**Arboricultural Survey to BS5837:2012** 

**Judith Anita Kimberley.** 

207-209 Manchester Road, Thurlstone,

Sheffield,

S36 9QS.

10 February 2023

Alan Thompson FdSc (Arb) M.Arbor.A



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If this report has been released electronically the appendices referred to herein can be found in the annexed zip folder/s as .pdf files. If this report has been released in hard copy the appendices will be bound into the back of this report. Plans are annexed separately as AO, A1, A2 or A3 as appropriate.

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### 1. Introduction

Arbtech Consulting Limited (Arbtech) received written instruction in January 2022 from Judith Anita Kimberley to attend 207-209 Manchester Road, Thurlstone, Sheffield, S36 9QS (site) to undertake an arboricultural survey a to BS5837:2012 guidance to assess trees, hedges and major shrub groups growing on and within influencing distance of the site and to produce a Schedule of trees, Tree Constraints Plan.

I am Alan Thompson, an arboricultural consultant at Arbtech Consulting Ltd. I undertook the tree survey on 1<sup>st</sup> February 2023 and subsequently have produced this summary of my findings. I have over 13 years' arboricultural experience in both local authority and private practise environment, and also hold the LANTRA professional tree inspection certificate.

The advice below and appended is underwritten by our Professional Indemnity insurance for the business practice of Arboricultural Consultancy in the sum of one million Pounds Sterling in each and every claim.

Table 1: Documents referred to.

Document	Reference No.
Survey base drawing	Topographical Survey - 22334
LPA pre-app comments	N/A
British Standard 5837:2012	"BS5837"
Tree Survey Schedule	Arbtech TS 01
Tree Constraints Plan	Arbtech TCP 01

# 2. Survey

**Survey:** An arboricultural survey to BS5837 of all trees within impacting distance of the site was undertaken by Alan Thompson on 11<sup>th</sup> January 2023, conditions were cold & overcast.

During the survey I categorised the trees using "Table 1 – Cascade chart for tree quality assessment" of the BS5837:2012 (see Appendix 1).

A total of 15No. individual trees, 1No. hedge and 7No. groups of trees were surveyed. Details for each of the trees surveyed are provided in the Schedule of Trees (see Appendix 2).



Table 2: Documents upon which this tree survey has been based.

Document	Originator	Reference Number	Title
Survey Base Plan	Silkstone Surveys	22334	207-209 Manchester Road

**Limitations:** The survey was made at ground level using visual observation only. Detailed examinations, such as climbing inspections and advanced decay detection equipment were not employed, though may form part of the survey's management recommendations. Measurements were taken using specialist tapes, laser, and GPS devices. Where this was not possible, measurements are estimated.

**Scope:** Pre-development tree surveys make arboricultural management recommendations based exclusively upon the individual tree or group of trees condition relative to their present context (*i.e.* not in relation to the proposed development).

**Legal Status**: No statutory protection check has been performed. BS5837 does not draw any distinction between trees subject to statutory protection, such as a Tree Preservation Order ("TPO"), and those trees without. This is principally because a detailed planning consent overrides any TPO protection. Consequently, we do not seek to offer any comparison between or infer any difference in the quality or importance of TPO trees and other trees.

#### **Survey Site/Extents**

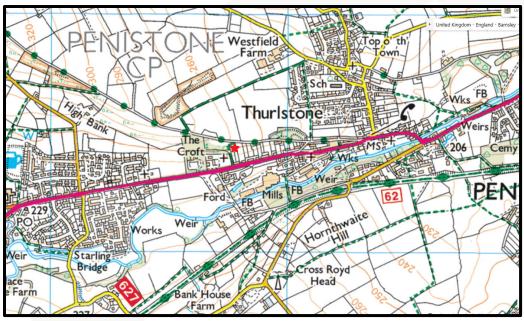


Figure 1: Ordnance Survey of location (Bing Maps)

<sup>\*</sup> For more information on the surveyed trees please see Arbtech Consulting Ltd, Tree Survey Schedule (Appendix 1), Tree Survey Report and Tree Constraints Plan.





