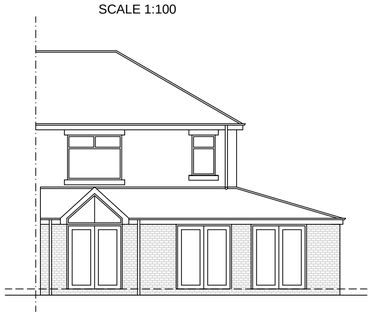


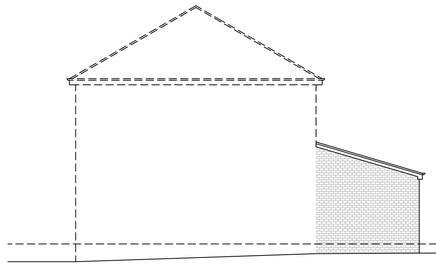
PROPOSED FRONT ELEVATION
SCALE 1:100



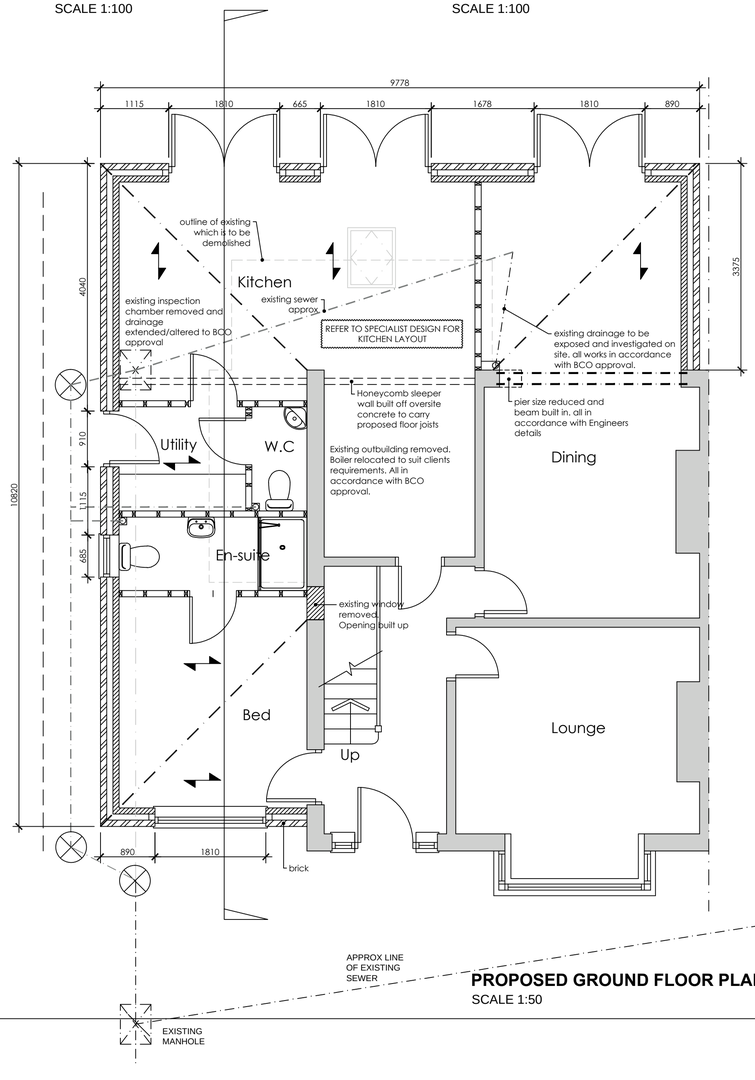
PROPOSED SIDE ELEVATION
SCALE 1:100



PROPOSED REAR ELEVATION
SCALE 1:100



PROPOSED SIDE ELEVATION
SCALE 1:100



PROPOSED GROUND FLOOR PLAN
SCALE 1:50

EXTRACT TO KITCHEN
Kitchen to have mechanical ventilation with an extract rating of 60l/sec or 30l/sec if adjacent to hob to external air, sealed to prevent entry of moisture. Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation. Ventilation provision in accordance with the Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide. Intermittent extract fans to BS EN 13141-4. Cooker hoods to BS EN 13141-3. All fixed mechanical ventilation systems, where they can be tested and adjusted, shall be commissioned and a commissioning notice given to the Building Control Body.

