

Plot 3

LEAD WORK AND FLASHINGS
Bathroom to have mechanical vent ducted to external air to provide min 15 litres / sec extraction. Vent to be connected to light switch and to have 15 minute over run if no window in room. Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation. Ventilation provision in accordance with the Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide. Intermittent extract fans to BS EN 13141-4. All fixed mechanical ventilation systems, where they can be tested and adjusted, shall be commissioned and a commissioning notice given to the Building Control Body.

INTERNAL STUD PARTITIONS
100mm x 50mm softwood treated timbers studs at 400mm ctrs with 50 x 100mm head and sole plates and solid intermediate horizontal noggins at 1/3 height or 450mm. Provide min 10kg/m² density acoustic soundproof quilt tightly packed (e.g. 1000mm Rockwool or Isowool mineral fibre sound insulation) in all voids the full depth of the stud. Partitions built off doubled up joists where partitions run parallel or provide noggins where at right angles, or built off DPC on thickened concrete slab if solid ground floor. Walls faced throughout with 12.5mm plaster board with skim plaster finish. Taped and jointed complete with beads and stops.

INTERMEDIATE FLOORS
Intermediate floor to be 25mm 1&g flooring grade chipboard or floorboards laid on C24 joists at 400mm ctrs (see engineer's calculation for sizes and details). Lay 100mm Rockwool mineral fibre quilt insulation min 10kg/m² or equivalent between floor joists. Ceiling to be 12.5 Gyproc FireLine plasterboard with skim plaster set and finish. Joist spans over 2.5m to be strutted at mid span using 38 x 38mm herringbone strutting or 38mm solid strutting (at least 2/3 of joist depth). In areas such as kitchens, utility rooms and bathrooms, flooring to be moisture resistant grade in accordance with BS7331:1990. Identification marking must be laid upper most to allow easy identification. Provide lateral restraint where joists run parallel to walls, floors are to be strapped to walls with 1000mm x 30mm x 5mm galvanised mild steel straps or other approved in compliance with BS EN 845-1 at max 2.0m centres, straps to be taken across minimum 3 no. joists. Straps to be built into walls. Provide 38mm wide x ½ depth solid noggins between joists at strap positions.

STAIRS
Dimensions to be checked and measured on site prior to fabrication of stairs. Timber stairs to comply with BS585 and with Part K of the Building Regulations. Max rise 220mm, min going 220mm. Two risers plus one going should be between 550 and 700mm. Tapered treads to have going in centre of tread at least the same as the going on the straight. Min 50mm going of tapered treads measured at narrow end. Pitch not to exceed 42 degrees. The width and length of every landing should be at least as great as the smallest width of the flight. Doors which swing across a landing at the bottom of a flight should leave a clear space of at least 400mm across the full width of the flight. Min 2.0m headroom measured vertically above pitch line of stairs and landings. Handrail on staircase to be 900mm above the pitchline, handrail to be at least one side if stairs are less than 1m wide and on both sides if they are wider. Ensure a clear width between handrails of minimum 600mm. Balustrading designed to be unclimbable and should contain no space through which a 100mm sphere could pass. Allow for all structure as designed by a Structural Engineer.

ELECTRICAL
All electrical work required to meet the requirements of Part P (Electrical safety) must be designed, installed, inspected and tested by a competent person registered under a competent person self certification scheme such as BRE certification Ltd, BS, NICEIC Certification Services or Zurich Ltd. An appropriate BS7671 Electrical Installation Certificate is to be issued for the work by a person competent to do so. A copy of a certificate will be given to Building Control on completion.

INTERNAL LIGHTING
Internal energy efficient light to be fitted as calculated in the DER and in compliance with the Domestic Building Services Compliance Guide. Provide low energy light fittings not less than three per floor (excluding infrequently accessed spaces used for storage, such as cupboards and wardrobes). Low energy light fittings should have lamps with a luminous efficacy greater than 45 lumens per circuit-watt and a total output greater than 400 lamp lumens. Fixed internal lighting to be pin based fluorescent or compact fluorescent lamps or low energy bayonet or Edison screw base compact fluorescent lamps.