Figure 2: Aerial Image of site with approximate red line boundary (Google Maps)



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# 3. BS5837:2012 Scope

This standard recognises that there can be problems for development close to existing trees which are to be retained, and of planting trees close to existing structures. This standard sets out to assist those concerned with trees, in relation to construction, to form balanced judgements. It does not set out to put arguments for or against development, or for the removal or retention of trees. Where development, including demolition, is to occur, the standard provides guidance on how to decide which trees are appropriate for retention, on the means of protecting these trees during development, including demolition and construction work, and on the means of incorporating trees into the developed landscape.

# 4. Methodology

The methodology used to assess the trees was the British Standard 5837:2012 'Trees in Relation to Construction' tree survey method. The aim of the survey is to establish which trees are moderate and good quality; suitable for retention and justifying protection. And which trees are low or poor quality; either undesirable or unsuitable to retain and protect.

The tree survey includes all trees included in the land survey red line boundary plan, as well as any that may have been missed, and it should categorize trees or groups of trees, including woodlands for their quality and value within the existing context, in a transparent, understandable, and systematic way. Where the arboriculturist has deemed it appropriate, the trees have been tagged with small metal or plastic tags, placed as high as is convenient on the stem of each tree.

Whilst master plan proposals for the development of the site might be available, the trees have been surveyed without taking these into consideration. All detailed design work on site layout should take into consideration the results of the tree survey (and the TCP).

Trees forming groups and areas of woodland (including orchards, wood pasture and historic parkland) are identified and considered as groups where the arboriculturist has determined that this is appropriate, particularly where they contain a variety of species and age classes that could aid long-term management. It is often expedient to assess the quality and value of such groups of trees as a whole, rather than as individuals. However, an assessment of individuals within any group has been undertaken if they are open-grown or if there is a need to differentiate between them.

The quality and value of each tree or group of trees has been recorded by allocating it to one of the four categories: A, B, C, or U (highest to lowest quality respectively). The categories are differentiated on the tree survey plan by colour, or by suffixing the category adjacent to the tree identification number on the TCP.



The survey schedule lists all the trees or groups of trees. The following information is also provided:

- a) reference number (to be recorded on the tree survey plan);
- b) species (common or scientific names);
- c) height in meters (m);
- d) stem diameter in millimetres (mm) at 1.5m above adjacent ground level or immediately above the root flare for multi-stemmed trees;
- e) branch spread in meters taken at the four cardinal compass points;
- f) height of crown clearance above adjacent ground level in meters (m);
- g) age class (newly planted, young, semi-mature, early mature, mature, over mature);
- h) physiological condition (e.g. good, fair, poor, decline and dead);
- i) structural condition (e.g. good, fair, poor or not visible);
- j) comment about the tree, its location and preliminary management recommendations, including further investigation of suspected defects that require more detailed assessment and potential for wildlife habitat;
- k) The retention category referring to the quality and useful contribution in years; U = <10yrs; A = >40yrs; B = >20yrs; C = >10yrs. The retention subcategory referring to the type of amenity; 1 = Arboricultural; 2 = Landscape; 3 = Cultural including conservation (see Appendix 1 Cascade chart for tree quality assessment).



#### 5. Definitions

#### Arboriculturist

An arboriculturist (or arboricultural consultant) is a person who has, through relevant education, training, and experience, gained recognized qualifications and expertise in the field of trees in relation to construction.

#### Tree Survey

A tree survey should be undertaken by an arboriculturist and should record information about the trees on a site independently of and prior to any specific design for development. As a subsequent task, and with reference to a design or potential design, the results of the survey should be included in the preparation of a tree constraints plan, which should be used to assist with site layout design.

#### Tree Constraints Plan

A TCP is plan, typically delivered as an AutoCAD drawing (.DWG file format), prepared by an arboriculturist for the purposes of layout design showing the root protection area and representing the effect that the mature height and spread of retained trees will have on layouts through shade, dominance, etc.

#### Root Protection Area

An RPA is a layout design tool indicating the area surrounding a tree that contains sufficient rooting volume to ensure the survival of the tree, shown in plan form in m<sup>2</sup>.