EXTRACT TO UTILITY ROOM
To utility room provide mechanical ventilation ducted to external air capable of extracting at a rate of 30 litres per second. Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation. Ventilation provision in accordance with the Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide. Intermittent extract fans to BS EN 13141-4. All fixed mechanical ventilation systems, where they can be tested and adjusted, shall be commissioned and a commissioning notice given to the Building Control Body.

RAINWATER DRAINAGE
New rainwater goods to be new 110mm UPVC half round gutters taken and connected into 68mm dia UPVC downpipes. Rainwater taken to new soakaway, situated a min distance of 5.0m away from any building, via 110mm dia UPVC pipes surrounded in 150mm granular fill. Soakaway to be min of 1 cubic metre capacity (or to depth to Local Authorities approval) with suitable granular fill and with geotextile surround to prevent migration of fines. If necessary carry out a porosity test to determine design and depth of soakaway.

UNDERGROUND FOUL DRAINAGE
Underground drainage to consist of 100mm diameter UPVC proprietary pipe work to give a 1:40 fall. Surround pipes in 100mm pea shingle. Provide 600mm suitable cover (900mm under drives). Shallow pipes to be covered with 100mm reinforced concrete slab over compressible material. Provide rodding access at all changes of direction and junctions. All below ground drainage to comply with BS EN 1401-1: 2009.

INSPECTION CHAMBERS
Underground quality proprietary UPVC 450mm diameter inspection chambers to be provided at all changes of level, direction, connections and every 45m in straight runs. Inspection chambers to have bolt down double sealed covers in buildings and be adequate for vehicle loads in driveways.

ABOVE GROUND DRAINAGE
All new above ground drainage and plumbing to comply with BS EN 12056-2:2000 for sanitary pipework. All drainage to be in accordance with Part H of the Building Regulations. Wastes to have 75mm deep anti vac bottle traps and rodding eyes to be provided at changes of direction.

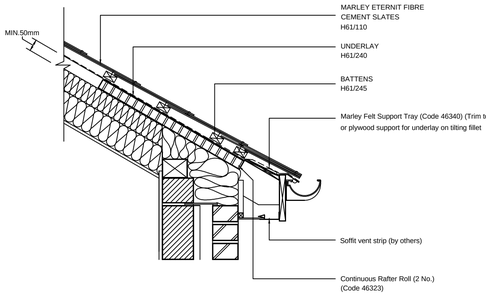
Size of wastes pipes and max length of branch connections (if max length is exceeded then anti vacuum traps to be used)
Wash basin - 1.7m for 32mm pipe 4m for 40mm pipe
Bath/shower - 3m for 40mm pipe 4m for 50mm pipe
W/c - 4m for 100mm pipe for single WC
All branch pipes to connect to 110mm soil and vent pipe terminating min 900mm above any openings within 3m.
Or to 110mm upvc soil pipe with accessible internal air admittance valve complying with BS EN 12380, placed at a height so that the outlet is above the trap of the highest fitting.
Waste pipes not to connect on to SVP within 200mm of the WC connection.
Supply hot and cold water to all fittings as appropriate.

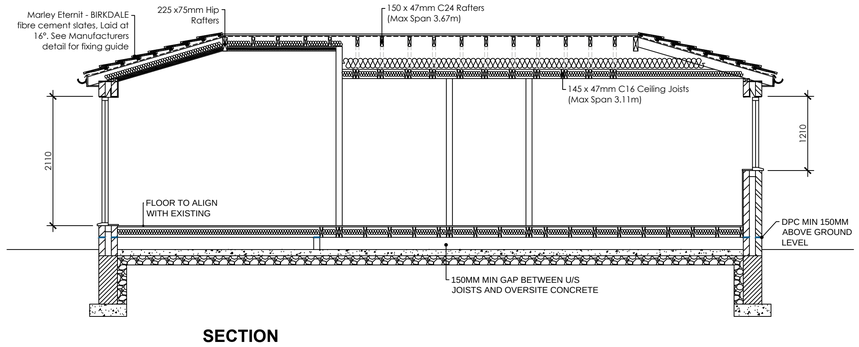
SOIL AND VENT PIPE
Svp to be extended up in 110mm dia UPVC and to terminate min 900mm above any openings within 3m. Provide a long radius bend at foot of SVP.

