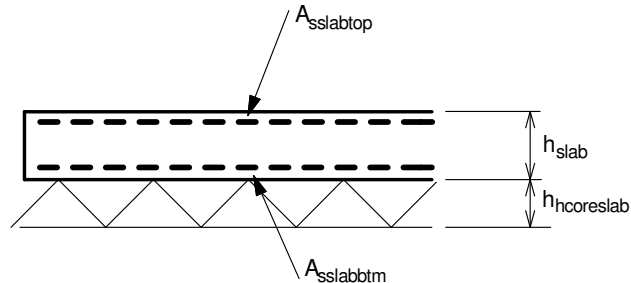


RAFT FOUNDATION DESIGN (BS8110 : PART 1 : 1997)

Tedds calculation version 1.0.12



Soil and raft definition

Soil definition

Allowable bearing pressure

 $q_{allow} = 50.0 \text{ kN/m}^2$

Number of types of soil forming sub-soil

One type only

Soil density

Firm to loose

Depth of hardcore beneath slab

 $h_{coreslab} = 150 \text{ mm}$ (Dispersal allowed for bearing pressure check)

Density of hardcore

 $\gamma_{hcore} = 20.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$

Basic assumed diameter of local depression

 $\phi_{depbasic} = 2000 \text{ mm}$

Diameter under slab modified for hardcore

 $\phi_{depslab} = \phi_{depbasic} - h_{coreslab} = 1850 \text{ mm}$

Raft slab definition

Max dimension/max dimension between joints

 $l_{max} = 20.000 \text{ m}$

Slab thickness

 $h_{slab} = 250 \text{ mm}$

Concrete strength

 $f_{cu} = 40 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Poissons ratio of concrete

 $\nu = 0.2$

Slab mesh reinforcement strength

 $f_{yslab} = 500 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Partial safety factor for steel reinforcement

 $\gamma_s = 1.15$

From C&CA document 'Concrete ground floors' Table 5

Minimum mesh required in top for shrinkage

A252

Actual mesh provided in top

A393 ($A_{sslaptop} = 393 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$)

Mesh provided in bottom

A393 ($A_{sslabbtm} = 393 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$)

Top mesh bar diameter

 $\phi_{slaptop} = 10 \text{ mm}$

Bottom mesh bar diameter

 $\phi_{slabbtm} = 10 \text{ mm}$

Cover to top reinforcement

 $C_{top} = 20 \text{ mm}$

Cover to bottom reinforcement

 $C_{btm} = 40 \text{ mm}$

Average effective depth of top reinforcement

 $d_{tislav} = h_{slab} - C_{top} - \phi_{slaptop} = 220 \text{ mm}$

Average effective depth of bottom reinforcement

 $d_{bslav} = h_{slab} - C_{btm} - \phi_{slabbtm} = 200 \text{ mm}$

Overall average effective depth

 $d_{slav} = (d_{tislav} + d_{bslav})/2 = 210 \text{ mm}$

Minimum effective depth of top reinforcement

 $d_{tislavmin} = d_{tislav} - \phi_{slaptop}/2 = 215 \text{ mm}$

Minimum effective depth of bottom reinforcement

 $d_{bslavmin} = d_{bslav} - \phi_{slabbtm}/2 = 195 \text{ mm}$

Slab edge reinforcement

Mesh provided in top

A393 ($A_{sedgetop} = 393 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$)

Mesh provided in bottom

A393 ($A_{sedgebtm} = 393 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$)



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06/02/2023

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Internal slab design checks

Basic loading

Slab self weight

$$w_{slab} = 24 \text{ kN/m}^3 \times h_{slab} = \mathbf{6.0 \text{ kN/m}^2}$$

Hardcore

$$w_{hcoreslab} = \gamma_{hcore} \times h_{hcoreslab} = \mathbf{3.0 \text{ kN/m}^2}$$

Applied loading

Uniformly distributed dead load

$$w_{Dudl} = \mathbf{0.0 \text{ kN/m}^2}$$

Uniformly distributed live load

$$w_{Ludl} = \mathbf{5.0 \text{ kN/m}^2}$$

Internal slab bearing pressure check

Total uniform load at formation level

$$w_{udl} = w_{slab} + w_{hcoreslab} + w_{Dudl} + w_{Ludl} = \mathbf{14.0 \text{ kN/m}^2}$$

PASS - $w_{udl} \leq q_{allow}$ - Applied bearing pressure is less than allowable

