



CERTIFICATE OF LAWFUL USE OR DEVELOPMENT

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990 SECTIONS 192 (as amended)
Town and Country Planning General Permitted Development Order 2015 (as amended)

APPLICATION NO. 2026/0669

To NTA Planning Consultants LLP
Clarendon House
Victoria Avenue
Harrogate
HG1 1JD
United Kingdom

Barnsley Metropolitan Borough Council hereby certify that the development described in the First Schedule hereto, in respect of the land specified in the Second Schedule hereto and edged red on the plan submitted as part of this application, would be lawful within the meaning of Section 192 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended), for the following reasons;

- The proposed development will comply with the legislation and requirements for permitted development under Class M, Part 7 of Schedule 2 of the GPDO, and therefore, a lawful development certificate should be granted.

First Schedule:

Lawful Development Certificate for the proposed construction of a detached single storey building comprising three classrooms (Schedule 2, Part 7, Class M).

Second Schedule:

Wigfield Farm, Haverlands Lane, Worsbrough, Barnsley, S70 5NQ

The approval is subject on compliance with the following:

- 1 The development hereby permitted shall be carried out strictly in accordance with the approved plans:

WFC-SEV-ZZ-ZZ-D-A-00510-P01 Location Plan.

WFC-SEV-ZZ-ZZ-D-A-00515-P01 Proposed Site Plan.

WFC-SEV-ZZ-ZZ-D-A-00516-P01 Proposed Ground Floor Plan.

WFC-SEV-ZZ-ZZ-D-A-00518-P01 Proposed Roof Plan.

WFC-SEV-ZZ-ZZ-D-A-00520-P01 Proposed Elevations.

WFC-SEV-ZZ-ZZ-D-A-00521-P01 Proposed Section.

WFC-SEV-ZZ-ZZ-D-A-00524-P01 August 2026 College Curtilage Plan.

Planning Statement produced by NTA Planning Consultants LLP Ref. 1493 Rev. A dated August 2026.

and specifications as approved unless required by any other conditions in this permission.

Reason: In the interests of the visual amenities of the locality and in accordance with Local Plan Policy D1: High Quality Design and Place Making.

Informative(s):

1. The granting of planning permission does not in any way infer that consent of the landowner is given. Therefore, the consent of all relevant landowners is required before proceeding with any development, including that of the Council as landowner.

If it should transpire that the applicant does not own any of the land included in this consent, then it is the responsibility of the applicant to seek all necessary consents and approvals of the landowner.

2. It is recommended that measures are taken to prevent a nuisance/ or effect the quality of life of local residents. Please note that the Council's Pollution Control Team have a legal duty to investigate any complaints about noise, smoke or dust. No waste should be burnt. If a statutory nuisance is found to exist, they must serve an Abatement Notice under the Environmental Protection Act 1990. Failure to comply with the requirements of an Abatement Notice may result in a fine of up to £20,000 upon conviction in Magistrates' Court. It is therefore recommended that you give serious consideration to the steps that may be required to prevent a noise, dust or smoke nuisance from being created.
3. The applicant/contractor should note that to deposit mud/debris on the public highway, or anything which may cause a nuisance or possible danger to road users, is an offence under provisions of the Highways Act 1980.
4. The proposed development lies within an area that has been defined by the Mining Remediation Authority as containing coal mining features at surface or shallow depth. These features may include: mine entries (shafts and adits); shallow coal workings; geological features (fissures and break lines); mine gas and former surface mining sites. Although such features are seldom readily visible, they can often be present and problems can occur, particularly as a result of new development taking place.

Any form of development over or within the influencing distance of a mine entry can be dangerous and raises significant land stability and public safety risks. As a general precautionary principle, the Mining Remediation Authority considers that the building over or within the influencing distance of a mine entry should be avoided. In exceptional circumstance where this is unavoidable, expert advice must be sought to ensure a suitable engineering design which takes account of all relevant safety and environmental risk factors, including mine gas and mine-water. Your attention is drawn to the Mining Remediation Authority Policy in relation to new development and mine entries available at: Building on or within the influencing distance of mine entries - GOV.UK

Any intrusive activities which disturb or enter any coal seams, coal mine workings or coal mine entries (shafts and adits) requires a Mining Remediation Authority Permit. Such activities could include site investigation boreholes, excavations for foundations, piling activities, other ground works and any subsequent treatment of coal mine workings and coal mine entries for ground stability purposes. Application forms for Mining Remediation Authority permission and further guidance can be obtained from The Mining Remediation Authority's website at: www.gov.uk/get-

a-permit-to-deal-with-a-coal-mine-on-your-property What is a permit and how to get one? - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk).

In areas where shallow coal seams are present caution should be taken when carrying out any on site burning or heat focused activities.

If any future development has the potential to encounter coal seams which require excavating, for example excavation of building foundations, service trenches, development platforms, earthworks, non-coal mineral operations, an Incidental Coal Agreement will be required. Further information regarding Incidental Coal Agreements can be found here - <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications-incidental-coal-agreement/guidance-notes-for-applicants-for-incidental-coal-agreements>.

If any coal mining features are unexpectedly encountered during development, this should be reported immediately to the Mining Remediation Authority on 0800 288 4242. Further information is available on the Mining Remediation Authority website at: Mining Remediation Authority - GOV.UK.



Dated: 04 September 2026

Garry Hildersley

Head of Planning, Policy & Building Control
Growth & Sustainability Directorate

Please be aware that the Council monitors construction sites and open land within the vicinity of such sites in an attempt to prevent fly tipping (i.e. unauthorised deposit of waste on land), which is illegal under the Environmental Protection Act 1990. The penalties for fly-tipping can include:

- a fine of up to £50,000 and
- up to six months imprisonment on conviction.

Therefore, if necessary, please ensure that all demolition waste and waste associated with the construction of any development is disposed of via approved methods and that documents are retained to prove this.

Notes:

1. This certificate is issued solely for the purpose of section 192 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended)
2. It certifies that the operations matter specified in the First Schedule taking place on the land described in the Second Schedule would have been lawful on the specified date and thus, would not have been liable to enforcement action under section 172 of the 1990 Act on that date.
3. This certificate applies only to the extent of the operations described in the First Schedule and to the land specified in the Second Schedule and identified on the attached plan. Any operations which is materially different from that described or which relates to other land may render the owner or occupier liable to enforcement action.
4. The effect of the certificate is also qualified by the provision in section 192(4) of the 1990 Act, as amended, which states that the lawfulness of a described use or operation is only conclusively presumed where there has been no material change, before the use is instituted or the operations begun, in any of the matters relevant to determining such lawfulness.