HEATING
All radiators to have TRVs. Heating system to be designed, installed, tested and fully certified by a GAS SAFE registered specialist. All work to be in accordance with the Local Water Authorities bye laws, the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1998 and IEE Regulations.

NEW GAS BOILER
Heating and hot water will be supplied via a wall mounted condensing vertical balanced flue pressurised boiler with a min SEDBUK rating of 90%. System to be fitted with thermostatic radiator valves and all necessary zone controls and boiler control interlocks. The system will be installed, commissioned and tested by a "competent person" and a certificate issued to demonstrate that the installation complies with the requirements of Part L, Carbon monoxide alarm to be positioned near boiler. Boiler flue to be installed in accordance with Approved Document J, British Gas requirements and manufacturer's guidance. Flues to be terminated externally with metal terminal guard and positioned a minimum of 600mm away from any openings into the building. Where the flue passes through a wall, floor or roof, enclose in a non combustible sleeve. Where the flue is within a void provide appropriate and sufficiently sized access to allow inspection of the flue. No combustible materials to be within 50mm of the flue. Provide new metered gas supply to the dwelling. All works to comply with gas authority standards. Heating system to be designed, installed, tested and fully certified by a GAS SAFE registered specialist. All work to be in accordance with the Local Water Authorities bye laws, the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1998 and IEE Regulations.

ESCAPE WINDOWS
Provide emergency egress windows to any newly created first floor habitable rooms and ground floor inner rooms. Windows to have an unobstructed openable area that complies with:
- minimum height of 450mm and minimum width of 450mm.
- minimum area 0.33m².
- the bottom of the openable area should be not more than 1100mm above the floor.
The window should enable the person to reach a place free from danger from fire.

SMOKE DETECTION
Mains operated linked smoke alarm detection system to BS EN 14604 and BS 5839-6:2019 to at least a Grade D category LD3 standard and to be mains powered with battery back up. Smoke alarms should be sited so that there is a smoke alarm in the circulation space on all levels/ storeys and within 7.5m of the door to every habitable room. If ceiling mounted they should be 300mm from the walls and light fittings. Where the kitchen area is not separated from the stairway or circulation space by a door, there should be an interlinked heat detector in the kitchen.

SAFETY GLAZING
All glazing in critical locations to be toughened or laminated safety glass to BS 6206, BS EN 14179 or BS EN ISO 12543-1:2011 and Part K (Part N in Wales) of the current building regulations, i.e. within 1500mm above floor level in doors and side panels within 300mm of door opening and within 800mm above floor level in windows.

WINDOWS
Windows to be double glazed with 16mm argon gap and soft coat low-E glass. Window Energy Rating to be Band C or better and to achieve U-value of 1.6 W/m²K.

DOORS
Doors to achieve a U-value of 1.80W/m²K. Glazed areas to be double glazed with 16mm argon gap and soft low-E glass. Glass to be toughened or laminated safety glass to BS 6206, BS EN 14179 or BS EN ISO 12543-1:2011 and Part K (Part N in Wales) of the current Building Regulations.

BACKGROUND AND PURGE VENTILATION
Background ventilation - Controllable background ventilation via trickle vents to BS EN 13141-3 within the window frame to be provided to new habitable rooms at a rate of min 5000mm²; and to kitchens, bathrooms, WCs and utility rooms at a rate of 2500mm²
Purge ventilation - New windows/rooftops to have openable area in excess of 1/20th of their floor area, if the window opens more than 30° or 1/10th of their floor area if the window opens less than 30°
Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation.
Ventilation provision to be in accordance with the Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide.