#### Construction Exclusion Zone (also termed Tree Protection Zone)

A construction exclusion or tree protection zone is an area based on the RPA (in m²), identified by an arboriculturist, to be protected during development, including demolition and construction work, by the use of barriers and/or ground protection fit for purpose to ensure the successful long-term retention of a tree.

#### Arboricultural Impact Assessment (AIA)

This is a study, undertaken by an arboriculturist, to identify, evaluate and possibly mitigate the extent of direct and indirect impacts on existing trees that may arise as a result of the implementation of any site layout proposal.

#### Tree Protection Plan (TPP)

A TPP is plan, typically delivered as an AutoCAD drawing (.DWG file format), prepared by an arboriculturist showing the finalized layout proposals, tree retention and tree and landscape protection measures detailed within the arboricultural method statement, which can be shown graphically.

#### Arboricultural Method Statement (AMS)

This is a methodology for the implementation of any aspect of development that has the potential to result in loss of or damage to a tree. The AMS is likely to include details of an on-site tree protection monitoring regime.



#### 6. Limitations

Trees were inspected from using visual observation from ground level only. Trees were not climbed or inspected below ground level. Inaccessible trees will have best estimates made about the location, physical dimensions, and characteristics. Trees have been grouped where BS5837 guides us that it is expedient to do so. Trees have been excluded from the survey if they are found by us to be sufficiently far away from the proposed developable area or if they are outside of the red line boundary plan showing the expectations of our client for the extent of the survey. BS5837 does not draw any distinction between trees subject to statutory protection, such as a Tree Preservation Order ("TPO"), and those trees without. This is principally because a detailed planning consent overrides any TPO protection. Consequently, we do not seek to offer any comparison between or infer any difference in the quality or importance of TPO trees and other trees.



# 7. Appendices

The following documents were released to the Client as appendices to this report:

- Survey Schedule (.PDF)
- Tree Constraints Plan drawing (.DWG & .PDF)

If you require clarification of information contained herein, please do not hesitate to contact us via 01244 661170.