PIPEWORK THROUGH WALLS
Where new pipework passes through external walls form rocker joints either side wall face of max length 600mm with flexible joints with short length of pipe bedded in wall.
Alternatively provide 75mm deep pre-cast concrete plank lintels over drain to form opening in wall to give 50mm space all round pipe; mask opening both sides with rigid sheet material and compressible sealant to prevent entry of fill or vermin.



LOCATION PLAN
SCALE 1:1250





SECTION
SCALE 1:50

PITCHED ROOF INSULATION AT CEILING LEVEL
Pitch 16° (imposed load max 0.75 kN/m² - dead load max 0.75 kN/m²)
To achieve U value of 0.16 W/m²K
Roofing tiles to match existing on 25 x 38mm tanalised sw treated battens on sarking felt supported on 47 x 150mm grade C24 rafters at max 400mm centres. Rafters supported on 100 x 50mm sw wall plates. Insulation at ceiling level to be 100mm GA4000 Celotex between ceiling joists with a further 75mm over joists.
Construct ceiling using sw joists at 400mm centres, finished internally with 12.5mm plasterboard and min 3mm thistle multi-finish plaster. Provide polythene vapour barrier between insulation and plasterboard. Provide opening at eaves level at least equal to continuous strip 25mm wide on two opposite sides to promote cross-ventilation. Mono pitched roofs to have ridge/high level ventilation equivalent to a 5mm gap via proprietary tile vents spaced in accordance with manufacturer's details.
Restraint strapping - 100mm x 50mm wall plate strapped down to walls. Ceiling joists and rafters to be strapped to walls and gable walls, straps built into cavity, across at least 3 timbers with noggins. All straps to be 1000 x 30 x 5mm galvanized straps or other approved to BSEN 845-1 at 2m centres.

PITCHED ROOF
(imposed load max 0.75 kN/m² - dead load max 0.75 kN/m²)
Vented roof – pitch 16°
To achieve U-value 0.18 W/m²K
Roofing tiles to match existing on 25 x 38mm tanalised sw treated battens on sarking felt to relevant BBA Certificate. Supported on 47 x 150mm grade C24 rafters at max 400mm centres. Rafters supported on 100 x 50mm sw wall plates. Insulation to be 100mm Celotex GA4000 between rafters and 45mm Celotex TB4000 under rafters. Fix 12.5mm foil backed plasterboard (joints staggered) and 5mm skim coat of finishing plaster to the underside of all ceilings using galvanized plasterboard nails.
Maintain a 50mm air gap above insulation to ventilate roof. Provide opening at eaves level at least equal to continuous strip 25mm wide and opening at ridge equal to continuous strip 5mm wide to promote ventilation.
Restraint strapping - Ceiling joists tied to rafters (if raised collar roof consult structural engineer), 100mm x 50mm wall plate strapped down to walls. Ceiling joists and rafters to be strapped to walls and gable walls, straps built into cavity, across at least 3 timbers with noggins. All straps to be 1000 x 30 x 5mm galvanized straps or other approved to BSEN 845-1 at 2m centres.

LEAD WORK AND FLASHINGS
All lead flashings, any valleys or soakers to be Code 5 lead and laid according to Lead Development Association. Flashings to be provided to all jambs and below window openings with welded upstands. Joints to be lapped min 150mm and lead to be dressed 200mm under tiles, etc. All work to be undertaken in accordance with the Lead Development Association recommendations.

INTERNAL STUD PARTITIONS
100mm x 50mm softwood treated timbers studs at 400mm ctrs with 50 x 100mm head and sole plates and solid intermediate horizontal noggins at 1/3 height or 450mm. Provide min 10kg/m³ density acoustic soundproof quilt tightly packed (eg. 100mm Rockwool or Isowool mineral fibre sound insulation) in all voids the full depth of the stud. Partitions built off doubled up joists where partitions run parallel or provide noggins where at right angles, or built off DPC on thickened concrete slab if solid ground floor. Walls faced throughout with 12.5mm plaster board with skim plaster finish. Taped and jointed complete with beads and stops.

ELECTRICAL
All electrical work required to meet the requirements of Part P (electrical safety) must be designed, installed, inspected and tested by a competent person registered under a competent person self certification scheme such as BRE certification Ltd, BSI, NICEIC Certification Services or Zurich Ltd. An appropriate BS7671 Electrical Installation Certificate is to be issued for the work by a person competent to do so. A copy of a certificate will be given to Building Control on completion.