EXTRACT TO BATHROOM
Bathroom to have mechanical vent ducted to external air to provide min 15 litres / sec extraction. Vent to be connected to light switch and to have 15 minute over run if no window in room. Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation. Ventilation provision in accordance with the Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide. Intermittent extract fans to BS EN 13141-4. All fixed mechanical ventilation systems, where they can be tested and adjusted, shall be commissioned and a commissioning notice given to the Building Control Body.

EXTRACT TO W/C
W/C to have mechanical ventilation ducted to external air with an extract rating of 15/s operated via the light switch. Vent to have a 15min over run if no window in room. Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation. Ventilation provision in accordance with the Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide. Intermittent extract fans to BS EN 13141-4. All fixed mechanical ventilation systems, where they can be tested and adjusted, shall be commissioned and a commissioning notice given to the Building Control Body.

EXTRACT TO UTILITY ROOM
To utility room provide mechanical ventilation ducted to external air capable of extracting at a rate of 30 litres per second. Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation. Ventilation provision in accordance with the Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide. Intermittent extract fans to BS EN 13141-4. All fixed mechanical ventilation systems, where they can be tested and adjusted, shall be commissioned and a commissioning notice given to the Building Control Body.

EXTRACT TO KITCHEN
Kitchen to have mechanical ventilation with an extract rating of 60/sec or 30/sec if adjacent to hob to external air, sealed to prevent entry of moisture. Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation. Ventilation provision in accordance with the Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide. Intermittent extract fans to BS EN 13141-4. Cooker hoods to BS EN 13141-3. All fixed mechanical ventilation systems, where they can be tested and adjusted, shall be commissioned and a commissioning notice given to the Building Control Body.

RAINWATER DRAINAGE
Rainwater goods to be new 110mm UPVC half round gutters taken and connected into 68mm dia UPVC downpipes. Rainwater taken to new soakaway, situated a min distance of 5.0m away from any building, via 110mm dia UPVC pipes surrounded in 150mm granular fill. Soakaway to be min of 1 cubic metre capacity (or to depth to Local Authorities approval) with suitable granular fill with geotextile surround to prevent migration of fines. If necessary carry out a porosity test to determine design and depth of soakaway. Paved areas to be suitably drained free from storm water.

UNDERGROUND FOUL DRAINAGE
Underground drainage to consist of 100mm diameter UPVC proprietary pipe work to give a 1:40 fall. Surround pipes in 100mm pea shingle. Provide 600mm suitable cover (900mm under drives). Shallow pipes to be covered with 100mm reinforced concrete slab over compressible material. Provide rodding access at all changes of direction and junctions. All below ground drainage to comply with BS EN 1401-1.

INSPECTION CHAMBERS
Underground quality proprietary UPVC 450mm diameter inspection chambers to be provided at all changes of level, direction, connections and every 45m in straight runs. Inspection chambers to have bolt down double sealed covers in buildings and be adequate for vehicle loads in driveways.

ABOVE GROUND DRAINAGE
All new above ground drainage and plumbing to comply with BS EN 12056-2 for sanitary pipework. All drainage to be in accordance with part H of the Building Regulations. Wastes to have 75mm deep anti vac bottle traps and rodding eyes to be provided at changes of direction.

Size of wastes pipes and max length of branch connections (if max length is exceeded then anti vacuum traps to be used)
Wash basin - 1.7m for 32mm pipe 3m for 40mm pipe
Bath/shower - 3m for 40mm pipe 4m for 50mm pipe
W/c - 6m for 100mm pipe for single WC
All branch pipes to connect to 110mm soil and vent pipe terminating min 900mm above any openings within 3m.
Or to 110mm upvc soil pipe with accessible internal air admittance valve complying with BS EN 12380, placed at a height so that the outlet is above the trap of the highest fitting.
Waste pipes not to connect within 200mm of the WC connection. Supply hot and cold water to all fittings as appropriate.