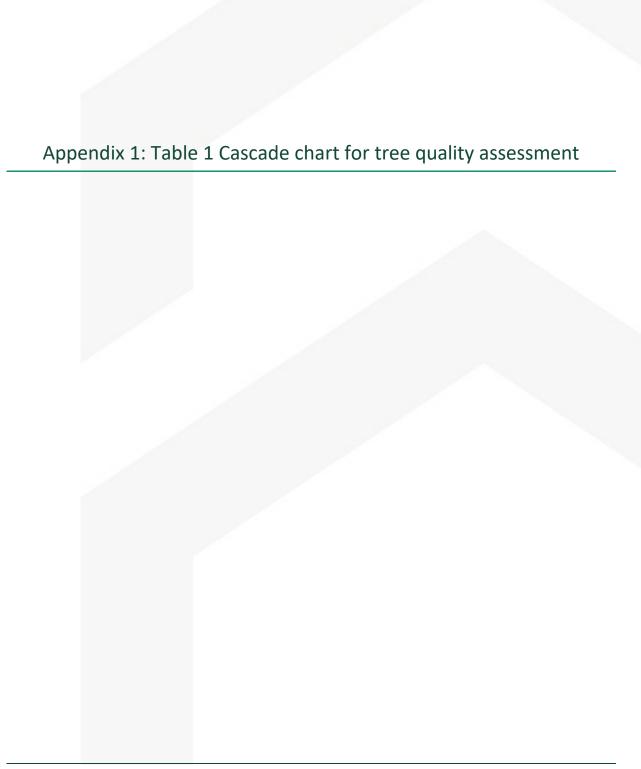
Yours Sincerely,

A.S.Thom

Alan Thompson Senior Consultant

07703 676216 at@arbtech.co.uk







#### BS5837:2012 Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction – Recommendations

Table 1	Cascade chart for tree quality assessment			
Category and definition	Criteria (including subcategories when appropriate	re		Identification o
Trees unsuitable for retention (see N	lote)			
Category U  Those in such a condition that they cannot realistically be retained as living trees in the context of the current land use for longer than 10 years.	after removal of other category U trees (e.g. where •Trees that are dead or are showing signs of significance to to •Trees infected with pathogens of significance to to better quality.	defect, such that their early loss is expected due to cole, for whatever reason, the loss of companion shelter calcant, immediate, and irreversible overall decline. he health and/or safety of other trees nearby, or very local conservation value which might be desirable to present	annot be mitigated by pruning). ow quality trees suppressing adjacent trees of	Dark red
	1 Mainly arboricultural qualities	2 Mainly landscape qualities	3 Mainly cultural values, including conservation	
Trees to be considered for retention	1		3,30	
Category A  Trees of high quality with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 40 years.	Trees that are particularly good examples of their species, especially if rare or unusual; or those that are essential components of groups or formal or semi-formal arboricultural features (e.g. the dominate and/or principal trees within an avenue).	Trees, groups, or woodlands of particular visual importance as arboricultural and/or landscape features.	Trees, groups or woodlands of significant conservation, historical, commemorative or other value (e.g. veteran trees or woodpasture).	Light green
Category B  Trees of moderate quality with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 20 years.	Trees that might be included in category A, but are downgraded because of impaired condition (e.g. presence of significant though remedial defects, including unsympathetic management and storm damage), such that they are unlikely to be suitable for retention of beyond 40 years; or trees lacking the special quality necessary to merit the category 'A' designation.	Trees present in numbers, usually growing as groups or woodlands, such that they attract a higher collective rating than they might as individuals; or trees occurring as collectives but situated so as to make little visual contribution to the wider locality.	Trees with material conservation or other cultural value.	Mid blue
Category C  Trees of low quality with an estimated remaining expectancy of at least 10 years, or young trees with a stem diameter below 150mm.	Unremarkable trees of very limited merit or such impaired condition that they do not qualify in higher categories.	Trees present in groups or woodlands, but without this conferring on them significantly greater collective landscape value; and/or trees offering low or only temporary/transient landscape value.	Trees with no material conservation or other cultural value.	Grey

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# Appendix 2: Schedule of Trees

## BS5837:2012 Tree Survey

Client: Judith Anita Kimberley

Project: 207-209 Manchester Road, Thurlstone, Sheffield, S36 9QS.

Survey Date: 01/02/2023 Surveyor: Alan Thompson



## **Artbech Consulting Ltd.**

Unit 3, Well House Barns

Chester Road

Chester Cheshire CH4 0DH

Phone: 01244 66 11 70

Tree and Tag No		Hght		Stems		Crowi			RP	Phys	Structu	Preliminary Recommendations	Cat
Species		(m)	No	Ø (mm)	Spre (m		Clear (m)	Age	A (m²) R (m)	Condition	Condition	ai ,	RC
G1												Estimated Measurer	ment
A Group		6.5	1	130	N	2.5	3	Υ	A: 7.6	Good	C: Fair	C	C.2
					Ε	2.5	3		R: 1.55		S: Good	Group is comprised of five young/early mature trees. Species 40+	+ yrs
					S	2.5	3				B: Good	are ash, sycamore and hawthorn Measurements given are	,
					W	2.5	3					estimated averages for the group.	
G2												Estimated Measurer	ment
A Group		16	1	480	N	6.5	4.5	SM	A: 104.2	Good	C: Good	В.	1.2
					Ε	6.5	4.5		R: 5.75		S: Good	Off site boundary group is comprised of six semi mature 40+	+ yrs
					S	6.5	4.5				B: Good	sycamore trees. Measurements given are estimated averages	, -
					W	6.5	4.5					for the group.	
G3												Estimated Measurer	ment
Common Holly		5.5	1	90	N	2	0.5	EM	A: 3.7	Good	C: Good	C	C.2
Ilex aquifolium					Е	2	0.5		R: 1.08		S: Good	Lapsed boundary holly hedgerow. Measurements given are 40+	+ yrs
					S	2	0.5				B: Good	estimated averages for the group	,
					W	2	0.5						
G4												Estimated Measurer	ment
Cherry Laurel		3.5	6	245 (Eq	) N	3.5	0.5	SM	A: 27.1	Good	C: Good	C	C.2
Prunus laurocerasus					Ε	3.5	0.5		R: 2.93		S: Good	Group is comprised of 2 multi stem cherry laurel shrubs.	+ yrs
					S	3.5	0.5				B: Good	Measurements given are estimated averages for the.	, -
					W	3.5	0.5						
Age Classifications:	N	Newly plant	tod	EM Early	Mature			ondit	ion: C	Crown		Stems: Ø Diameter	
Age Classifications:	N Y	Young	eu	M Matur			C	onait	ion: C S	Stem		(Eq) Equivalent stem diameter using BS5837:2012 definition	1
		Semi-matur		OM Over					3	Basal area		(Eq) Equivalent stem diameter using 500007.2012 definition	