INTERNAL LIGHTING
Install low energy light fittings that only take lamps having a luminous efficiency greater than 45 lumens per circuit watt and a total output greater than 400 lamp lumens. Not less than three energy efficient light fittings per four of all the light fittings in the main dwelling spaces to comply with Part L of the current Building Regulations and the Domestic Building Services Compliance Guide.

HEATING
Extend all heating and hot water services from existing and provide new TVRs to radiators. Heating system to be designed, installed, tested and fully certified by a GAS SAFE registered specialist. All work to be in accordance with the Local Water Authorities bye laws, the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1998 and IEE Regulations.

NEW GAS BOILER
Heating and hot water will be supplied via a wall mounted condensing vertical balanced flue pressurised boiler with a min SEDBUK rating of 90%. No combustible materials within 50mm of the flue. System to be fitted with thermostatic radiator valves and all necessary zone controls and boiler control interlocks. The system will be installed, commissioned and tested by a "competent person" and a certificate issued that the installation complies with the requirements of PART L. All work to be in accordance with the Local Water Authorities bye laws, the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1998 and IEE Regulations.

SMOKE DETECTION
Mains operated linked smoke alarm detection system to BS EN 14604 and BS5839-6:2004 to at least a Grade D category LD3 standard and to be mains powered with battery back up. Smoke alarms should be sited so that there is a smoke alarm in the circulation space on all levels/ storeys and within 7.5m of the door to every habitable room. If ceiling mounted they should be 300mm from the walls and light fittings. Where the kitchen area is not separated from the stairway or circulation space by a door, there should be an interlinked heat detector in the kitchen.

NEW AND REPLACEMENT WINDOWS
New and replacement windows to be double glazed with 16mm argon gap and soft coat low-E glass. Window Energy Rating to be Band C or better and to achieve U-value of 1.6 W/m²K. The door and window openings should be limited to 25% of the extension floor area plus the area of any existing openings covered by the extension.

NEW AND REPLACEMENT DOORS
New and replacement doors to achieve a U-Value of 1.80W/m²K. Glazed areas to be double glazed with 16mm argon gap and soft low-E glass. Glass to be toughened or laminated safety glass to BS 6206, BS EN 14179 or BS EN ISO 12543-1:2011 and Part K (Part N in Wales) of the current Building Regulations.

SAFETY GLAZING
All glazing in critical locations to be toughened or laminated safety glass to BS 6206, BS EN 14179 or BS EN ISO 12543-1:2011 and Part K (Part N in Wales) of the current Building Regulations, i.e. within 1500mm above floor level in doors and side panels within 300mm of door opening and within 800mm above floor level in windows.

THERMAL BRIDGING
Care shall be taken to limit the occurrence of thermal bridging in the insulation layers caused by gaps within the thermal element, (i.e. around windows and door openings). Reasonable provision shall also be made to ensure the extension is constructed to minimise unwanted air leakage through the new building fabric.

MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP
All works are to be carried out in a workmanlike manner. All materials and workmanship must comply with Regulation 7 of the Building Regulations, all relevant British Standards, European Standards, Agreement Certificates, Product Certification of Schemes (Kite Marks) etc. Products conforming to a European technical standard or harmonised European product should have a CE marking.

SITE PREPARATION
Ground to be prepared for new works by removing all unsuitable material, vegetable matter and tree or shrub roots to a suitable depth to prevent future growth. Seal up, cap off, disconnect and remove existing redundant services as necessary. Reasonable precautions must also be taken to avoid danger to health and safety caused by contaminants and ground gases e.g. landfill gases, radon, vapours etc. on or in the ground covered, or to be covered by the building.

EXISTING STRUCTURE
Existing structure including foundations, beams, walls and lintels carrying new and altered loads are to be exposed and checked for adequacy prior to commencement of work and as required by the Building Control Officer.

BEAMS
Supply and install new structural elements such as new beams, roof structure, floor structure, bearings, and padstones in accordance with the Structural Engineer's calculations and details. New steel beams to be encased in 12.5mm Gyproc FireLine board with staggered joints. Gyproc FireCase or painted in Nullifire S or similar intumescent paint to provide 1/2 hour fire resistance as agreed with Building Control. All fire protection to be installed as detailed by specialist manufacturer.