SOIL AND VENT PIPE
Svp to be extended up in 110mm dia UPVC and to terminate min 900mm above any openings within 3m. Provide a long radius bend at foot of SVP. Internal soil vent pipes to be wrapped in 25mm unfaced mineral fibre and enclosed in minimum two layers of 12.5mm plasterboard (15g/m² mass per unit area) to provide adequate sound proofing. Soil and vent passing through floors to be enclosed in ducts comprising of timber framing faced with fire line plasterboard to achieve half hour fire resistance. All ducts to be fire stopped at floor levels using mineral wool quilt packing.

AUTOMATIC AIR VALVE
Ground floor fittings from wc to be connected to new 110mm UPVC soil pipe with accessible internal air admittance valve complying with BS EN 12380, placed at a height so that the outlet is above the trap of the highest fitting and connected to underground quality drainage encased with pea gravel to a depth of 150mm.

PIPEWORK THROUGH WALLS
Where pipework passes through external walls form rocker joints either side wall face of max length 600mm with flexible joints with short length of pipe bedded in wall.
Alternatively provide 75mm deep pre-cast concrete plank lintels over drain to form opening in wall to give 50mm space all round pipe; mask opening both sides with rigid sheet material and compressible sealant to prevent entry of fill or vermin.

TARGET AND DWELLINGS EMISSIONS RATES
Target emissions rate (TER) to be submitted to building control in compliance with The Standard Assessment Procedure (SAP) and Approved Document L1A before works commence on site. To comply with Regulation 26 and Regulation 26A the dwellings emissions rate (DER) must not exceed the TER and the Dwelling Energy Efficiency (DEE) is to be no greater than target fabric energy efficiency (TFEE).
The DER, based on the buildings as constructed and incorporating any changes made during construction, and a registered Energy Performance Certificate (EPC) accompanied by a recommendation report in compliance with SAP 2012 and Regulation 29, is to be given to the owner of the building and submitted to building control, no later than 5 days after the work has been completed.

RAMPED APPROACH MAX 1:15 (WHERE GRADIENT EXCEEDING 1:20 BUT NOT 1:15)
Provide a ramped approach to the principal entrance door with a firm and even non slip surface capable of supporting the weight of a wheel chair and its user (loose material such as gravel and shingle would not be suitable).
Ramp to be at least 900mm wide and with cross falls no greater than 1:40 and a maximum gradient of 1:15. Landings of 1.2m to be provided every 10m. Ensure the top and bottom landing are at least 1.2m clear of any door swing (provide intermediate landings if necessary).

WATER EFFICIENCY
The estimated water consumption not to exceed 125 litres per person per day in accordance with Approved Document G2 (or 110L per-person if required by the planning conditions). Water efficiency to be calculated using the 'Water Efficiency Calculator for New Dwellings' or from the list of fittings from the 'Table of fittings' in ADG to comply with part G. The results submitted to building control before works commence on site.

Water calculation to be in compliance with Code for Sustainable Home Level 3/4 as stipulated by the local Planning Authority. Example calculation below:
WC 5/3 (dual flush)
Taps (excluding kitchen taps) 4
Baths 180
Shower 8
Kitchen sink taps 6
Washing machine 8.17 (not supplied)
Dishwasher 1.25 (not supplied)
Water recycling 0 (not supplied)
Predicted per capita consumption (Code) 103.28

HOT WATER SUPPLY
All bathrooms, washbasins, bidet, baths and showers to be provided with adequate hot and cold water supply in accordance with Approved Document G3. Washbasin with hot and cold water supply to be provided in or adjacent to all rooms containing a WC. A sink with hot and cold water also to be provided to any area where food is being prepared.

CONTROL OF WATER TEMPERATURE
The installation of the hot water supply to comply with Approved Document G3. All baths and showers are to be fitted with an inline thermostatic mixing valve to ensure that the temperature of the water delivered to the bath is limited to 48°C.