Tree and Tag No	Hght	9	Stems		Crowr	1		RP	Phys	Structural	Preliminary Recommendations	Cat
Species	(m)	No	Ø (mm)	Spre (m		Clear (m)	Age	A (m²) R (m)	Condition	Condition	Survey Comment	ERC
G5											Estimated N	1easurements
A Group	15	1	480	N	6	4.5	SM	A: 104.2	Good	C: Good		B.1.2
				Е	6	4.5		R: 5.75		S: Good	Off site group is a small wooded area comprised of	40+ yrs
				S	6	4.5				B: Good	approximately 40 semi mature. Species are predominantly	,
				W	6	4.5					sycamore interspersed with occasional ash and birch. Measurements given are estimated averages for the group.	
G6											Estimated N	1easurements
A Group	14	1	480	N	6	4	SM	A: 104.2	Good	C: Good		B.1.2
				E	6	4		R: 5.75		S: Good	Off site group is comprised of six semi mature trees. Species	40+ yrs
				S W	6 6	4 4				B: Good	are sycamore and ash. Measurements given are estimated averages for the group.	·
G7												/leasurements
Common Ash	9	1	350	N	4	3	EM	A: 55.4	Good	C: Good	Estillated 1	B.2
Fraxinus excelsior	,	-	330	E	4	3		R: 4.19	Good	S: Good		
				S	4	3				B: Good	Off site group is comprised of eight early mature ash trees.  Measurements given are estimated averages for the group.	40+ yrs
				W	4	3					ricasurements given are estimated averages for the group.	
H1											Estimated N	1easurements
Cherry Laurel	2	1	60	N	0.5	0.2	EM	A: 1.6	Good	C: Good		C.2
Prunus laurocerasus				E	0.5	0.2		R: 0.71		S: Good	Well maintained laurel hedgerow. Measurements given are	20+ yrs
				S	0.5	0.2				B: Good	estimated averages for the hedge.	•
				W	0.5	0.2						
T1												
Sycamore	10.5	5	538 (E		3	5	EM	A: 130.9	Good	C: Good		B.2
Acer pseudoplatanus				E	5	5		R: 6.45		S: Good	Self seeded tree showing good vigour.	40+ yrs
				S W	6 5	3.5 4				B: Good		
T2												
Sycamore	10	5	562 (E	a) N	4.5	4.5	EM	A: 142.9	Good	C: Good		B.2
Acer pseudoplatanus				E	5.5	4		R: 6.74		S: Good		
, ,				S	5.5	4.5				B: Good	Self seeded tree showing good vigour.	701 yis
				W	5	4						
Age Classifications:	N Newly plan	ted		y Mature	9	(	Condit			S	tems: Ø Diameter	
	Y Young		M Mati					S	Stem		(Eq) Equivalent stem diameter using BS5837:2012 d	efinition
	SM Semi-matur	re	OM Ove	r Mature	9			В	Basal area	a		

