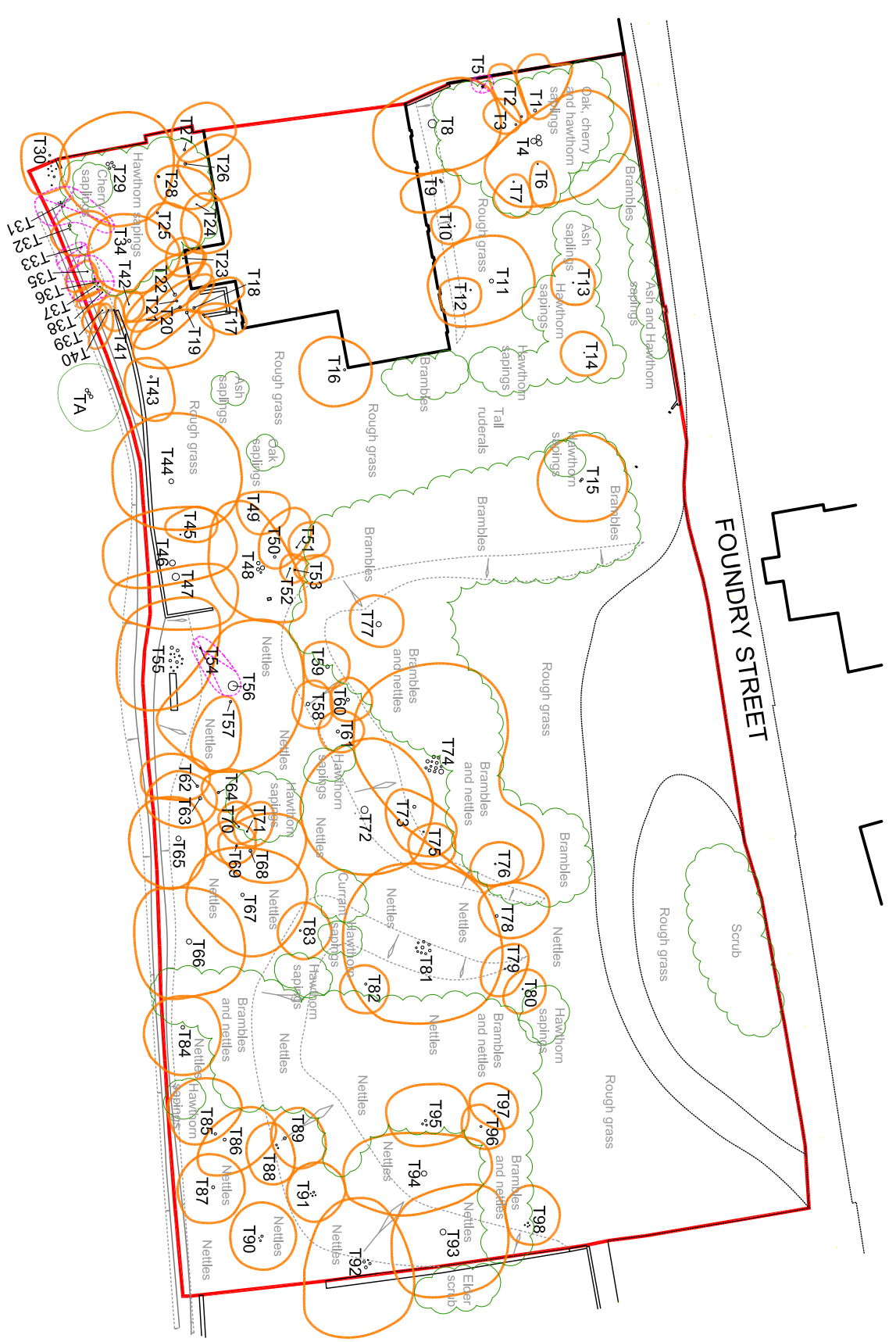


NO	TREE SPECIES	HEIGHT/SPREAD		DIA		dbh	CAT.	Life	NOTES	
		m	m	m	m					
T1	Betula pendula	12	5.5	0.24			C	40+		
T2	Betula pendula	9	5.5	0.16			C	40+		
T3	Salix caprea	10	3.5	0.16			C	40+	Dead wood in mid part of tree	
T4	Salix caprea	12	13	0.76			N	C	40+	Dead wood in mid part of tree, three stems
T5	Ulmus sp.	5	2	0.2			N	D	20-40	Trunk pollarded at 5m
T6	Betula pendula	7	4	0.1			C	40+	Suppressed, lean	
T7	Malus sp.	3.5	3.5	0.12			gl	C	40+	Forks at 1.2m
T8	Salix caprea	12	11	0.7			gl	C	40+	Divides into 5, pruned to boundary to the west
T9	Acer pseudoplatanus	11	5	0.22			N	C	40+	Forks at base
T10	Crataegus monogyna	4	3.5	0.1			gl	C	40+	Forks at 1m
T11	Betula pendula	10	9	0.35			C	40+	Suppressed	
T12	Crataegus monogyna	5.5	3.5	0.13			C	40+		
T13	Crataegus monogyna	3	4	0.13			gl	C	40+	
T14	Prunus sp.	5	4	0.095			C	40+		
T15	Fraxinus excelsior	8	7.5	0.25			N	C	40+	
T16	Fraxinus excelsior	7	6	0.19			C	40+	Severe lean	
T17	Betula pendula	11	4	0.18			C	40+		
T18	Betula pendula	10	5	0.22			C	40+	Forks at 0.5m	
T19	Salix caprea	9	7	0.24			gl	C	40+	Forks at 0.5m
T20	Salix caprea	9	8.5	0.21			gl	C	40+	Forks at 0.5m
T21	Salix caprea	9	8.5	0.17			C	40+		
T22	Salix caprea	9	8.5	0.28			gl	C	40+	Divides into 3 at ground level
T23	Prunus sp.	6.5	3	0.095			C	20-40	Suppressed, next to building	
T24	Crataegus monogyna	4	5	0.095			C	40+		
T25	Betula pendula	11	5	0.17			C	40+	Lean	
T26	Salix caprea	10	6	0.22			C	40+		
T27	Salix caprea	10	5.5	0.19			C	40+		
T28	Prunus sp.	8	5	0.13			N	C	10-20	Divides into 5 at base, suppressed, lean
T29	Salix caprea	9	10	0.48			N	C	40+	Divides into 4 from ground level
T30	Prunus sp.	8	5	0.37			N	C	10-20	Divides into 10+ at ground level, on steep bank, under wall
T31	Prunus sp.	6	7	0.22			N	D	10-20	Divides into 7+ at ground level, on steep bank, under wall, pruned from the south
T32	Prunus sp.	6	5	0.27			N	C	20-40	Divides into 3 from ground level, one trunk dead and rotten, pruned from the south, on steep bank
T33	Prunus sp.	6	3	0.095				D	20-40	On steep slope, severe lean
T34	Salix caprea	10	8	0.28			gl	C	40+	Forks at 25m