APPROVED DOCUMENT R
Physical infrastructure for high-speed electronic communications networks

Building to be equipped with high-speed-ready-in-building physical infrastructure, up to a network termination point for high-speed electronic communications networks.
So that copper or fibre-optic cables or wireless devices capable of delivering broadband speeds greater than 30 Mbps can be installed. A suitable position for at least one network termination point should be provided for dwelling as well as a suitable access point

If more than one dwelling must have a common access point for high-speed electronic communications networks

PART Q - SECURITY
Confirmation required that all doors and windows are to be installed in accordance with the advice stated in PAS24:2012 or alternatively comply with the requirements set out in Approved Document Q – Appendix 8.
Doors to be manufactured to a design that has been shown by test to meet the requirements of British Standard publication PAS PAS24:2012 or designed and manufactured in accordance with Appendix 8 or Approved Document Q
For example:
Doors to be fitted with a viewer, door chain and mechanically fixed as the manufacturer's installation guide.
The door set should be manufactured from solid or laminated timber with a minimum density of 600kg/m3.
Any panel in the door must be a min 15mm thick and suitably secured in place.
The smaller dimension of the panel must be no larger than 230mm in either width or height.
Main front doors should be fitted with multipoint locking system.

Windows:
Any part of a window or doorway, which is within 2m vertically of an accessible level surface such as the ground or basement level, or an access balcony, or windows within 2m vertically of a flat or sloping roof (with a pitch of less than 30 degrees) that is within 3.5m of ground level should be secure windows in accordance with paragraphs 2.2 and 2.3 of Approved Document Q.
Windows to be made to a design that has been shown by test to meet the security requirements of British Standards publication PAS 24:2012
Frames to be mechanically fixed to the structure of the building in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions.

DOOR BETWEEN HOUSE AND GARAGE
Door between garage and house to be FD30 self closing with a 100mm step down into garage, fitted with 3 steel hinges, intumescent strips and smoke seals. Construction between house and garage to be 30 minutes fire resisting.

FIXED EXTERNAL LIGHTING
External light fittings to be fitted as calculated in the DER and in compliance with the Domestic Building Services Compliance Guide.
Light fitting to be either:
a. lamp capacity not greater than 100 lamp-watts per light fitting and provided with automatic movement detecting devices (PIR) and automatic daylight sensors ensuring lights shut off automatically when not required.
Or
b. lamp efficacy greater than 45 lumens per circuit-watt; fitted with manual controls and automatic day light cut-off sensors so that lights switch off when daylight is sufficient.

CDM REGULATIONS 2015
The client must abide by the Construction Design and Management Regulations 2015. The client must appoint a contractor, if more than one contractor is to be involved. The client will need to appoint (in writing) a principal designer (to plan, manage and coordinate the planning and design work) and a principal contractor (to plan, manage and coordinate the construction and ensure there are arrangements in place for managing and organising the project).

Domestic clients
The domestic client is to appoint a principal designer and a principal contractor when there is more than one contractor, if not your duties will automatically transferred to the contractor or principal contractor.

The designer can take on the duties, provided there is a written agreement between you and the designer to do so.

The Health and Safety Executive is to be notified as soon as possible before construction work starts if the works:

- (a) Last longer than 30 working days and has more than 20 workers working simultaneously at any point in the project.
- (b) Exceeds 500 person days.

THERMAL BRIDGING
Care shall be taken to limit the occurrence of thermal bridging in the insulation layers caused by gaps within the thermal element, (i.e. around windows and door openings). Reasonable provision shall also be made to ensure the dwelling is constructed to minimise unwanted air leakage through the new building fabric.

HEALTH AND SAFETY
The contractor is reminded of their liability to ensure due care, attention and consideration is given in regard to safe practice in compliance with the Health and Safety at Work Act 1974.

MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP
All works are to be carried out in a workmanlike manner. All materials and workmanship must comply with Regulation 7 of the Building Regulations, all relevant British Standards, European Standards, Agreement Certificates, Product Certification of Schemes (Kite Marks) etc. Products conforming to a European technical standard or harmonised European product should have a CE marking.

