

Dearne Valley Project Botanical Survey – Wombwell Ings

As a follow up to the initial botanical surveys carried out in 2018 and 2019 of the sites to be affected by the Dearne Valley's National Lottery Heritage Fund project "Giving Nature a Home in the Dearne", Heather Bennett carried out a further botanical surveys of Wombwell Ings ahead of the work commencing on this site in autumn/winter 2020. The survey followed the proposed line of the new inner perimeter ditch and the purpose was to ensure that no rare or notable plants would be affected by this work. All of the areas that might be affected were surveyed in June and September 2020, and abundance was scored using a DAFOR scale (Dominant, Abundant, Frequent, Occasional, Rare).

There are no UK BAP Priority species, nor any rare or notable species.

Species List: Wombwell Ings 17 th June 2020		
Scientific Name	Common Name	Frequency
<i>Alopecurus pratensis</i>	Meadow Foxtail	D
<i>Poa annua</i>	Annual Meadow-grass	A
<i>Ranunculus acris</i>	Meadow Buttercup	A
<i>Cirsium arvense</i>	Creeping Thistle	F
<i>Trifolium pratense</i>	Red Clover	F
<i>Trifolium repens</i>	White Clover	F
<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>	Cock's-foot	F
<i>Poa pratensis</i>	Smooth Meadow-grass	F
<i>Poa trivialis</i>	Rough Meadow-grass	F
<i>Alopecurus geniculatus</i>	Marsh Foxtail	F
<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	Ribwort Plantain	F
<i>Sanguisorba officinalis</i>	Great Burnet	F
<i>Lathyrus pratensis</i>	Meadow Vetchling	F
<i>Senecio jacobaea</i>	Ragwort	F
<i>Centaurea nigra</i>	Knapweed	O
<i>Bromus hordeaceus</i>	Soft Brome	O
<i>Ranunculus repens</i>	Creeping Buttercup	O
<i>Holcus lanatus</i>	Yorkshire-fog	O
<i>Urtica dioica</i>	Nettle	O
<i>Taraxacum officinale</i> agg.	Dandelion	O
<i>Rumex crispus</i>	Curled Dock	O
<i>Rumex obtusifolius</i>	Broad-leaved Dock	O
<i>Rumex acetosa</i>	Common Sorrel	O
<i>Agrostis stolonifera</i>	Creeping Bent	O
<i>Plantago major</i>	Greater Plantain	O
<i>Juncus inflexus</i>	Hard Rush	O
<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>	Bird's-foot Trefoil	O
<i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	Hawthorn	O
<i>Luzula campestris</i>	Field Woodrush	O
<i>Potentilla anserina</i>	Silverweed	O
<i>Equisetum arvense</i>	Common Horsetail	O
<i>Rumex acetosa</i>	Common Sorrel	O
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	Yarrow	R
<i>Cynosurus cristatus</i>	Crested Dog's-tail	R
<i>Arrhenatherum elatius</i>	False Oat-grass	R
<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>	Shepherd's-purse	R
<i>Matricaria discoidea</i>	Pineappleweed	R
<i>Bellis perennis</i>	Daisy	R
<i>Heracleum sphondylium</i>	Hogweed	R
<i>Vicia cracca</i>	Tufted Vetch	R
<i>Vicia sativa</i>	Common Vetch	R
<i>Cerastium fontanum</i>	Common Mouse-ear	R

<i>Epilobium hirsutum</i>	Great Willowherb	R
<i>Tanacetum vulgare</i>	Tansy	R
<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>	Knotgrass	R
<i>Odontites verna</i>	Red Bartsia	R
<i>Stellaria media</i>	Common Chickweed	R
<i>Stellaria graminea</i>	Lesser Stitchwort	R
<i>Achillea ptarmica</i>	Sneezewort	R
D = Dominant, A = Abundant, F = Frequent, O = Occasional, R = Rare		
Species List: Wombwell Ings 30th September 2020		
Scientific Name	Common Name	Frequency
<i>Poa pratensis</i>	Smooth Meadow-grass	D
<i>Poa trivialis</i>	Rough Meadow-grass	D
<i>Ranunculus acris</i>	Meadow Buttercup	A
<i>Potentilla anserina</i>	Silverweed	A
<i>Alopecurus pratensis</i>	Meadow Foxtail	F
<i>Odontites verna</i>	Red Bartsia	F
<i>Lathyrus pratensis</i>	Meadow Vetchling	F
<i>Agrostis stolonifera</i>	Creeping Bent	F
<i>Cirsium arvense</i>	Creeping Thistle	O
<i>Trifolium pratense</i>	Red Clover	O
<i>Sanguisorba officinalis</i>	Great Burnet	O
<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	Ribwort Plantain	O
<i>Senecio jacobaea</i>	Ragwort	O
<i>Bromus hordeaceus</i>	Soft Brome	O
<i>Urtica dioica</i>	Nettle	O
<i>Rumex obtusifolius</i>	Broad-leaved Dock	O
<i>Plantago major</i>	Greater Plantain	O
<i>Juncus inflexus</i>	Hard Rush	O
<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>	Bird's-foot Trefoil	O
<i>Arrhenatherum elatius</i>	False Oat-grass	O
<i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	Hawthorn	O
<i>Luzula campestris</i>	Field Woodrush	O
<i>Equisetum arvense</i>	Common Horsetail	O
<i>Rumex acetosa</i>	Common Sorrel	O
<i>Stellaria graminea</i>	Lesser Stitchwort	O
<i>Cardamine pratensis</i>	Cuckooflower	O
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	Yarrow	O
<i>Rumex crispus</i>	Curled Dock	R
<i>Cerastium fontanum</i>	Common Mouse-ear	R
<i>Holcus lanatus</i>	Yorkshire-fog	R
<i>Tanacetum vulgare</i>	Tansy	R
<i>Lactuca serriola</i>	Prickly Lettuce	R
<i>Carex vulpina</i>	True Fox-sedge	R
<i>Trifolium dubium</i>	Lesser Trefoil	R
<i>Phragmites australis</i>	Common Reed	R
<i>Typha latifolia</i>	Reedmace	R
<i>Mentha aquatica</i>	Water Mint	R
<i>Crassula helmsii</i>	New Zealand Pygmyweed	R
<i>Rubus fruticosus agg.</i>	Bramble	R
D = Dominant, A = Abundant, F = Frequent, O = Occasional, R = Rare		

There are two main things to note from these surveys. The first is that the September survey includes some aquatic plants such as the invasive non-native species *Crassula helmsii* as well as

reedmace and common reed. This is because the new ditch had been marked out on the ground at this point and so it was absolutely clear where the ditch would be falling, and in some cases passes by an existing ditch or wet area. Crassula has been specified as a biohazard on the construction phase plan for the contractors carrying out the project work on Wombwell Ings which includes washing all machines down in a designated area. The contractors appointed are the Environment Agency, and they are well versed in working with the presence of this species in the Dearne Valley.

The second point is that Great Burnet is a declining plant species (though not a BAP or rare species), and whilst a small proportion of the Great Burnet plants on Wombwell Ings will be affected by the works, it is very common on the site (as well as at Old Moor) as indicated by the photos below, taken on Wombwell Ings on the 17th June when carrying out the botanical survey.



Photos taken on Wombwell Ings (17/06/2020) shows that the Great Burnet plant is abundant on the reserve, most of which is excluded from the project work area.