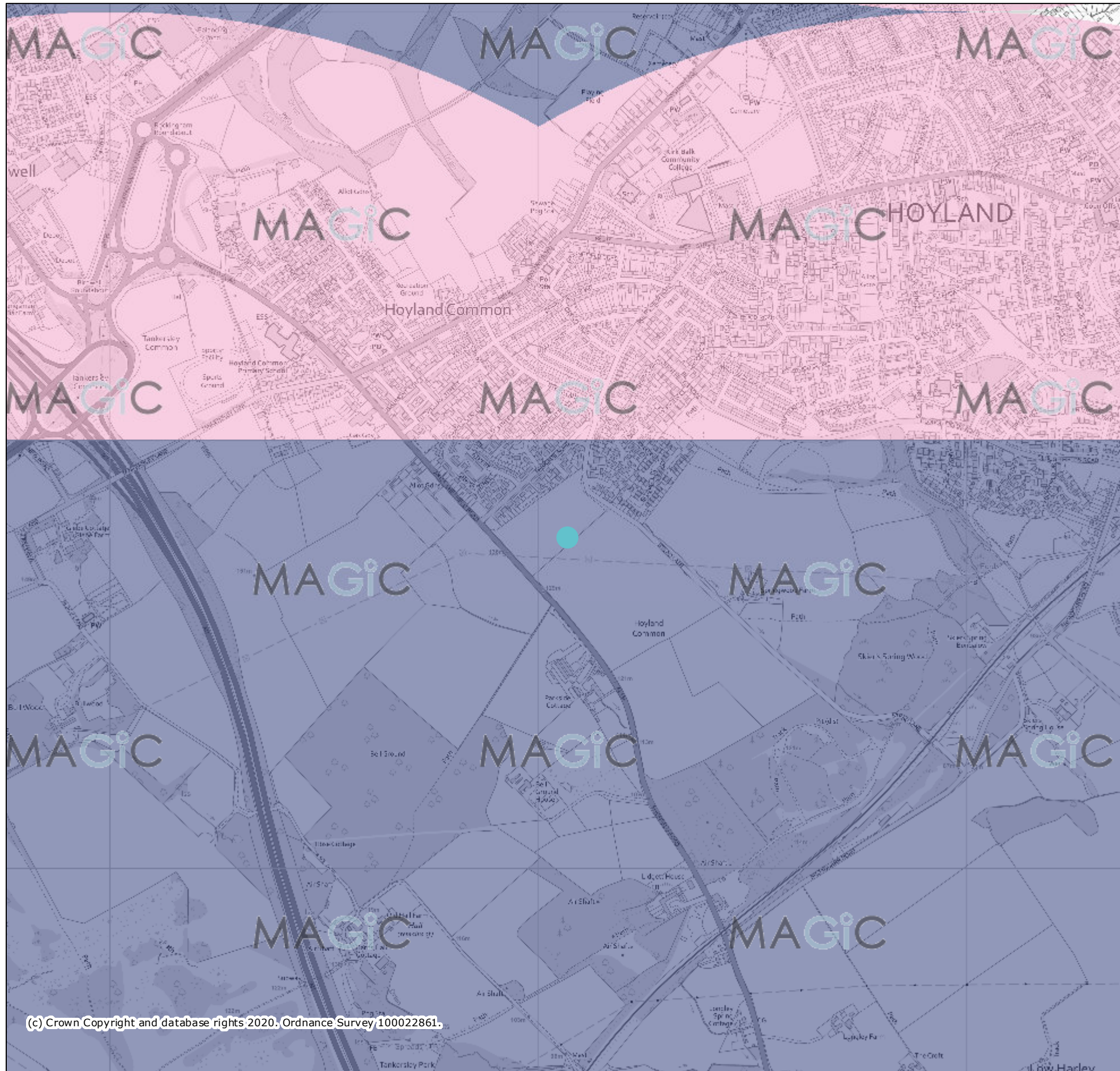


**Legend**

- Ancient Woodland (England)**
  - Ancient and Semi-Natural Woodland
  - Ancient Replanted Woodland
  - Priority Habitat Inventory - Deciduous Woodland (England)
  - Forestry Commission Legal Boundary (England)
- National Forest Inventory (GB)**
  - Assumed woodland
  - Broadleaved
  - Cloud \ shadow
  - Conifer
  - Coppice
  - Coppice with standards
  - Failed
  - Felled
  - Ground prep
  - Low density
  - Mixed mainly broadleaved
  - Mixed mainly conifer
  - Shrub
  - Uncertain
  - Windthrow
  - Young trees
  - Priority Habitat Inventory - Traditional Orchards (England)
  - Woodpasture and Parkland BAP Priority Habitat (England)
- National Habitat Network All Habitats Combined (England)**
  - Ancient woodland
  - Blanket bog
  - Coastal saltmarsh
  - Coastal sand dunes
  - Coastal vegetated shingle
  - Lakes
  - Limestone pavement
  - Lowland calcareous grassland
  - Lowland dry acid grassland
  - Lowland fens
  - Lowland heathland
  - Lowland meadows
  - Lowland raised bog
  - Maritime cliff & slope
  - Purple moor grass & rush pastures
  - Reedbeds
  - Rivers
  - Traditional orchard
  - Upland calcareous grassland
  - Upland flushes fens & swamps
  - Upland hay meadow
  - Upland heathland
  - Wood pasture and parkland
  - PHI\_Other
  - Additional land within SSSIs
  - Habitat Restoration-Creation
  - Restorable Habitat
  - Fragmentation Action Zone
  - Network Enhancement Zone 1
  - Network Enhancement Zone 2
  - Network Expansion Zone

Projection = OSGB36  
 xmin = 434100  
 ymin = 398800  
 xmax = 438100  
 ymax = 400800

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**Legend**

- Priority Species for CS Targeting - Brown Hairstreak
- Priority Species for CS Targeting - Corn Bunting
- Priority Species for CS Targeting - Curlew
- Priority Species for CS Targeting - Lapwing
- Priority Species for CS Targeting - Redshank
- Priority Species for CS Targeting - Snipe
- Upland Breeding Bird Areas for CS (England)
- Yellow Wagtail (England)

**Arable Assemblage Farmland Birds (England)**

- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6

**Grassland Assemblage Farmland Birds (England)**

- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- Black Grouse (England)
- Cirl Bunting (England)
- Corn Bunting (England)
- Curlew (England)
- Grey Partridge (England)
- Lapwing (England)
- Redshank (England)
- Snipe (England)
- Stone Curlew (England)
- Tree Sparrow (England)
- Turtle Dove (England)
- Twite (England)

Projection = OSGB36  
 xmin = 434100  
 ymin = 398800  
 xmax = 438100  
 ymax = 400800



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