SITE INVESTIGATION
A survey of the site is to be carried out by a suitably qualified person including an initial ground investigation, a desk study and a walk over survey. A copy of all reports and surveys to be sent to building control for approval before works commence on site.
Any asbestos, contaminated soil or lead point found on the site is to be removed by a specialist. Asbestos is to be dealt with in accordance with the Control of Asbestos Regulations 2006.

SITE PREPARATION
Ground to be prepared for new works by removing all unsuitable material, vegetable matter and free or shrub roots to a suitable depth to prevent future growth. Seal up, cap off, disconnect and remove existing redundant services as necessary. Reasonable precautions must also be taken to avoid danger to health and safety caused by contaminants and ground gases e.g. landfill gases, radon, vapours etc on or in the ground covered, or to be covered by the building.

LINTELS
- For uniformly distributed loads and standard 2 storey domestic loadings only
Lintel widths are to be equal to wall thickness. All lintels over 750mm sized internal door openings to be 65mm deep pre-stressed concrete plank lintels. 150mm deep lintels are to be used for 900mm sized internal door openings. Lintels to have a minimum bearing of 150mm on each end. All pre-stressed concrete lintels to be designed and manufactured in accordance with BS EN 1992-1, with a concrete strength of 50 or 40 N/mm² and incorporating steel strands to BS 5896 to support loadings assessed to BS 5977 Part 1. For other structural openings provide proprietary insulated steel lintels suitable for spans and loadings in compliance with Approved Document A and lintel manufacture standard tables. Stop ends, DPC trays and weep holes to be provided above all externally located lintels.

BEAMS
Supply and install all structural elements such as beams, roof structure, floor structure, bearings, and padstones in accordance with the Structural Engineer's calculations and details. New steel beams to be encased in 12.5mm Gyproc FireLine board with staggered joints. Gyproc FireCase or painted in Nulife 3 or similar intumescent paint to provide 1/2 hour fire resistance as agreed with Building Control. All fire protection to be installed as detailed by specialist manufacturer.

STRIP FOUNDATION
Provide 225mm x 600mm concrete foundation, concrete mix to conform to BS EN 206-1 and BS 8500-2. All foundations to be a minimum of 1000mm below ground level, exact depth to be agreed on site with Building Control Officer to suit site conditions. All constructed in accordance with 2010 Building Regulations A1/2 and BS 8004:1986 Code of Practice for Foundations. Ensure foundations are constructed below invert level of any adjacent drains. Base of foundations supporting internal walls to be min 600mm below ground level. Sulphate resistant cement to be used if required. Please note that should any adverse soil conditions be found or any major tree roots in excavations, the Building Control Officer is to be contacted and the advice of a structural engineer should be sought.

SUSPENDED BLOCK AND BEAM FLOOR
Remove top soil and vegetation, apply weed kill –
The underside of beams not less than 150mm above the top of the ground. PCC beams to be supplied and fixed to beam manufacturer's plan, layout and details (details and calculations to be sent to Building Control and approved before works commence). Minimum bearing 100mm onto DPC and load bearing walls. Provide concrete blocks to BS EN 772-2, wet and grout all joints with 1:4 cement/sand mix. Provide double beams below non-load bearing partitions. Lay 1200g DPM/radon barrier, with 300mm laps double wetted and taped at joints and service entry points using radon gas proof tape, over beam and block floor. Lay floor insulation over DPM 75mm Celotex GA4000 applied as a rigid material.
Lay 50kg separating layer over insulation. Finish with a floating layer of min 20mm tongue and groove softwood boards or moisture resistant particle/chipboard grade type C4 to BS EN 312:2010. Lay with staggered joints. The top surface of the ground cover under the building shall be above the finished level of the adjoining ground.
Ventilation - Provide cross-ventilation of the under floor to outside air by ventilators in at least 2 opposite external walls of the building. Ventilation openings having an opening area of 1500mm² per metre run of perimeter wall or 500mm² per square metre of floor area, whichever is the greater. Sleeper walls shall be of honeycombed construction or have provision for distribution of ventilation.

