



GRANT OF PLANNING PERMISSION

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990

APPLICATION NO. 2011/1512

To White Agus Partnership
Providence Villa
42 Sackville Street
Barnsley
S70 2BD

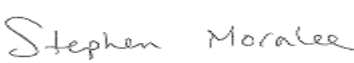
DESCRIPTION Demolition of existing dwelling and erection of 1 no. bungalow.
LOCATION 366B Pontefract Road, Barnsley, S71 5JY

Permission is granted for the proposals which were the subject of the Application and Plans registered by the Council on 14 December 2011 and described above.

The approval is subject on compliance with the following conditions:

- 1 The development hereby permitted shall be begun before the expiration of 3 years from the date of this permission.
Reason: In order to comply with the provision of Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
- 2 The development hereby approved shall be carried out strictly in accordance with the plans and specifications as approved (ref: 11-053-01-A) unless prior written consent has been given by the Local Planning Authority to any variation.
Reason: In the interests of the visual amenities of the locality and in accordance with LDF Core Strategy Policy CSP 29, Design.
- 3 The parking/manoeuvring facilities, indicated on the submitted plan, shall be surfaced in a solid bound material (i.e. not loose chippings) and made available for the manoeuvring and parking of motor vehicles prior to the development being brought into use, and shall be retained for that sole purpose at all times.
Reason: In the interest of highway safety.
- 4 All surface water run-off shall be collected and disposed of within the site and shall not be allowed to be discharged onto the public highway.
Reason: in the interest of road safety.

The grant of this consent does not constitute or imply permission, approval or consent by the Local Authority for any other purpose.


Signed
Assistant Director, Planning and Regulatory Services

Dated 13 January 2012

- 5 Construction or remediation work comprising the use of plant, machinery or equipment, or deliveries of materials shall only take place between the hours of 0800 to 1800 Monday to Friday and 0900 to 1400 on Saturdays and at no time on Sundays or Bank Holidays.
Reason: In the interests of the amenities of local residents and in accordance with Core Strategy Policy CSP 40, Pollution Control and Protection.

Reason(s) for Granting Permission

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 1 Infill/backland development | The proposal complies with Policy H8D in that

there would be no harm to the local environment or residential amenity.
it would not create any traffic problems.
it would not prejudice future development. |
|-------------------------------|---|

Informative(s)

- 1 The proposed development lies within a coal mining area. In the circumstances Applicants should take account of any coal mining related hazards to stability in their proposals. Developers must also seek permission from the Authority before undertaking any operations that involves entry into any coal or mines of coal, including coal mine shafts and the implementation of site investigations or other works. Property specific summary information on any past, current or proposed surface and underground coal mining activity to affect the development can be obtained from the Coal Authority. The Coal Authority Mining Reports Service can be contacted on 0845 762 6848 or at www.coal.gov.uk.
- 2 The granting of planning permission does not in any way infer that consent of the landowner is given. Therefore the consent of all relevant landowners is required before proceeding with any development including that of the Council as landowner.

If it should transpire that the applicant does not own any of the land included in this consent then it is the responsibility of the applicant to seek all necessary consents and approvals of the landowner.

- 3 The decision to grant planning permission has been taken having regard to the policies and proposals in the Barnsley Unitary Development Plan set out below and to all relevant material considerations, including Supplementary Planning Guidance:

UDP Saved Policies

Policy H8 (Existing Residential Areas) - Areas defined on the proposals map as Housing Policy Areas will remain predominantly in residential use.

H8A - The scale, layout, height and design of all new dwellings proposed within the existing residential areas must ensure that the living conditions and overall standards of residential amenity are provided or maintained to an acceptable level both for new residents and those existing, particularly in respect of the levels of mutual privacy, landscaping and access arrangements.

H8D - Planning permission for infill, backland or tandem development involving single or a small number of dwellings within existing residential areas will only be granted where development would not result in harm to the local environment or the amenities of existing residents, create traffic problems or prejudice the possible future development of a larger area of land.

SPG 32 - Parking, Transport Assessments and Travel Plans

Core Strategy

CSP 26 - New Development and Highway Improvement - New development will be expected to be designed and built to provide safe, secure and convenient access for all road users.

CSP29 - Design - High quality development will be expected, that respects, takes advantage of and enhances the distinctive features of Barnsley. Development should enable people to gain access safely and conveniently.

National

Planning Policy Statement 1 'Delivering Sustainable Development'

Planning Policy Statement 3 'Housing'

Planning Policy Guidance 13: Transport

Other material considerations

South Yorkshire Residential Design Guide – 2011

This informative is only intended as a summary of the reason for granting planning permission

NOTES:-

Appeals to the Secretary of State

If you are aggrieved by the decision of the Council to grant permission for the proposed development subject to conditions then you can appeal to the Secretary of State for the Environment, Transport and Regions under Section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act. If you want to appeal, then you must do so within six months of the date of this notice, using a form which you can get from The Planning Inspectorate, Room 3/24 Hawk Wing, Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol, BS1 6PN.

The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but he will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to him that the Local Planning Authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions it imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of the development order and to any directions giving under the order. In practice, the Secretary of State does not refuse to consider appeals solely because the Local Planning Authority based its decision on a direction given by him.

Purchase Notices

If either the Local Planning Authority or the Secretary of State for the Environment, Transport and Regions refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor can he render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted. In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

Compensation

In certain circumstances compensation may be claimed from the Local Planning Authority if permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on reference to the application to him. These circumstances are set out in Sections 114 and related provisions of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.