T35	Fraxinus excelsior	12	3	0.13			C	40+	Wound at 6m, on steep slope	
T36	Prunus sp.	7	4	0.24			N	D	20-40	Divides into 6+ from ground level, on steep slope
T37	Fraxinus excelsior	8	2.5	0.075			C	40+		
T38	Fraxinus excelsior	7.5	2.5	0.08			C	40+		
T39	Fraxinus excelsior	7.5	2.5	0.09			C	40+		
T40	Prunus sp.	6	4	0.09			C	10-20	Damaged/decay at base, lean	
T41	Fraxinus excelsior	9	3	0.135			C	40+		
T42	Salix caprea	8	3	0.09			C	20-40	Severe kink at ground level	
T43	Ulmus sp.	8.5	5.5	0.19			gl	C	40+	Hawthorn growing against trunk, fork at 0.6m
T44	Betula pendula	11	11	0.4			C	40+		
T45	Acer pseudoplatanus	6.5	4.5	0.1			C	40+		
T46	Salix caprea	10	11.5	0.5			gl	C	20-40	Multi stem from ground level, some decay at base
T47	Salix caprea	10	12	0.6			gl	C	20-40	Multi stem from ground level, some decay at base
T48	Salix caprea	9	11.5	0.56			N	C	40+	Divides into 4 from ground level, rubble over root plate
T49	Prunus sp.	6	4.5	0.08			C	40+		
T50	Salix caprea	9	5.5	0.22			C	40+	Slight lean	
T51	Betula pendula	9	3.5	0.13			C	40+		
T52	Betula pendula	8.5	2.5	0.095			C	40+		
T53	Betula pendula	9	3	0.15			C	10-20	Very severe lean	
T54	Acer pseudoplatanus	6	6	0.16			D	0-10	Damaged and snapped at 1.2m, canopy leaning on T56	
T55	Acer pseudoplatanus	12	11	0.6			N	C	20-40	13 trunks from ground level (plus 1 cut), decay in several trunks
T56	Salix caprea	12	13.5	0.8			gl	C	40+	Divides into 3 at 0.7m
T57	Salix caprea	11	6.5	0.2			C	20-40	Suppressed	
T58	Crataegus monogyna	7	4.5	0.15			C	40+		
T59	Crataegus monogyna	6	4.5	0.15			gl	C	40+	Forks at 0.6m
T60	Crataegus monogyna	6	4	0.13			gl	C	40+	
T61	Fraxinus excelsior	9	4	0.13			C	40+		
T62	Acer pseudoplatanus	12	6	0.22			C	40+		
T63	Acer pseudoplatanus	12	6	0.26			C	40+		
T64	Acer pseudoplatanus	10	4	0.2			gl	C	40+	Forks from ground level, one trunk cut
T65	Acer pseudoplatanus	12	7.5	0.42			gl	C	40+	
T66	Acer pseudoplatanus	12	9	0.44			C	40+	Divides into 3 at 0.4m, dead wood in canopy	
T67	Acer pseudoplatanus	12	10	0.28			C	40+		
T68	Acer pseudoplatanus	12	7.5	0.25			C	40+		
T69	Acer pseudoplatanus	12	4.5	0.16			C	40+		
T70	Acer pseudoplatanus	10	3.5	0.11			C	40+		