Tree and Tag No	Ualet	S	tems		Crow	n		RP	Dhya	Structura	Preliminary Recommendations	Cat	
Species	Hght (m)	No	Ø (mm)	Spre (m		Clear (m)	Age	A (m²) R (m)	Phys Condition		···		
T3											Estimated Mea	asurements	
Sycamore	11.5	3	509 (Eq)	) N	6.5	4.5	SM	A: 117.3	Good	C: Good		B.1	
Acer pseudoplatanus			,	Е	6	3.2		R: 6.11		S: Ivy	Off site tree could not be fully inspected, stem diameter	40+ yrs	
				S	4.5	6				B: Good	measurement is estimated. Thick ivy is spreading throughout	101 913	
				W	5	3.5					tree's stem into crown.		
T4											Estimated Mea	surements	
Sycamore	14	1	500	N	5.5	5	SM	A: 113.1	Good	C: Good		B.1	
Acer pseudoplatanus				Ε	5.5	5		R: 6		S: Good	Off site tree could not be fully inspected, stem diameter	40+ yrs	
				S	3	6				B: Good	measurement is estimated.	,	
				W	6.5	3.5							
T5											Estimated Mea	asurements	
Sycamore	16	1	500	N	3.2	8	SM	A: 113.1	Good	C: Good		B.1	
Acer pseudoplatanus				Ε	7	3.5		R: 6		S: Good	Off site tree could not be fully inspected, stem diameter	40+ yrs	
				S	7	7				B: Good	measurement is estimated.	,	
				W	6.5	5							
Т6											Estimated Mea	asurements	
Sycamore	7.5	1	300	N	1.5	7	SM	A: 40.7	Good	C: Fair		C.1	
Acer pseudoplatanus				Е	4	4.5		R: 3.59		S: Good	Tree's crown is heavily suppressed by neighbouring tree to the	20+ yrs	
				S	6	5				B: Good	north.		
				W	4	4.5							
Т7											Estimated Mea	asurements	
Sycamore	16	1	480	N	6	4	SM	A: 104.2	Good	C: Good		B.1	
Acer pseudoplatanus				Ε	6	6		R: 5.75		S: Good	Off site tree could not be fully inspected, stem diameter	40+ yrs	
				S	6	6				B: Good	measurement is estimated.	,,,,	
				W	6	6							
Т8													
Downy Birch	9	5	390 (Eq)	) N	3.5	6	Μ	A: 68.7	Good	C: Good		B.2	
Betula pubescens				Е	4	2.5		R: 4.67		S: Good		20+ yrs	
				S	4	2.5				B: Good		, -	
				W	3	6							
Age Classifications:	N Newly plant	ed	EM Early l		)	(	Condit				Stems: Ø Diameter		
	Y Young		M Mature					S			(Eq) Equivalent stem diameter using BS5837:2012 define	nition	
	SM Semi-matur	е	OM Over I	Mature	)			В	Basal are	а			