Internal slab bending and shear check

Applied bending moments

Span of slab

$$l_{slab} = \phi_{depslab} + d_{tslabav} = \mathbf{2070 \text{ mm}}$$

Ultimate self weight udl

$$w_{swult} = 1.4 \times w_{slab} = \mathbf{8.4 \text{ kN/m}^2}$$

Self weight moment at centre

$$M_{csw} = w_{swult} \times l_{slab}^2 \times (1 + \nu) / 64 = \mathbf{0.7 \text{ kNm/m}}$$

Self weight moment at edge

$$M_{esw} = w_{swult} \times l_{slab}^2 / 32 = \mathbf{1.1 \text{ kNm/m}}$$

Self weight shear force at edge

$$V_{sw} = w_{swult} \times l_{slab} / 4 = \mathbf{4.3 \text{ kN/m}}$$

Moments due to applied uniformly distributed loads

Ultimate applied udl

$$w_{udlult} = 1.4 \times w_{Dudl} + 1.6 \times w_{Ludl} = \mathbf{8.0 \text{ kN/m}^2}$$

Moment at centre

$$M_{cudl} = w_{udlult} \times l_{slab}^2 \times (1 + \nu) / 64 = \mathbf{0.6 \text{ kNm/m}}$$

Moment at edge

$$M_{eudl} = w_{udlult} \times l_{slab}^2 / 32 = \mathbf{1.1 \text{ kNm/m}}$$

Shear force at edge

$$V_{udl} = w_{udlult} \times l_{slab} / 4 = \mathbf{4.1 \text{ kN/m}}$$

Resultant moments and shears

Total moment at edge

$$M_{\Sigma e} = \mathbf{2.2 \text{ kNm/m}}$$

Total moment at centre

$$M_{\Sigma c} = \mathbf{1.3 \text{ kNm/m}}$$

Total shear force

$$V_{\Sigma} = \mathbf{8.5 \text{ kN/m}}$$

Reinforcement required in top

K factor

$$K_{slabtop} = M_{\Sigma e} / (f_{cu} \times d_{tslabav}^2) = \mathbf{0.001}$$

Lever arm

$$z_{slabtop} = d_{tslabav} \times \min(0.95, 0.5 + \sqrt{(0.25 - K_{slabtop}/0.9)}) = \mathbf{209.0 \text{ mm}}$$

Area of steel required for bending

$$A_{sslabbtopbend} = M_{\Sigma e} / ((1.0/\gamma_s) \times f_{yslab} \times z_{slabtop}) = \mathbf{24 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}}$$

Minimum area of steel required

$$A_{sslabbmin} = 0.0013 \times h_{slab} = \mathbf{325 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}}$$

Area of steel required

$$A_{sslabbtopreq} = \max(A_{sslabbtopbend}, A_{sslabbmin}) = \mathbf{325 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}}$$

PASS - $A_{sslabbtopreq} \leq A_{sslabbtop}$ - Area of reinforcement provided in top to span local depressions is adequate

Reinforcement required in bottom

K factor

$$K_{slabbtm} = M_{\Sigma c} / (f_{cu} \times d_{bslabav}^2) = \mathbf{0.001}$$

Lever arm

$$z_{slabbtm} = d_{bslabav} \times \min(0.95, 0.5 + \sqrt{(0.25 - K_{slabbtm}/0.9)}) = \mathbf{190.0 \text{ mm}}$$

Area of steel required for bending

$$A_{sslabbtmbend} = M_{\Sigma c} / ((1.0/\gamma_s) \times f_{yslab} \times z_{slabbtm}) = \mathbf{16 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}}$$

Area of steel required

$$A_{sslabbtmreq} = \max(A_{sslabbtmbend}, A_{sslabbmin}) = \mathbf{325 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}}$$

PASS - $A_{sslabbtmreq} \leq A_{sslabbtm}$ - Area of reinforcement provided in bottom to span local depressions is adequate