WALLS BELOW GROUND
All new walls to have Class A blockwork below ground level or alternatively semi engineering brickwork in 1:4 masonry cement or equal approved specialist block. Cavities below ground level to be filled with lean mix concrete min 225mm below damp proof course. Or provide lean mix backfill at base of cavity wall (150mm below damp course) laid to fall to weepholes.

Full Fill Cavity Wall
To achieve minimum U Value of 0.28W/m²K
New cavity wall to comprise of 105mm suitable facing brick. Full fill cavity with 100mm Ditherm32 cavity insulation as manufacturer's details. Inner leaf to be 100mm block. K value 1.13, e.g. Lafarge Stancerte. Internal finish to be 12.5mm plasterboard on dabs. Walls to be built with 1:1.6 cement mortar.

DPC
Provide horizontal strip polymer (hyloadd) damp proof course to both internal and external skins minimum 150mm above external ground level. New DPC to be made continuous with existing DPC's and with floor DPM. Vertical DPC to be installed at all reveals where cavity is closed.

WALL TIES
All walls constructed with stainless steel vertical twist type retaining wall ties built in at 750mm ctrs horizontally, 450mm vertically and 225mm ctrs at reveals and corners in staggered rows. Wall ties to be suitable for cavity width and in accordance with BS 5628 and BS EN 845-1.

CAVITIES
Provide cavity trays over openings. All cavities to be closed at eaves and around openings using Thermabolt or similar non combustible insulated cavity closers. Provide vertical DPCs around openings and abutments. All cavity trays must have 150mm upstands and suitable cavity weep holes (min 2) at max 900mm centres.

CAVITY BARRIERS
30 minute fire resistant cavity barriers to be provided at at tops of walls, gable end walls and vertically at junctions with separating walls & horizontally at separating walls with cavity tray over installed according to manufacturer's details.

MOVEMENT JOINTS
Movement joints to be provided at the following maximum spacing:
Clay brickwork - 12m.
Calcium silicate brick - 7.5-9m.
Lightweight concrete block - density not exceeding 1,500kg/m³ - 7.5-9m.
Dense concrete block - density exceeding 1,500kg/m³ - 7.5-9m.
Any masonry in a parapet wall (length to height ratio greater than 3:1) - half the above spacings and 1.5m from corners.
Movement joint widths for clay bricks to be not less than 1.3mm/m i.e. 12m = 16mm and for other masonry not less than 10mm.
Additional movement joints may be required where the aspect ratio of the wall (length : height) is more than 3:1.
Considerations to be given to BS 5628 Code of practice for use of masonry.

TRUSSED RAFTER ROOF
Pitched roof to be formed using proprietary prefabricated manufactured trusses. Design of roof trusses to be produced by specialist truss manufacturer to BS EN 595:1995 and submitted to Building Control for approval prior to commencement of work. Trusses to be placed at max 600cfs in accordance with BS 8103 and BS EN 1995-1 on suitable wall plates fixed using proprietary galvanised steel truss clips. All strapping, fixing and bracing to be in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Mechanically fix trusses to 100 x 50mm sw treated wall plates using galvanised steel truss clips.
Form ceiling using 12.5mm plasterboard and min 3mm thistle multi-finish plaster and lay 150mm Rockwool insulation between ceiling joists with a further 170mm layer over joists (cross direction). Provide polythene vapour barrier between insulation and plasterboard. Ensure opening at eaves level at least equal to continuous strip 25mm wide in two opposite sides to promote cross-ventilation. Mono pitched roofs to have ridge/high level ventilation equivalent to a 5mm gap via proprietary tie vents spaced in accordance with manufacturer's details.

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Section

Scale 1:50