LINTELS
- For uniformly distributed loads and standard 2 storey domestic loadings only
Lintel widths are to be equal to wall thickness. All lintels over 750mm sized internal door openings to be 65mm deep pre-stressed concrete plank lintels. 150mm deep lintels are to be used for 900mm sized internal door openings. Lintels to have a minimum bearing of 150mm on each end. Any existing lintels carrying additional loads are to be exposed for inspection at commencement of work on site. All pre-stressed concrete lintels to be designed and manufactured in accordance with BS 8110, with a concrete strength of 50 or 40 N/mm² and incorporating steel strands to BS 5896 to support loadings assessed to BS 5977 Part 1.
For other structural openings provide proprietary insulated steel lintels suitable for spans and loadings in compliance with Approved Document A and lintel manufactures standard tables. Stop ends, DPC trays and weep holes to be provided above all externally located lintels.

STRIP FOUNDATION
Provide 225mm x 600mm concrete foundation, concrete mix to conform to BS EN 206-1 and BS 8500-2. All foundations to be a minimum of 1000mm below ground level, exact depth to be agreed on site with Building Control Officer to suit site conditions. All constructed in accordance with 2004 Building Regulations A1?2 and BS 8004:1986 Code of Practice for Foundations. Ensure foundations are constructed below invert level of any adjacent drains. Base of foundations supporting internal walls to be min 600mm below ground level. Sulphate resistant cement to be used if required. Please note that should any adverse soil conditions be found or any major tree roots in excavations, the Building Control Officer is to be contacted and the advice of a structural engineer should be sought.

TIMBER SUSPENDED FLOOR
Ground preparation -Remove top soil and vegetation, apply total weed killer and 150mm min thick sand blinded hardcore, then either –
(i) Provide concrete ground cover of at least 100mm thick or
(ii) Prepare the ground to an even surface and lay a ground cover of concrete at least 50mm thick, on a damp-proof membrane of at least 1200 gauge polyethylene, laid on a bed of fine blinding material.
Floor construction - min 20mm tongue and groove softwood boards or moisture resistant particle/chipboard grade type C4 to BS EN 312:2010 as required. Lay with staggered joints on 47mm x 145mm C24 grade soft wood joists at maximum 400mm centres max span 3.21m. Joists to be supported off proprietary galvanized joist hangers built into new masonry walls or fixed to treated timber wall plates resin bolted to walls at 600mm centres. If required, floor joists also to be supported on 100mm x 50mm treated wall plates and DPC fixed to masonry honeycombed sleeper walls built on thickened oversite concrete. Joists to be infilled with 110mm Celotex XR4000 insulation between joists fixed with Celotex clips
The top surface of the ground cover under the building shall be above the finished level of the adjoining ground. The underside of the floor joists are not to be less than 150mm above the top of the ground cover. The underside of any wall plate is to be not less than 75mm above the top of the ground cover.
Ventilation of Floor
Provide cross-ventilation under floor to outside air by ventilators in at least 2 opposite external walls of the building. Ventilation openings having an opening area of 1500mm² per metre run of perimeter wall or 500mm² per square metre of floor area whichever gives the greater opening area. All sleeper walls or similar under floor obstructions shall be of honeycombed construction or have similar provision for distribution of ventilation. The under floor space shall be free from debris. Ducts to be sealed using gas proof tap if they pass through the radon barrier.
THIS IS A GENERAL GUIDE BASED ON NORMAL LOADING CONDITIONS FOUND IN DOMESTIC CONSTRUCTION. IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY TO ASSESS YOUR DESIGN TO ASCERTAIN WHETHER ENGINEER'S DETAILS/CALCULATIONS ARE REQUIRED. PLEASE REFER TO THE TRADA DOCUMENT – 'SPAN TABLES FOR SOLID TIMBER MEMBERS IN FLOORS, CEILINGS AND ROOFS FOR DWELLINGS' OR ASK YOUR BUILDING CONTROL OFFICER FOR ADVICE.

WALLS BELOW GROUND
All new walls to have Class A blockwork below ground level or alternatively semi engineering brickwork in 1:4 masonry cement or equal approved specification. Cavities below ground level to be filled with lean mix concrete min 225mm below damp proof course. Or provide lean mix backfill at base of cavity wall (150mm below damp course) laid to fall to weepholes.