Shear check

Applied shear stress

$$v = V_{\Sigma} / d_{tslabmin} = \mathbf{0.039 \text{ N/mm}^2}$$

Tension steel ratio

$$\rho = 100 \times A_{sslabbtopreq} / d_{tslabmin} = \mathbf{0.183}$$

From BS8110-1:1997 - Table 3.8

Design concrete shear strength

$$v_c = 0.490 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

PASS - $v \leq v_c$ - Shear capacity of the slab is adequate

Internal slab deflection check

Basic allowable span to depth ratio

$$\text{Ratio}_{\text{basic}} = 26.0$$

Moment factor

$$M_{\text{factor}} = M_{\Sigma c} / d_{\text{bslabav}}^2 = 0.033 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Steel service stress

$$f_s = 2/3 \times f_{\text{yslab}} \times A_{\text{sslabbtm}} / A_{\text{sslabbtm}} = 13.528 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Modification factor

$$MF_{\text{slab}} = \min(2.0, 0.55 + [(477 \text{ N/mm}^2 - f_s) / (120 \times (0.9 \text{ N/mm}^2 + M_{\text{factor}}))])$$

$$MF_{\text{slab}} = 2.000$$

Modified allowable span to depth ratio

$$\text{Ratio}_{\text{allow}} = \text{Ratio}_{\text{basic}} \times MF_{\text{slab}} = 52.000$$

Actual span to depth ratio

$$\text{Ratio}_{\text{actual}} = l_{\text{slab}} / d_{\text{bslabav}} = 10.350$$

PASS - $\text{Ratio}_{\text{actual}} \leq \text{Ratio}_{\text{allow}}$ - Slab span to depth ratio is adequate

Slab edge design checks

Basic loading

Hardcore

$$W_{\text{coreslab}} = \gamma_{\text{hcore}} \times h_{\text{hcoreslab}} = 3.0 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

Slab self weight

$$W_{\text{slab}} = 24 \text{ kN/m}^3 \times h_{\text{slab}} = 6.0 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

Edge load number 1

Load type

Longitudinal line load

Dead load

$$W_{\text{Dedge1}} = 6.0 \text{ kN/m}$$

Live load

$$W_{\text{Ledge1}} = 0.0 \text{ kN/m}$$

Ultimate load

$$W_{\text{ultedge1}} = 1.4 \times W_{\text{Dedge1}} + 1.6 \times W_{\text{Ledge1}} = 8.4 \text{ kN/m}$$

Longitudinal line load width

$$b_{\text{edge1}} = 100 \text{ mm}$$

Centroid of load from outside face of raft

$$X_{\text{edge1}} = 50 \text{ mm}$$

Edge load number 2

Load type

Longitudinal line load

Dead load

$$W_{\text{Dedge2}} = 12.0 \text{ kN/m}$$

Live load

$$W_{\text{Ledge2}} = 2.0 \text{ kN/m}$$

Ultimate load

$$W_{\text{ultedge2}} = 1.4 \times W_{\text{Dedge2}} + 1.6 \times W_{\text{Ledge2}} = 20.0 \text{ kN/m}$$

Longitudinal line load width

$$b_{\text{edge2}} = 100 \text{ mm}$$

Centroid of load from outside face of raft

$$X_{\text{edge2}} = 250 \text{ mm}$$

Slab edge bearing pressure check

Total uniform load at formation level

$$W_{\text{udledge}} = W_{\text{Dudl}} + W_{\text{Ludl}} + W_{\text{slab}} + W_{\text{hcoreslab}} = 14.0 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

Centroid of longitudinal and equivalent line loads from outside face of raft

Load x distance for edge load 1

$$\text{Moment}_1 = W_{\text{ultedge1}} \times X_{\text{edge1}} = 0.4 \text{ kN}$$

Load x distance for edge load 2

$$\text{Moment}_2 = W_{\text{ultedge2}} \times X_{\text{edge2}} = 5.0 \text{ kN}$$

Sum of ultimate longitud'l and equivalent line loads $\Sigma \text{UDL} = 28.4 \text{ kN/m}$

Sum of load x distances

$$\Sigma \text{Moment} = 5.4 \text{ kN}$$

Centroid of loads

$$X_{\text{bar}} = \Sigma \text{Moment} / \Sigma \text{UDL} = 191 \text{ mm}$$

Initially assume no moment transferred into slab due to load/reaction eccentricity

Sum of unfactored longitud'l and eff'tive line loads $\Sigma \text{UDLsls} = 20.0 \text{ kN/m}$

Allowable bearing width

$$b_{\text{allow}} = 2 \times X_{\text{bar}} + 2 \times h_{\text{hcoreslab}} \times \tan(30) = 555 \text{ mm}$$

Bearing pressure due to line/point loads

$$q_{\text{linepoint}} = \Sigma \text{UDLsls} / b_{\text{allow}} = 36.0 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

Total applied bearing pressure

$$q_{\text{edge}} = q_{\text{linepoint}} + W_{\text{udledge}} = 50.0 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