T71	Acer pseudoplatanus	10	4	0.13			C	40+	Divides into 3 from ground level, on slope	
T72	Acer pseudoplatanus	14	11.5	0.6			gl	C	40+	Forks at 1m
T73	Acer pseudoplatanus	11	6.5	0.26			C	40+	Multi stem (12) from ground level	
T74	Salix alba	11	20	0.84			N	C	20-40	Suppressed
T75	Crataegus monogyna	7	4	0.14			C	40+	Forks at ground level, suppressed by T74	
T76	Crataegus monogyna	4.5	4.5	0.15			gl	C	40+	Divides into 3 from ground level
T77	Crataegus monogyna	6.5	5	0.22			gl	C	40+	
T78	Prunus sp.	8.5	6	0.22			gl	C	40+	Forks at 1.0m
T79	Crataegus monogyna	6	5	0.12			C	40+		
T80	Crataegus monogyna	6	4	0.11			C	40+		
T81	Acer pseudoplatanus	15	0.14	0.57			N	C	40+	Divides into 9 from ground level
T82	Crataegus monogyna	4.5	4	0.19			gl	C	40+	On slope
T83	Acer pseudoplatanus	8	4.5	0.15			C	40+		
T84	Crataegus monogyna	6	6.5	0.3			gl	C	40+	
T85	Fraxinus excelsior	10	6	0.21			C	40+		
T86	Fraxinus excelsior	10	7.5	0.25			gl	C	40+	
T87	Crataegus monogyna	7	6	0.26			N	C	40+	Forks at 1m
T88	Acer pseudoplatanus sp.	9	5	0.2			N	C	40+	
T89	Acer pseudoplatanus	9	5	0.24			C	40+	Divides into 3 from ground level	
T90	Acer pseudoplatanus	9	5.5	0.26			N	C	40+	
T91	Crataegus monogyna	6	5.0	0.24			N	C	40+	Divides into 3 from ground level
T92	Fraxinus excelsior	12	12.0	0.4			N	C	40+	Divides into 4 from ground level
T93	Acer pseudoplatanus	11	11.0	0.5			gl	C	40+	Forks from ground level, branches cut, decay
T94	Acer pseudoplatanus	11	12.5	0.45			gl	C	40+	Forks at 0.5m
T95	Acer pseudoplatanus	10	7.0	0.3			N	C	40+	Splits from ground level
T96	Crataegus monogyna	7	4.0	0.17			gl	C	40+	Splits from 0.5m
T97	Crataegus monogyna	7	4.5	0.13			gl	C	40+	Splits from ground level
T98	Acer pseudoplatanus	9	5.0	0.21			N	C	40+	Splits from ground level
TA	Crataegus monogyna	7	5.0	0.49			N			



TREE SURVEY TO BSS837:2005

KEY

COLOUR QUALITY DESCRIPTION

- GREEN:** A: HIGH - Vigorous healthy good form, visually important, historic or rare
- YELLOW:** B: MODERATE - Slightly impaired condition, numerous fractures, 'X' retention desirable
- ORANGE:** C: LOW - Adequate condition requiring minimal surgery could be retained
- RED:** D/F: FELL - Dead/dying, dangerous, rescue needed, significant fungal disease
- PINK:** Tree outside survey boundary
- BLACK:** SUB-CATEGORY: 1 ARBORICULTURAL 2 LANDSCAPE 3 CULTURAL/CONSERVATION

Job: FOUNDRY STREET, ELSECAR

Title: TREE SURVEY

scale/dwg/dim JUN 10 1:300

drawn/dwg/dim JUN 10 313

job number/number FSE 01

number/revision

Weddle Landscape Design
LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING

News Studio, Charnwood House, 8 Kenwood Bank, Sherfield ST 1NU
Tel: (0114) 250 1181 Fax: (0114) 250 1188 mail@weddle.co.uk www.weddle.co.uk

Tree heights and spread approximate. The diameter of single stem trees is taken at 1.5m above ground level. Diameter of multitemmed trees is either measured at ground level (gl), or each multitem is measured at 1.5m above ground level and calculated to give a notional diameter (N) as if all multitem stems were fused into one stem.

It does not constitute a Tree Inspection or detailed report on condition.

Tree Inspectors should take place annually in September/October when trees are in leaf.

Tree positions are based on topographic survey drawing number 1952/S/1 produced by CT Surveys Limited dated May 2010

Based on CT Surveys drawing no 1952/S/1

LIMITATION OF THIS SURVEY
This survey records amenity quality and desirability of tree retention in relation to proposed construction by visual inspection from ground level where accessible.

In accordance with BSS837:2005 'Trees in relation to construction', off-site trees within a distance equal to 12x stem diameter from boundary should be surveyed, in accordance with good working practice, all trees within 12m of the site boundary have been surveyed.