



## GRANT OF PLANNING PERMISSION

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990

APPLICATION NO. 2017/1588

**To** Mr Neil Yapp  
c/o Gibson Booth  
12 Victoria Road  
Barnsley  
S70 2BB

**DESCRIPTION** Variation of condition 2 and removal of condition 12 of application 2014/1511 to allow change to levels and gradients steeper than 1:12 - Minor material amendment to application 2013/0528 (Residential development of 23 no. dwellings)

**LOCATION** Land at Hill Top Lane, Gawber, Barnsley, S75 2RF

Permission is granted for the proposals which were the subject of the Application and Plans registered by the Council on 02 January 2018 and described above.

**THIS DECISION IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF THE AGREEMENT/UNILATERAL UNDERTAKING MADE UNDER SECTION 106 OF THE TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990 (AS AMENDED).**

The approval is subject on compliance with the following conditions:

- 1 The development hereby approved shall be carried out strictly in accordance with the following plans and specifications as approved unless required by any other conditions in this permission:  
Site Plan: 104-01-10-G  
Landscaping 104-01-11 and LS03  
Road layout/levels: 104-01-12-H & 104-01-13-F  
House Types: Fir (Plots 1,2,4,5,13,14,15 & 16), Dagwood (Plots 3 & 7), Beech (Plots 6,10,11,17,19,21 & 23), Ash (Plots 8,9,12,20 & 22) Chestnut (Plot 18)  
**Reason: In the interests of the visual amenities of the locality and in accordance with LDF Core Strategy Policy CSP 29, Design.**
- 2 The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved external materials schedule.  
**Reason: In the interests of the visual amenities of the locality and in accordance with Core Strategy Policy CSP 29, Design.**
- 3 The approved landscaping details shall be implemented prior to the occupation of the building(s).  
**Reason: In the interests of the visual amenities of the locality and in accordance with Core Strategy Policy CSP 36, Biodiversity and Geodiversity.**

- 4 All planting, seeding or turfing comprised in the approved details of landscaping shall be carried out in the first planting and seeding seasons following the occupation of the buildings or the completion of the development, whichever is the sooner; and any trees or plants which die within a period of 5 years from the completion of the development, are removed, or become seriously damaged or diseased shall be replaced in the next planting season with other of similar size and species.  
**Reason: In the interests of the visual amenities of the locality and in accordance with Core Strategy Policy CS`P 36, Biodiversity and Geodiversity.**
- 5 The landscape management plan shall be carried out in accordance with the approved plan dated the 25th April 2013.  
**Reason: In the interests of the visual amenities of the locality and in accordance with Core Strategy Policy CSP 36, Biodiversity and Geodiversity.**
- 6 No part of the development shall be occupied or brought into use until the approved drainage scheme has been fully implemented. The scheme shall be retained throughout the life of the development.  
**Reason: To ensure proper drainage of the area in accordance with Core Strategy Policy CSP 40, Pollution Control and Protection.**
- 7 No piped discharge of surface water from the application site shall take place until works to provide a satisfactory outfall for surface water have been completed in accordance with details to be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority before development commences.  
**Reason: To ensure that the site is properly drained and surface water is not discharged to the foul sewerage system, which will prevent overloading in accordance with Core Strategy Policy CSP 40, Pollution Control and Protection.**
- 8 On completion of the development a condition survey shall be carried out and shall be submitted for the written approval of the Local Planning Authority, which shall identify defects attributable to the traffic ensuing from the development. Any necessary remedial works shall be completed at the developer's expense in accordance with a scheme to be agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority  
**Reason: In the interest of highway safety, in accordance with Core Strategy Policy CSP 26.**
- 9 Pedestrian intervisibility splays, having the dimensions 2m x 2m, shall be safeguarded at the drive entrance/exit such that there is no obstruction to visibility at a height exceeding 1m above the nearside channel level of the adjacent highway.  
**Reason: In the interest of highway safety, in accordance with Core Strategy Policy CSP 26.**
- 10 Construction or remediation work comprising the use of plant, machinery or equipment, or deliveries of materials shall only take place between the hours of 0800 to 1800 Monday to Friday and 0900 to 1400 on Saturdays and at no time on Sundays or Bank Holidays.  
**Reason: In the interests of the amenities of local residents and in accordance with Core Strategy Policy CSP 40, Pollution Control and Protection.**
- 11 The erection of barrier's for the protection of any retained tree shall be undertaken in accordance with the approved plans and particulars before any equipment, machinery or materials are brought on to the site for the purposes of the development, and shall be maintained until all equipment, machinery and surplus materials have been removed from the site. Nothing shall be stored or placed in any area fenced off in accordance with this condition and the ground levels within those areas shall not be altered, nor shall any excavation be made, without the written consent of the Local Planning Authority.  
**Reason: To safeguard existing trees, in the interest of visual amenity in accordance with Core Strategy Policy CSP29.**