 $q_{\text{edge}} > q_{\text{allow}}$ - The slab is required to resist a moment due to eccentricity
Now assume moment due to load/reaction eccentricity is resisted by slab

Bearing width required

$$b_{req} = \Sigma UDLs / (q_{allow} - w_{udledge}) = \mathbf{556 \text{ mm}}$$

Effective bearing width at u/s of slab

$$b_{reqeff} = b_{req} - 2 \times h_{coreslab} \times \tan(30) = \mathbf{382 \text{ mm}}$$

Load/reaction eccentricity

$$e = b_{reqeff} / 2 - x_{bar} = \mathbf{0 \text{ mm}}$$

Ultimate moment to be resisted by slab

$$M_{ecc} = \Sigma UDL \times e = \mathbf{0.0 \text{ kNm/m}}$$

From slab bending check

Moment due to depression under slab (hogging)

$$M_{\Sigma e} = \mathbf{2.2 \text{ kNm/m}}$$

Total moment to be resisted by slab top steel

$$M_{slabtop} = M_{ecc} + M_{\Sigma e} = \mathbf{2.2 \text{ kNm/m}}$$

K factor

$$K_{slab} = M_{slabtop} / (f_{cu} \times d_{slabmin}^2) = \mathbf{0.001}$$

Lever arm

$$Z_{slab} = d_{slabmin} \times \min(0.95, 0.5 + \sqrt{(0.25 - K_{slab}/0.9)}) = \mathbf{204 \text{ mm}}$$

Area of steel required

$$A_{slabreq} = M_{slabtop} / ((1.0/\gamma_s) \times f_y \times Z_{slab}) = \mathbf{25 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}}$$

PASS - $A_{slabreq} \leq A_{slabtop}$ - Area of reinforcement provided to transfer moment into slab is adequate
The allowable bearing pressure under the edge beam will not be exceeded

Library item - B pressure with moment transfer

Slab edge bending check

Considering a 1.0m width of slab

Divider for moments due to udl's

$$\beta_{udl} = \mathbf{10.0}$$

Applied bending moments

Span of slab

$$l_{edge} = \phi_{depslab} + d_{slabmin} = \mathbf{2065 \text{ mm}}$$

Ultimate self weight udl

$$w_{edgeult} = 1.4 \times w_{slab} = \mathbf{8.4 \text{ kN/m}^2}$$

Self weight bending moment

$$M_{edgesw} = w_{edgeult} \times l_{edge}^2 / 10 = \mathbf{3.6 \text{ kNm/m}}$$

Self weight shear force

$$V_{edgesw} = w_{edgeult} \times l_{edge} / 2 = \mathbf{8.7 \text{ kN/m}}$$

Moments due to applied uniformly distributed loads

Ultimate udl

$$w_{edgeudl} = w_{udlult} = \mathbf{8.0 \text{ kN/m}^2}$$

Bending moment

$$M_{edgeudl} = w_{edgeudl} \times l_{edge}^2 / \beta_{udl} = \mathbf{3.4 \text{ kNm/m}}$$

Shear force

$$V_{edgeudl} = w_{edgeudl} \times l_{edge} / 2 = \mathbf{8.3 \text{ kN/m}}$$

Moment and shear due to load number 1

Effective slab width

$$b_{eff1} = \min(x_{edge1}, b_{edge1}/2 + 0.3 \times l_{edge}) + b_{edge1}/2 + 0.3 \times l_{edge} = \mathbf{719 \text{ mm}}$$

Bending moment

$$M_{edge1} = w_{ultedge1} \times l_{edge}^2 / (\beta_{udl} \times b_{eff1}) = \mathbf{5.0 \text{ kNm/m}}$$

Shear force

$$V_{edge1} = w_{ultedge1} \times l_{edge} / (2 \times b_{eff1}) = \mathbf{12.1 \text{ kN/m}}$$

Moment and shear due to load number 2

Effective slab width

$$b_{eff2} = \min(x_{edge2}, b_{edge2}/2 + 0.3 \times l_{edge}) + b_{edge2}/2 + 0.3 \times l_{edge} = \mathbf{920 \text{ mm}}$$

Bending moment

$$M_{edge2} = w_{ultedge2} \times l_{edge}^2 / (\beta_{udl} \times b_{eff2}) = \mathbf{9.3 \text{ kNm/m}}$$

Shear force

$$V_{edge2} = w_{ultedge2} \times l_{edge} / (2 \times b_{eff2}) = \mathbf{22.5 \text{ kN/m}}$$