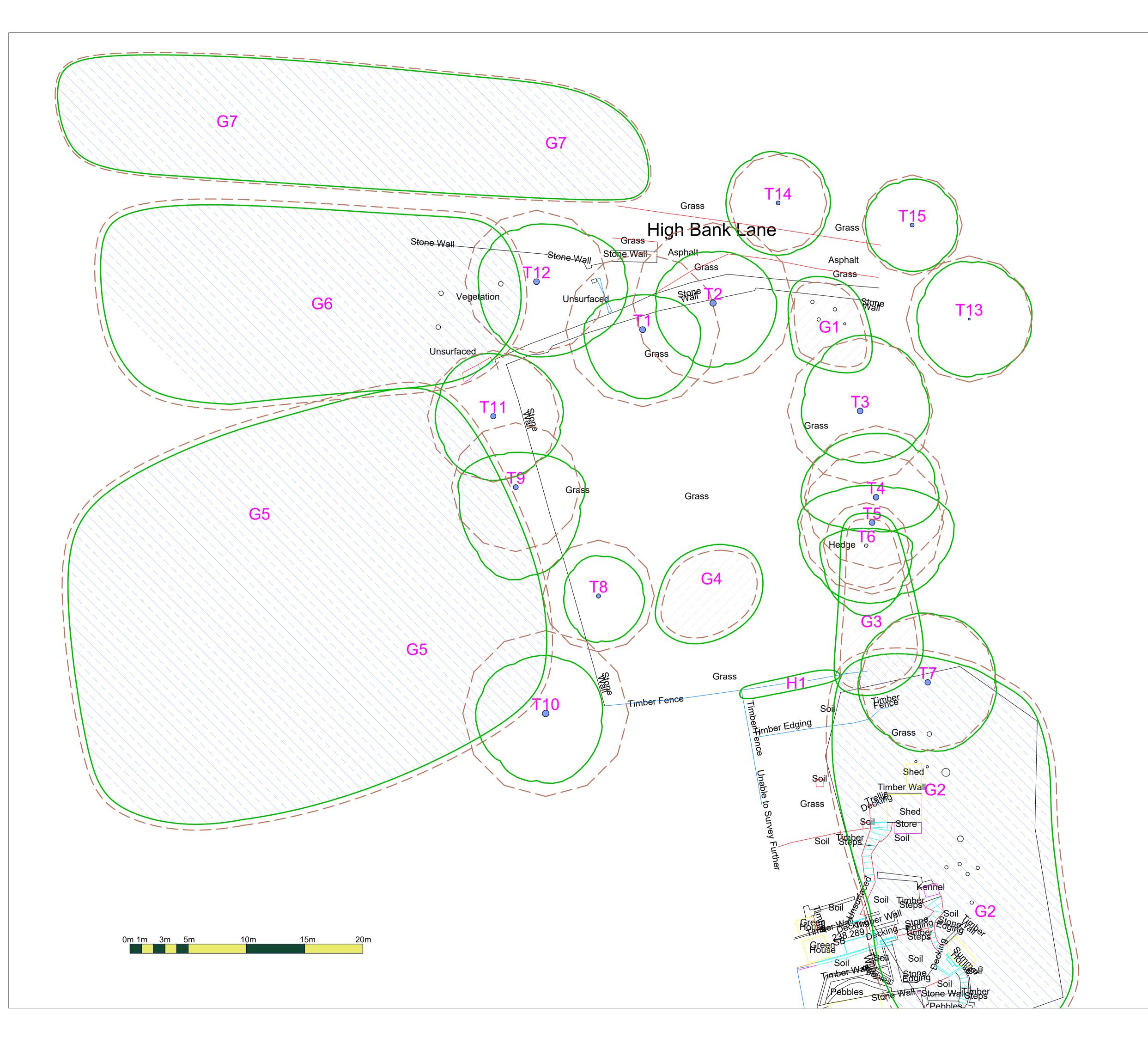
Tree and Tag No	II-ha		Stems		Crov	vn		RP	Dhua	Ctct	Preliminary Recommendations	Cat
Species	Hght (m)	No	o Ø		read m)	Clear (m)	Age	A (m²) R (m)	Phys Condition	Structural Condition	-	ERC
Т9											Estimated Mea	asurements
Sycamore	16.5	1	450	N	3	7	SM	A: 91.6	Good	C: Good		B.1
Acer pseudoplatanus				Е	6	3		R: 5.39		S: Good	Off site tree, forms part of eastern edge of woodland group.	40+ yrs
				S	8	2.5				B: Good	Tree could not be fully inspected and measurements given are	101 913
				W	5	5					estimated.	
T10											Estimated Mea	asurements
Common Silver Fir	21	1	580	N	5	5	М	A: 152.2	Good	C: Good		B.1
Abies alba				Е	5	3		R: 6.96		S: Good	Off site tree, forms part of eastern edge of woodland group.	40+ yrs
				S	6	3				B: Good	Tree could not be fully inspected and measurements given are	,
				W	6	5					estimated.	
T11											Estimated Mea	asurements
Sycamore	15.5	1	460	N	5.5	4	SM	A: 95.7	Good	C: Good		<b>B.1</b>
Acer pseudoplatanus				Е	6	3		R: 5.51		S: Good	Off site tree, forms part of eastern edge of woodland group.	40+ yrs
				S	5.5	5				B: Good	Tree could not be fully inspected and measurements given are	, -
				W	5	7					estimated.	
T12											Estimated Mea	asurements
Common Oak	12.5	1	500	N	5	3.5	SM	A: 113.1	Good	C: Good		B.1
Quercus robur				Е	8	3.5		R: 6		S: Good	Off site tree could not be fully inspected and measurements	40+ yrs
				S	6.5	5				B: Good	given are estimated.	7.0
				W	5	6					3	
T13											Estimated Mea	asurements
Sycamore	11	6	441	(Eq) N	5	3	EM	A: 88	Good	C: Good		<b>B.2</b>
Acer pseudoplatanus				Е	5.5	4		R: 5.29		S: Good	Off site tree could not be fully inspected and measurements	40+ yrs
				S	5					B: Good	given are estimated.	, -
				W	4.5	4						
T14											Estimated Mea	asurements
Common Ash	9	1	340	N	4.5	2.5	EM	A: 52.3	Good	C: Good		<b>B.2</b>
Fraxinus excelsior				Е	4.5			R: 4.08		S: Good	Off site tree could not be fully inspected and measurements	40+ yrs
				S	4.5					B: Good	given are estimated.	, -
				W	4.5							
Age Classifications:	N Newly pla	inted		arly Matu	ıre		Condi			S	Stems: Ø Diameter	
	Y Young			/lature				S			(Eq) Equivalent stem diameter using BS5837:2012 defi	nition
	SM Semi-mat	ture	OM O	Over Matu	ıre			В	Basal area	а		