## Informative(s)

*Pursuant to article 31(1)(cc) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) Order 2010 (as amended), the Local Planning Authority have, where possible, made a pre-application advice service available, complied with our Planning Service Charter for Business and otherwise actively engaged with the applicant in dealing with the application.*

*Please be aware that the Council monitors construction sites and open land within the vicinity such sites in an attempt to prevent fly tipping (i.e. unauthorised deposit of waste on land), which is illegal under the Environmental Protection Act 1990. The penalties for fly-tipping can include:*

- a fine of up to £50,000 and
- up to six months imprisonment on conviction

*Therefore, if necessary, please ensure that all demolition waste and waste associated with the construction of the approved development is disposed of via approved methods and that documents are retained to prove this.*

1	<p>The proposed development lies within an area that has been defined by The Coal Authority as containing potential hazards arising from former coal mining activity. These hazards can include: mine entries (shafts and adits); shallow coal workings; geological features (fissures and break lines); mine gas and previous surface mining sites. Although such hazards are seldom readily visible, they can often be present and problems can occur in the future, particularly as a result of development taking place.</p> <p>It is recommended that information outlining how the former mining activities affect the proposed development, along with any mitigation measures required (for example the need for gas protection measures within the foundations), be submitted alongside any subsequent application for Building Regulations approval (if relevant). Your attention is drawn to The Coal Authority Policy in relation to new development and mine entries available at: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/building-on-or-within-the-influencing-distance-of-mine-entries">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/building-on-or-within-the-influencing-distance-of-mine-entries</a></p> <p>Any intrusive activities which disturb or enter any coal seams, coal mine workings or coal mine entries (shafts and adits) requires a Coal Authority Permit. Such activities could include site investigation boreholes, digging of foundations, piling activities, other ground works and any subsequent treatment of coal mine workings and coal mine entries for ground stability purposes. Failure to obtain a Coal Authority Permit for such activities is trespass, with the potential for court action.</p> <p>Property specific summary information on past, current and future coal mining activity can be obtained from: <a href="http://www.groundstability.com">www.groundstability.com</a></p> <p>If any of the coal mining features are unexpectedly encountered during development, this should be reported immediately to The Coal Authority on 0345 762 6848. Further information is available on website at: <a href="http://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/the-coal-authority">www.gov.uk/government/organisations/the-coal-authority</a></p>
2	<p>The granting of planning permission does not in any way infer that consent of the landowner is given. Therefore the consent of all relevant landowners is required before proceeding with any development including that of the Council as landowner.</p> <p>If it should transpire that the applicant does not own any of the land included in this consent then it is the responsibility of the applicant to seek all necessary consents and approvals of the landowner.</p>

Signed  
Joe Jenkinson



Dated 27 February 2018

Head of Planning and Building Control

The grant of this consent does not constitute or imply permission, approval or consent by the Local Authority for any other purpose.

## **NOTES:-**

### **Appeals to the Secretary of State**

If you are aggrieved by the decision of the Council to grant permission for the proposed development subject to conditions then you can appeal to the Secretary of State for the Environment, Transport and Regions under Section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act. If you want to appeal, then you must do so within six months of the date of this notice, using a form which you can get from The Planning Inspectorate, Room 3/24 Hawk Wing, Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol, BS1 6PN.

The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but he will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to him that the Local Planning Authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions it imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of the development order and to any directions given under the order. In practice, the Secretary of State does not refuse to consider appeals solely because the Local Planning Authority based its decision on a direction given by him.

### **Purchase Notices**

If either the Local Planning Authority or the Secretary of State for the Environment, Transport and Regions refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor can he render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted. In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

### **Compensation**

In certain circumstances compensation may be claimed from the Local Planning Authority if permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on reference to the application to him. These circumstances are set out in Sections 114 and related provisions of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.