Resultant moments and shears

Total moment (hogging and sagging)

$$M_{\Sigma edge} = \mathbf{21.2 \text{ kNm/m}}$$

Maximum shear force

$$V_{\Sigma edge} = \mathbf{51.4 \text{ kN/m}}$$

Reinforcement required in top

K factor

$$K_{edgetop} = M_{\Sigma edge} / (f_{cu} \times d_{slabmin}^2) = \mathbf{0.011}$$

Lever arm

$$Z_{edgetop} = d_{slabmin} \times \min(0.95, 0.5 + \sqrt{(0.25 - K_{edgetop}/0.9)}) = \mathbf{204 \text{ mm}}$$

Area of steel required for bending

$$A_{sedgetopbend} = M_{\Sigma edge} / ((1.0/\gamma_s) \times f_{yslab} \times Z_{edgetop}) = \mathbf{239 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}}$$

Area of steel required

$$A_{sedgetopreq} = \max(A_{sedgetopbend}, A_{slabmin}) = \mathbf{325 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}}$$

PASS - $A_{sedgetopreq} \leq A_{sedgetop}$ - Area of reinforcement provided in top of slab is adequate

Reinforcement required in bottom

K factor

$$K_{edgebtm} = M_{\Sigma edge} / (f_{cu} \times d_{bslabmin}^2) = \mathbf{0.014}$$

Lever arm

$$Z_{edgebtm} = d_{bslabmin} \times \min(0.95, 0.5 + \sqrt{(0.25 - K_{edgebtm}/0.9)}) = \mathbf{185 \text{ mm}}$$

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Area of steel required for bending

$$A_{sedgebtmbend} = M_{\Sigma edge} / ((1.0/\gamma_s) \times f_{yslab} \times Z_{edgebtm}) = \mathbf{264 \text{ mm}^2/m}$$

Area of steel required

$$A_{sedgebtmreq} = \max(A_{sedgebtmbend}, A_{sslabin}) = \mathbf{325 \text{ mm}^2/m}$$

PASS - $A_{sedgebtmreq} \leq A_{sedgebtm}$ - Area of reinforcement provided in bottom of slab is adequate

Applied shear stress

$$V_{edge} = V_{\Sigma edge} \times 1.0m / (1000mm \times d_{tslabmin}) = \mathbf{0.239 \text{ N/mm}^2}$$

Tension steel ratio

$$\rho_{edge} = 100 \times A_{sedgebtm} \times 1.0m / (1000mm \times d_{tslabmin}) = \mathbf{0.183}$$

From BS8110-1:1997 - Table 3.8

Design concrete shear strength

$$V_{cedge} = \mathbf{0.490 \text{ N/mm}^2}$$

PASS - $V_{edge} \leq V_{cedge}$ - Shear capacity of the slab is not exceeded

Slab edge deflection check

Basic allowable span to depth ratio

$$Ratio_{basicedge} = \mathbf{26.0}$$

Moment factor

$$M_{factoredge} = M_{\Sigma edge} / d_{bslabmin}^2 = \mathbf{0.559 \text{ N/mm}^2}$$

Steel service stress

$$f_{sedg} = 2/3 \times f_{yslab} \times A_{sedgebtmbend} / A_{sedgebtm} = \mathbf{223.743 \text{ N/mm}^2}$$

Modification factor

$$MF_{edge} = \min(2.0, 0.55 + [(477 \text{ N/mm}^2 - f_{sedg}) / (120 \times (0.9 \text{ N/mm}^2 + M_{factoredge})]))$$

$$MF_{edge} = \mathbf{1.997}$$

Modified allowable span to depth ratio

$$Ratio_{allowedge} = Ratio_{basicedge} \times MF_{edge} = \mathbf{51.916}$$

Actual span to depth ratio

$$Ratio_{actualedge} = l_{edge} / d_{tslabmin} = \mathbf{9.605}$$

PASS - $Ratio_{actualedge} \leq Ratio_{allowedge}$ - Slab span to depth ratio is adequate

Corner design checks

Basic loading

Corner bearing pressure check

Total uniform load at formation level

$$W_{udlcorner} = W_{Dudl} + W_{Ludl} + W_{slab} + W_{coreslab} = \mathbf{14.0 \text{ kN/m}^2}$$

PASS - $W_{udlcorner} \leq q_{allow}$ - Applied bearing pressure is less than allowable