Tree and Tag No	Harlak	S	tems	Cr	own		RP	Dhusa	Church attend	Preliminary Recommendations	Cat	
Species	Hght (m)	No Ø (mm)		Spread (m)	Clear (m)	Ag	A (m²) R (m)	Phys Condition	Structural Condition	Survey Comment	ERC	
T15										Estimated Me	easurements	
Common Ash	8.5	1	350	N	4	3 EM	A: 55.4	Good	C: Good		B.2	
Fraxinus excelsior				Е	4	3	R: 4.19		S: Good	Off site tree could not be fully inspected and measurements	40+ yrs	
				S	4	3			B: Good	given are estimated.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
				W	4	3				g., o., a. o		

Age Classifications:	N	Newly planted	EM	Early Mature	Condition:	С	Crown	Stems:	Ø	Diameter
	Υ	Young	М	Mature		S	Stem		(Eq)	Equivalent stem diameter using BS5837:2012 definition
	SM	Semi-mature	OM	Over Mature		В	Basal area			



Appendix 3: Tree Constraints Plan



# Tree Categories

Indicative only

Trees are categorised in accordance with the cascade chart in Table 1 of the British Standard BS 5837:2012 'Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction - Recommendations'

Category 'U' - Trees in such condition that they cannot realistically be retained as living trees in context of the current land use

for longer than 10 years. Category 'A' - Trees of high quality with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 40 years.

Category 'B' - Trees of moderate quality with an estimated remaining

life expectancy of at least 20 years. Category 'C' - Trees of low quality with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 10 years, or young trees with a stem diameter below 150mm.

# Root Protection Area

In order to avoid damage to the roots or rooting environment of retained trees, the Root Protection Areas (RPAs) should be plotted around each of the category A, B and C trees. This is a minimum area in m² which should be left undisturbed around each retained tree.

The RPA is calculated using the British Standard BS 5837:2012 'Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction - Recommendations.

The calculated RPA is capped to 707m², which is the equivalent to a circle with a radius of 15m. Where there appears to be restrictions to root growth the root protection area is reshaped to more accurately reflect the likely distribution of the roots.

# Tree Survey Report

Please refer to Arbtech Consulting Ltd. Tree Survey Report and Tree Schedule for full details on all surveyed trees, hedgerows and major

shrub groups.

All trees were surveyed and categorised in accordance with the guidance as set out in the British Standard BS5837:2012 Tree in relation to design, demolition and construction - Recommendations.



207-209 Manchester Road, Thurlstone, Sheffield, S36 9QS.

Judith Anita Kimberley

Tree Constraints Plan

Drawing No:

Topo - 22334

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etained trees.

This drawing is not to be read as a definitive part of the engineering or construction designs or method statement.

An architect or structural engineer should be contacted over any matters of construction, detailing or specification and for any standards or regulatory requirements relating to proposed structures, hard surfacing or underground



#### 8. Document Production Record

Document number	Editor	Signature	Position	lssue number	Date
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