FULL FILL CAVITY WALL
To achieve minimum U Value of 0.28W/m²K
20mm two coat sand/cement render to comply to BS EN 13914-1:2005 with waterproof additive on 100mm lightweight block, K value 0.16, (Aircrete, Celcon solar, Topblock Toplite Standard). Fully fill the cavity with 85mm Dritherm32 cavity insulation as manufacturer's spec. Inner leaf to be 100mm lightweight, K value 0.16, (Aircrete, Celcon solar, Topblock toplite standard). Internal finish to be 12.5 mm plasterboard on dabs. Walls to be built with 1:1:6 cement mortar.

FULL FILL CAVITY WALL
To achieve minimum U Value of 0.28W/m²K
New cavity wall to comprise of 105mm facing brick to match existing. Full fill the cavity with 85mm Dritherm32 cavity insulation as manufacturer's details. Inner leaf to be 100mm lightweight block, K value 0.16, (Aircrete, Celcon solar, Topblock toplite standard). Internal finish to be 12.5mm plasterboard on dabs. Walls to be built with 1:1:6 cement mortar.

DPC
Provide horizontal strip polymer (hyload) damp proof course to both internal and external skins minimum 150mm above external ground level. New DPC to be made continuous with existing DPC's and with floor DPM. Vertical DPC to be installed at all reveals where cavity is closed.

WALL TIES
All walls constructed using stainless steel vertical twist type retaining wall ties built in at 750mm ctrs horizontally, 450mm vertically and 225mm ctrs at reveals and corners in staggered rows. Wall ties to be suitable for cavity width and in accordance with BS 5628-6.1: 1996 and BS EN 845-1: 2003

CAVITIES
Provide cavity trays over openings. All cavities to be closed at eaves and around openings using Thermabate or similar non combustible insulated cavity closers. Provide vertical DPCs around openings and abutments. All cavity trays must have 150mm upstands and suitable cavity weep holes (min 2) at max 900mm centres.

EXISTING TO NEW WALL
Cavities in new wall to be made continuous with existing where possible to ensure continuous weather break. If a continuous cavity cannot be achieved, where new walls abuts the existing walls provide a movement joint with vertical DPC. All tied into existing construction with suitable proprietary stainless steel profiles.

BACKGROUND AND PURGE VENTILATION
Background ventilation - Controllable background ventilation via trickle vents to BS EN 13141-3 within the window frame to be provided to new habitable rooms at a rate of min 5000mm²; and to kitchens, bathrooms, WCs and utility rooms at a rate of 2500mm²
Purge ventilation - New Windows/rooflights to have openable area in excess of 1/20th of their floor area, if the window opens more than 30° or 1/10th of their floor area if the window opens less than 30°
Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation.
Ventilation provision in accordance with the Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide.

EXTRACT FOR SHOWER ROOM
Provide mechanical extract ventilation to shower room ducted to external air capable of extracting at a rate of not less than 15 litres per second. Vent to be connected to light switch and to have 15 minute over run if no window in the room. Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation. Ventilation provision in accordance with the Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide. Intermittent extract fans to BS EN 13141-4. All fixed mechanical ventilation systems, where they can be tested and adjusted, shall be commissioned and a commissioning notice given to the Building Control Body.

EXTRACT TO W/C
W/C to have mechanical ventilation ducted to external air with an extract rating of 15l/s operated via the light switch. Vent to have a 15min overrun if no window in room. Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation. Ventilation provision in accordance with the Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide. Intermittent extract fans to BS EN 13141-4. All fixed mechanical ventilation systems, where they can be tested and adjusted, shall be commissioned and a commissioning notice given to the Building Control Body.

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ARCHITECTURAL SERVICES AND SURVEYORS

Project. PROPOSED EXTENSION AT 27 STAINCROSS COMMON BARNSLEY, S75 6JD	Client. MR & MRS CHAN
Drawing Title. PLANS AND ELEVATIONS	Date. MARCH 2015 / Scale. 1:50 & 1:100 @ A1
	Ref. 12-080 / Dwg. No. 05 / Rev. B

Date	Suffix	Description	Date	Suffix	Description
05/05/2015	A	ELEVATIONS REVISED			
18/08/2015	B	REVISED FOR NON-MATERIAL AMENDMENT			