Slab corner bending check

Cantilever span of slab at corner

$$l_{corner} = \phi_{depslab} / \sqrt{2} + d_{tslabav} / 2 = \mathbf{1418 \text{ mm}}$$

Moment and shear due to self weight

Considering triangular loading

Maximum ultimate self weight udl

$$W_{swult} = 1.4 \times W_{slab} \times \phi_{depslab} / \sqrt{2} = \mathbf{11.0 \text{ kN/m}}$$

Self weight bending moment

$$M_{cornersw} = W_{swult} \times l_{corner}^2 / (6 \times \phi_{depslab} / \sqrt{2}) = \mathbf{2.8 \text{ kNm/m}}$$

Self weight shear force

$$V_{cornersw} = W_{swult} \times l_{corner} / (2 \times \phi_{depslab} / \sqrt{2}) = \mathbf{6.0 \text{ kN/m}}$$

Moment and shear due to udls

Maximum ultimate udl

$$W_{cornerudl} = ((1.4 \times W_{Dudl}) + (1.6 \times W_{Ludl})) \times \phi_{depslab} / \sqrt{2} = \mathbf{10.5 \text{ kN/m}}$$

Bending moment

$$M_{cornerudl} = W_{cornerudl} \times l_{corner}^2 / (6 \times \phi_{depslab} / \sqrt{2}) = \mathbf{2.7 \text{ kNm/m}}$$

Shear force

$$V_{cornerudl} = W_{cornerudl} \times l_{corner} / (2 \times \phi_{depslab} / \sqrt{2}) = \mathbf{5.7 \text{ kN/m}}$$

Resultant moments and shears

Total design moment

$$M_{\Sigma corner} = M_{cornersw} + M_{cornerudl} = \mathbf{5.5 \text{ kNm/m}}$$

Total design shear force

$$V_{\Sigma corner} = V_{cornersw} + V_{cornerudl} = \mathbf{11.6 \text{ kN/m}}$$

Reinforcement required in top of slab at corners

K factor

$$K_{corner} = M_{\Sigma corner} / (f_{cu} \times d_{tslabmin}^2) = \mathbf{0.003}$$

Lever arm

$$Z_{corner} = d_{tslabmin} \times \min(0.95, 0.5 + \sqrt{(0.25 - K_{corner}/0.9)}) = \mathbf{204 \text{ mm}}$$

Area of steel required for bending

$$A_{scornerbend} = M_{\Sigma corner} / ((1.0/\gamma_s) \times f_{yslab} \times Z_{corner}) = \mathbf{62 \text{ mm}^2/m}$$

Area of steel required

$$A_{scorner} = \max(A_{scornerbend}, A_{sslabin}) = \mathbf{325 \text{ mm}^2/m}$$

PASS - $A_{scorner} \leq A_{sedgebtm}$ - Area of reinforcement provided in top of slab at corners is adequate

Applied shear stress

$$V_{corner} = V_{\Sigma corner} / d_{tslabmin} = \mathbf{0.054 \text{ N/mm}^2}$$

Tension steel ratio

$$\rho_{corner} = 100 \times A_{sedgebtm} / d_{tslabmin} = \mathbf{0.183}$$

From BS8110-1:1997 - Table 3.8

Design concrete shear strength

$$V_{ccorner} = 0.490 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

PASS - $V_{corner} \leq V_{ccorner}$ - Shear capacity of the slab is not exceeded
Slab corner deflection check

Basic allowable span to depth ratio

$$Ratio_{basiccorner} = 7.0$$

Moment factor

$$M_{factorcorner} = M_{\Sigma corner} / d_{slabmin}^2 = 0.119 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Steel service stress

$$f_{scorner} = 2/3 \times f_{yslab} \times A_{scornerbend} / A_{sedgetop} = 52.503 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Modification factor

$$MF_{corner} = \min(2.0, 0.55 + [(477 \text{ N/mm}^2 - f_{scorner}) / (120 \times (0.9 \text{ N/mm}^2 + M_{factorcorner}))])$$

$$MF_{corner} = 2.000$$

Modified allowable span to depth ratio

$$Ratio_{allowcorner} = Ratio_{basiccorner} \times MF_{corner} = 14.000$$

Actual span to depth ratio

$$Ratio_{actualcorner} = l_{corner} / d_{slabmin} = 6.596$$

PASS - $Ratio_{actualcorner} \leq Ratio_{allowcorner}$ - Slab span to depth ratio is adequate